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Germans Renew Offensive In Northern Sector

London, Aug. 7.

KEXHOLM, on the north-west shore of Lake Ladoga, was mentioned for the first time in last night's communique from Moscow, and it is assumed that the Germans and Finns are renewing their offensive on the Karelian Isthmus in an attempt to reach Leningrad from the north-west.

Germans Claim 4,000,000 Russian Casualties

Berlin, Aug. 7.

A Government spokesman yesterday claimed that on the basis of Soviet prisoners announced captured in special High Command communiques, the Red Armies must have lost approximately 4,000,000 men, of which 3,000,000 were killed.

The spokesman said that the Nazi victory in the Battle of Smolesk and the ensuing annihilation of pocketed Soviet armies would prove "decisive for the future of Europe and perhaps of the world."

Announcements of the High Command, the spokesman said, meant that the "decisive battle" of the Soviet-German war was now concluded.

Operations Proceeding

"In summarizing, one may state that operations on the eastern front are proceeding victoriously and have entered a new and decisive stage," the spokesman said.

Reports from D.N.B., official German news agency, however, indicated that fighting was proceeding in Russia with customary severity. German "storm artillery" was said to be active against Russians pocketed south of Kiev.

The artillery also was reported to have knocked out a number of Soviet bunkers.

D.N.B. said that in the Ukraine German-Rumanian forces were achieving "new successes."

The High Command, in a series of special communiques, claimed German victories along the entire front.

Battle of Smolensk

Nazi armed forces fought the battle of Smolensk to a victorious conclusion, the High Command said, and now were moving forward in vast new operations with Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev as their goal.

The High Command said that seven weeks fighting had carried the German armies "to the gates of Kiev" and "beyond Smolensk."

Soviet losses were placed at 895,000 prisoners and uncounted dead, 13,000 tanks, 10,388 cannon and 9,082 planes. —United Press.

Nazi Demand for Bases From Vichy Reported

London, Aug. 7.

The official Russian news agency, Tass, reported from Berne today that Germany had handed an ultimatum to Vichy, expiring on August 10, demanding military bases at Casablanca and Dakar.

Vichy, the agency reported, had rejected the demands on August 3, after which the Germans began intriguing in an effort to overthrow Marshal Philippe Petain and Admiral Francois Darlan.

Admiral Darlan, Tass added, was prepared to surrender Algiers and Casablanca if the Germans would renounce their claims to Dakar.—United Press.

Winant Pays Tribute To Merchant Marine

London, Aug. 7.

Tribute to the work of the British merchant navy is paid by the United States Ambassador to Great Britain, Mr. John Gilbert Winant, in a message in which he says: "Your quiet bravery in carrying cargo to your country in the past two years has appealed to those millions of Americans who are your friends. People the world over who have the cause of the democracy at heart can only say 'we thank you'. The history of the future will record this great battle for freedom. Many of its pages will likely be reserved for the British merchant navy."—Reuter.

Thailand Trusts Both Britain, Japan

Singapore, Aug. 7.

Commenting on the Far Eastern crisis, Bangkok radio reiterated that both Britain and Japan were pledged to respect Thailand's integrity and that Thailand trusted both. The announcer added: "Thailand is strong enough to protect herself and has no need for any nation to come to protect her. We are not like Indo-China, which the French admitted was weak."—Reuter.

In another raid on Moscow last night, the Germans are stated to have lost six machines to the loss of one Russian night fighter. The pilot of this machine rammed a German bomber and escaped by parachute. The Russians say that isolated planes broke through the defences of the capital. Some casualties were caused and there were fires in houses, but they were quickly put out.

Nazis Digging in

Messages from Moscow report that the Germans are digging themselves in on the Smolensk front and this is regarded as concession of failure in their advance on the road to Moscow. The Soviet High Command is confident that the Germans will reach neither Kiev nor Leningrad, let alone Moscow itself.

Commenting on yesterday's German special communiques, the Swiss paper, the "Neue Zuercher Nachrichten," writes:—"If the figures given correspond to facts, it appears doubly miraculous that the Red Army is fighting just the same without signs of exhaustion."

The Berlin correspondent of the "Gazette de Lausanne" states:"It is natural that yesterday's special communiques should raise public moral after these long weeks of silence, but for our part we have not observed any new fact in these military statements which, however, officially confirm the Russian army's importance and powers of resistance which nobody dared to predict."—Reuter.

Stalin Motor Works Still Operating

Moscow, Aug. 7.

Correspondents yesterday inspected the Stalin Motor Works, one of Russia's largest, and found thousands of men working, in contradiction of a Berlin radio claim of utter destruction of the plant.

The plant director said that broken windows were the only damage to the works. Fire fighters extinguished many incendiary bombs, the director said.—United Press.

Nazi Communique

Berlin, Aug. 7.

Despite the desperate courage of the Russians and their extreme sacrifices for almost four weeks, the German Army has triumphed in the battle of Smolensk and obtained a decision which must be of paramount importance for the continuation of German military operations, the High Command announced today in a special communique describing the battle.

Smolensk, the communique revealed, was captured at the point of the bayonet on July 16 despite the extreme tenacity of the Russian defenders.

The Germans continued to hold the gateway to Moscow against continued fierce attacks by the Reds, the communique added.

Break-Through Alleged

With the fall of Smolensk, the Germans extended their breakthrough to the south-east, east and northeast. In strenuous marches and determined fighting these German forces covered the flanks of the German wedge which was exposed to incessant attacks by the Russians, the communique related.

The Russians were then encircled. The main forces were broken up by German panzer units, but sufficiently strong groups of Bolsheviks remained to offer the Germans battle, the communique continued.

The German air force effectively cooperated in overcoming Russian bunkers, artillery positions and tanks, the communique reported.

Twin Battles

Even before the conclusion of the twin battles of Bialystok and Minsk, advance units of the German Army and S. S. forces drove to the strongly defended Stalin Line running behind the Dnieper and Upper Dvina the communique described.

As a result of terrific thrusts the Germans succeeded in overcoming the powerful fortified bases at Mogilev, Orsha, Vitebsk and Polock and formed bridgeheads on both sides of the latter town, the communique asserted.

On July 11, Vitebsk was captured and the Dnieper sector to the south of Mogilev and Orsha was penerated despite stiff resistance through the German plan of moving in the direction of the river by means of local surprise actions, the communique disclosed.—United Press.

Reich Faces Oil Shortage Unless Caucasia Taken

London, Aug. 7.

AN oil expert told the United Press today that "if Germany does not get the Caucasian oilfields by next spring, she will either have to cut down her industrial production or reduce her military operations."

The expert added that Germany was not suffering any real oil shortage at present.

Decreased Consumption

He pointed out that German occupied territories, which before the war consumed 16,000,000 tons of petroleum each year, now probably consumed about 3,000,000 tons annually.

He also said that the home consumption of Germany and Italy was reduced, but pointed out that Germany's synthetic production of fuel oil was probably increasing and was British bombing raids.

He said that such a situation must be realized because Germany had moved plants and constructed new ones in far-off eastern Germany and Czechoslovakia.

The expert said that the "total European intake of synthetic and natural oil only was slightly large than the total wartime consumption of Germany and Italy, leaving a very sub-normal volume for the occupied territories."

He declared that owing to the Russian campaign, Germany now was obliged to draw substantially on her oil reserves.

"This substantial withdrawal from the oil stocks is likely to continue while operations proceed on anything like the present scale. The restriction of oil consumption in occupied countries has reached rock bottom and is becoming increasingly rigid in Germany and Italy."—United Press.

No Light on Churchill, FDR Meeting

Washington, Aug. 7.

Speculation whether President Roosevelt and Mr. Winston Churchill and aides were in conference some where off the north Atlantic coast increased in the capital late last night as it was reported that the President's highest military and naval advisers were absent from Washington.

Colonel Frank Knox, Secretary of Navy, Admiral Harold R. Stark, Chief of Naval Operations, General George C. Marshall, Chief of Staff, and Maj.-General Harry H. Arnold, Assistant Chief of Staff, who controls the Air Corps, were mysteriously missing from the capital.

Knox "Discovered"

Col. Knox was the only one who could be located. He was discovered to be in York Harbour, Maine, although he left last Saturday by plane, presumably to spend a week at his home in Manchester, New Hampshire.

It was learned that he had not been in Manchester, but that he arrived in York Harbour only last Tuesday, after which he inspected the Portsmouth navy yard.

Col. Knox was understood to have made arrangements to proceed to Manchester today.

Admiral Stark was said to be away from Washington on leave, but the Navy Department said that it had no knowledge of his whereabouts. The War Department also said that the whereabouts of Generals Marshall and Arnold was "not known." It was learned, however, that they were not here.—United Press.

Speculation Rife

Washington, Aug. 7.

Churchill and Roosevelt were almost the sole topic of conversation again yesterday, but no single gleam of light has been allowed by any official here to illuminate the mystery.

No curtain of secrecy has ever been more tightly drawn over the movements of either Mr. Churchill or Mr. Roosevelt for such extended time.

The man-in-the-street now accepts as a fact that a meeting is taking place—the commonly held theory being that President Roosevelt, who never flies, has been speeded to rendezvous in a warship, which was met by a plane carrying the Prime Minister.

No Risk

Many, however, think that neither Mr. Churchill nor Mr. Roosevelt would risk being caught in a surface vessel, and it seems more likely that the latter went to his summer home in Campobello, which is actually across the border just into Canada, to which place Mr. Churchill could proceed by plane in a matter of hours.

This would also avoid the political implications of the British Premier setting foot on United States soil, as he would still be in the Empire.

There is fervent hope in many quarters here that the two men have met, because it is felt that nothing could be better at this time than complete understanding, established face to face, between these two great world leaders who are combining to wipe Hitlerism off the map.—Reuter.

Mystery Deepens

New York, Aug. 7.

With officials in Washington and London silent, mystery continued yesterday over the alleged Roosevelt-Churchill meeting.

The newest unconfirmed version said that President Roosevelt, on the open sea, was transferred to a fast cruiser which sped him to a rendezvous with Mr. Winston Churchill, British Prime Minister.

It also was rumoured that Mr. Harry Hopkins, coordinator of the United States aid programme, and Mr. William L. Mackenzie King, Canadian Prime Minister, were participating in the conference.

The fact that the alleged meeting was nowhere officially denied was considered by most observers to be confirmation that it either actually had occurred or was impending.—United Press.

Roosevelt Continues Holiday

Washington, Aug. 7.

A message from the yacht Potomac yesterday afternoon said that President Roosevelt is enjoying his cruise off the coast of New England.

The brief communication did not mention the rumoured meeting with Mr. Winston Churchill.—Reuter.

Russian, Japanese Strength in Far East

London, Aug. 7.

Some facts were given here today about the strength of the Russian and Japanese forces in the Far East.

In Siberia, the Russians maintain some of their most highly trained and best equipped troops. There are three armies along the Chinese and Manchoukuo borders, with considerable concentrations round Vladivostok. The total strength of these forces is roughly 1,000,000.

Facing these Russian forces, Japan has about 250,000 men in Manchoukuo and Northern Korea. For some time now, this garrison has been steadily reinforced. At the same time, the Japanese are reported to be concentrating a force between Harbin and the northern border of Korea about 100 miles from Vladivostok.—Reutet.

Canadian Works Get Orders for Planes

Ottawa, Aug. 7.

New orders for 1,000 Hurricane and Harvard fighters are being placed with Canadian factories, according to an announcement by Mr. C. D. Howe, the Canadian Minister of Munitions, yesterday.

It is reported, though hitherto without confirmation, that the United States Government will buy the machines under the Lease-Lend Act for China, the Netherlands East Indies, and possibly Russia.—Reufer.

German Prisoners in Russian Hands

Despite German claims to the contrary, large numbers of Nazi soldiers have been captured by the Russians. This picture, which comes from Moscow, shows some of them being marched to the camp in which they will spend the rest of the war.

Eden Warns Japan Against Any Move on Thailand

London, Aug. 7.

MR. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, speaking in the war debate in the House of Commons yesterday, said it was true that there had been a shift in the balance of the war as a result of the German invasion of Russia.

"That shift has had another consequence within Germany herself," he said: "Hitler by his completely unprovoked action has to some extent crossed and confused the fate of his own people. He brought them up on the belief that Communism was an enemy. He made a complete change of front when two years ago he entered into an arrangement with Soviet Russia. He has now asked his people to follow him in yet another change. Inevitably, as can be seen and even felt in terms of the communiques, that action has crossed and confused German faith in its own war purpose.

"Reference have been made to my speech a few days ago and to the distinction which I there sought to draw in our post-war settlements between military treatment of Germany and economic treatment of Germany. Militarily, every precaution that can be devised to see that Germany does not for the sixth time plunge Europe into war has got to be taken (cheers). It may be that in Germany there will eventually grow up a spirit different from this thing which has created Hitler and supports him. But we cannot afford to take any risk in that respect (cheers). On that there can be no wavering.

"Economically, the position is different. To put it at its lowest, it would be to our disadvantage and to Europe's that Germany should be economically ruined after the war.

Further Improvement Seen

"The British Government realize that this state of affairs creates an opportunity for political warfare. We have made certain changes recently in the work for co-ordination and for operation of our political warfare. I believe these changes will bring further improvement. It is certainly true that we are now entering a period of greater opportunities than we have had before for political warfare and I can assure you that so far as the Government is concerned we realize the opportunity has been given.

"It is true, as Mr. Attlee has said, that there is war on two fronts and it is true in a sense that there is already war in the air—I would say, in actual fact, on more than two fronts, for the Mediterranean is a third front in which a very vigorous war at sea and in the air is at this moment taking place.

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

U.S. Watching Orient With Concern—Hull

Washington, Aug. 7.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, at a press conference yesterday stated that any further move southward by Japan would be a matter of increasing concern to the United States Government, and stressed that America's policy had been set forth in a statement by Mr. Sumner Welles, Under-Secretary of State, on July 24.

Asked to explain the United States attitude in connection with Mr. Anthony Eden's statement in the House of Commons, Mr. Hull said that the United States Government had frequently made plain its concern regarding steps to carry out a policy of conquest by force on the part of certain Powers, and added that this included the Pacific area.

Mr. Hull refused to indicate, however, what concrete measures the United States was prepared to take in the event of fresh developments in the Far East. He merely said that such a development would give rise to increasing concern on the part of the United States Government.

No Evacuation Steps

Mr. Hull declined to say whether the United States had communicated her view to Thailand, and also said that the State Department had not received anything official regarding the Japanese protest to Ecuador.

When asked about a report that Mr. Alfred Duff-Cooper, former British Minister of Information who is on a special mission to the Far East, will visit Washington, Mr. Hull said that although he could not say definitely, he had heard that Mr. Duff-Cooper may pass through within the next few days en route to the Far East.

Mr. Hull indicated that no steps had been taken to evacuate Americans in Japan and emphasized that it required some time to carry out the necessary preliminary investigations.—Domei.

Action Against Firms In N. China Discussed

London, Aug. 7.

Some interference with British firms in North China had resulted from action taken by the Japanese by way of reprisal for the freezing of Japanese assets in British territory, said Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons yesterday.

No information had been received to indicate that any property belonging to British firms had been seized.

The situation, said Mr. Eden, was being closely watched by the local British authorities.—Reuter.

Britain to Recognize Ethiopian Independence

London, Aug. 7.

It was the intention of the British Government to recognise the independence of Ethiopia as soon as the military situation permitted, said Mr. Eden, Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons yesterday.

Such recognition, Mr. Eden explained, would naturally be followed by the establishment of a diplomatic arrangement.

The evacuation of a large number of Italian civilians was proceeding, but this was governed by communications and transport.—Reuter.

Fascist Leader Dies

Rome Aug. 7.

General Salvatore Libutti, Administrative director at the headquarters of the Fascist Militia, died here yesterday of heart failure.

Gen. Libutti fought in the World War, in Ethiopia and Albania and was decorated with the silver medal of valour.—United Press.

Japanese Swiftly Occupying Whole of Southern Indo-China

Saigon, Aug. 7.

A superficial lull continues to reign in the political atmosphere of southern Indo-China, Japanese disembarkations tax the port facilities to their utmost and an unceasing stream of truck convoys roll westward.

Almost the whole vast concentration of vehicles visible yesterday at the Saigon docks has disappeared today, as troopships again took momentary precedence in discharging new thousands of troops.

The passage of troops and material is being expedited in the speediest manner, with only a minimum number of detachments remaining in Saigon. Service corps are rapidly installing military telephone lines between all important occupation centres and offices.

It is understood the Mekong Ferry, on the road to Pnom Penh, is acting as a serious bottleneck since it limits the passage of trucks to only 80 daily.

The Japanese are commandeering large numbers of barges and junks, and a considerable quantity of material is being shipped up the Mekong.

The spasmodic attacks of the Japanese press against Thailand are causing speculation here of the ultimate intentions of Japanese troops in Cambodia.—Reuter.

All Bases Occupied

Vichy, Aug. 7.

Despatches to the Paris press from Shanghai yesterday quoted the French General staff in Indo-China as stating that disembarkation of Japanese troops in Indo-China had ended.

Japanese troops were occupying all bases, according to the Franco-Japanese joint defence agreement, the despatches said, adding that the move was carried out "with perfect calm."—United Press.

Nazi Peace Proposal To Britain?

New York, Aug. 7.

Unconfirmed reports carried by the National Broadcasting Company from Ankara state that Hitler has offered Britain peace proposals involving the withdrawal of German armies from Western Europe, but maintaining his position in the Balkans.—Reuter.

Britain and U.S. Said Urging Siam To Stand Firm

Washington, Aug. 7.

Responsible sources here yesterday said that the United States and Britain in parallel representations had urged Thailand to take a firm stand against Japanese demands for military bases.

The United States and Britain also were said to have promised Thailand war supplies in the event of a Japanese attack.

Thailand was urged to "take a strong and independent" attitude toward Japan, said reliable sources.

New Reprisals

The disclosure was made soon after the United States, hinting at new reprisals, warned Japan to stay out of Thailand, which was considered the potential powder keg of the Far East.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, at his press conference said that a Japanese thrust into Thailand would be a matter of increasing concern to the United States.—United Press.

Being Forced to Decision

Bangkok, Aug. 7.

Despite the absence of press comment and official reiteration of strict neutrality, the general feeling prevailed here today that Anglo-Japanese propaganda and counter-propaganda was forcing Thailand to make up her mind and choose between the two.

An official source dubbed a London report that Japan had requested bases as a 'feeler, or the usual don't' warning."

Official denial of the presence of a British battleship in the Gulf of Siam followed the comment concerning bases.

The Minister of Finance yesterday evening issued a communique denying a local rumour that the United States was freezing Thai credits.

So far it could not be learned whether Thailand had received a request for joint defence from either Japan or Britain.—United Press.

Thailand Alert

Bangkok, Aug. 7.

It is officially announced that the tank headquarters of the Thailand eastern army has been established at Batambong. Contingents of mechanized troops and a large police already have taken up positions in the territory ceded to Thailand by Indo-China.—Reuter.

"No Designs on Thailand"

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The "Japan Times and Advertiser" today said in its evening edition that Japan had no designs on Thailand.

"By raising the bogey of Japan, Britain really camouflages its plan to take aggressive action for the strengthening of Singapore through the creation of advance bases at the expense of Thailand's independence," it alleged.—United Press.

Burma, China Ready

Singapore, Aug. 7.

In Burma and south China, all preparations are ready to smash any Japanese attempt to cut the Burma road or to move farther eastward, states an announcement by the local office of the Ministry of Information.—Reuter.

Japanese Said Preparing To Leave Singapore

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

As a sequel to the freezing of Japanese assets major Japanese firms in Singapore are rapidly reducing their staffs, while Japanese residents confer almost daily to decide how to evacuate in the case of an emergency, according to a Japanese news agency report. Many women and children are said to have been sent to Bangkok to evacuate on ships leaving for Japan.—Reuter.

Frankfurt, Mannheim Pounded by R.A.F.

London, Aug. 7.

THE Royal Air Force last night again took as their main objectives Frankfurt, Mannheim and Karlsruhe for the second raid in two days. A considerable weight of bombs was dropped on each city.

More large fires were started. The weather was even worse than on the previous night. Eight British aircraft are missing from these operations.

The docks at Calais were also bombed, and aircraft of the Fighter Command this morning carried out several offensive sweeps against enemy aerodromes.

One fighter is missing.

Planes of the Coastal Command torpedoed an enemy ship off the Norwegian coast during the night and also bombed an aerodrome in Norway. One machine of the Coastal Command was lost.

In daylight yesterday, Blenheim bombers attacked a small convoy off the coast of Holland. One of the ships was seen to be down by the stern with smoke pouring out of her.

Right up to the last minute of daylight yesterday, British fighters attacked enemy aerodromes. At one airfield, ten or twelve German planes were riddled with machine-gun bullets and shells. Another target hit in the course of the offensive was a coastal radio station and an anti-aircraft battery. Four enemy fighters were shot down and one British fighter was lost.

Enemy air activity over Britain last night was on a small scale. A few casualties were caused in east and south-east England. Two German machines were destroyed.

Hounding of Scharnhorst

"Heavily shrouded with camouflage netting, the German battlecruiser Scharnhorst, Admiral Raeder's chronic invalid ship, is back at Brest after an uncomfortable time at La Pallice, 240 miles further south," writes the "Daily Express" Naval Correspondent.

"The correspondent adds: "Battered by the R.A.F. at both ports, the vessel is still just a liability to the German Navy, as she has been for the last four months. Apparently she is undergoing repairs and has sneaked back to Brest because facilities there are much better than at La Pallice, where the drydock is not long enough to take her.

"Safe" Port

"When she steamed there under cover of darkness 14 days ago, the Nazis calculated that she would be safer there than at Brest, which is only 120 miles from the English coast. Probably they hoped to refit her to resume commerce raiding in the Atlantic.

"But as soon as she tied up at the jetty at La Pallice, the R.A.F. were after her. She was heavily attacked on her first and second days at the "safer" port. Stirling and Halifax bombers made direct hits in brilliant daylight raids.

"That she has been able to go to sea at all after that will surprise laymen, but heavily armoured ships of her type can stand a great deal of serious damage and still keep afloat." —Reuter.

Middle East Operations

Cairo, Aug. 7.

The British R.A.F. Middle East communique issued yesterday states: "Bomber aircraft of the R.A.F. and South African Air Force made a series of attacks on landing grounds

[Reuter.

(Continued on page 2, col. 3 *)

Bruno Mussolini Killed

Rome, Aug. 7.

Captain Bruno Mussolini, second eldest son of Premier Benito Mussolini, was killed this morning in a plane crash, it was officially announced here today.

The 26-year-old veteran of the Spanish, Ethiopian and Greek campaigns died near Pisa at 10 a.m. when a new type of plane he was testing crashed.

An expert aviator, having learned to fly while still in his teens, Capt. Bruno is survived by a wife and daughter.—United Press.

British Troops in Crete Continue to Harass Nazis

London, Aug. 7.

One thousand British soldiers, who failed to escape from Crete two months ago, are still putting up guerrilla resistance against the German occupying force, according to the "Daily Telegraph's" Alexandria correspondent.

They are living in caves with islanders and are making sorties and ambushes whenever their superior knowledge of the country enables them to surprise Nazi patrols.

Escape from the island, the correspondent continues, is impossible, as all boats are either closely guarded or destroyed.

Crete is largely garrisoned by the youngest German troops recently drafted from the Hitler Youth movement.

Fear of cholera and raids by British troops has caused the Germans to place their troops in cantonments covering strategic points and they are making no effort to police the craggy, mountainous island as a whole.—Reuter.

Free French Regard New Vichy Move Suspiciously

London, Aug. 7.

General Maxime Weygand, Vichy's delegate-general in North Africa, will in future receive orders of the French Government directly from Admiral Francois Darlan, Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister, according to the Free French paper "France," published in London.

The journal states that a decree was published in Vichy yesterday under which Admiral Darlan henceforth "assumes full responsibility for the Government's general policy relating to Africa."

The above report is viewed in Free French circles here with some apprehension. It is pointed out that this move may be merely another round in Admiral Darlan's personal tug of war with General Weygand, who recently took over the function of the Governor-General of Algiers, previously held by Admiral Darlan's nominee, Admiral Abrial.

Further Concessions?

On the other hand, the possibility that the move is part of a manœuvre to pave the way for further concessions to Germany cannot be excluded. In any case, it is regarded as considerably weakening the value of Vichy's protestations to the United States regarding her intentions to defend her empire.

Free French circles point out that the Vichy Government has been faced with a disguised threat from Berlin in the past ten days to allow the Paris Fascist factions to overthrow the Vichy Cabinet. On the eve of leaving for Paris to re-start the negotiations with the Germans, Admiral Darlan seems to have persuaded Marshal Philippe Petain that he must have full powers to make the best bargain possible without having to risk possible subsequent opposition from General Weygand, who is credited with a more intransigent attitude towards Germany than Admiral Darlan himself.—Reuter.

Senate Defeats Service Limit Proposal

Washington, Aug. 7.

The Senate, by a vote of 50 to 21, yesterday defeated a Republican proposal to limit extension of service of draftees to one year instead of 18 months as the War Department requested.—United Press.

Threat to Malaya Increased Says British G.O.C.

Singapore, Aug. 7.

MAJOR-GENERAL A. E. Percival, General Officer Commanding Malaya, at a press conference yesterday said that Japanese occupation of French Indo-China increased the military threat to Malaya.

Should Japan decide to occupy Thailand, said Gen. Percival, the threat would obviously be increased. Therefore, he said, it was of the utmost importance to maintain the highest standards of defence efficiency and it was most important that Britain "keep in step" with United States Far Eastern policy, which had a tremendous influence on Japanese policy.

Gen. Percival said that the Philippine Army's incorporation into the United States Far Eastern forces under command of Lieutenant-General Douglas MacArthur was an excellent scheme because "for defence of any country a single command obviously is more efficient."

Gen. Percival has just completed a tour of Malaya. "It was a great education to see the Empire army's keenness and fitness," he said.

Arduous Training

He said that without exception, British, Australian, Indian and Asiatic troops all realized the importance of defending Malaya. Events of the past fortnight had done much to make the troops realize that the arduous Malayan training had a real meaning, Gen. Percival said.

Gen. Percival said that reinforcements would continue to arrive in Malaya as long as the Far Eastern situation developed, although he stressed that Britain definitely had no aggressive designs anywhere in the Far East.

He added that Malaya now was more important than ever before to the Empire. Therefore, he said, no effort would be spared to ensure the most adequate defences which now were sufficient to enable Malaya's self defence.

Keep in Step With U.S.

"However," said Gen. Percival, "it is of utmost importance that Britain and America keep in line and step by step, both politically and otherwise, because American policy undoubtedly has tremendous influence on Japanese policy in the Far East."

Gen. Percival declined to comment on "what's going to happen."

Apart from some disappointment in the Asiatic response to local recruitment, he indicated complete satisfaction with Malayan defences. Equipment, fitness and *moral* of all units were ready to meet any potential invader, he said.—United Press.

Ready for Action

Singapore, Aug. 7.

Sir Shenton Thomas, Governor of Singapore, yesterday in a speech at Penang said that forces in Malaya and Burma had been strongly reinforced and were ready to defend the Empire" against anything that may happen."—United Press.

China to Cooperate

Singapore, Aug. 7.

There is every desire on the part of China to cooperate with the British should hostilities break out in the Far East, declared Mr. H. J. Timperley, adviser to the Central Publicity Board of China and formerly Shanghai correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" on arrival here today on his way to London after a visit to Chungking.

He added that the importance was realized of taking every opportunity of improving and strengthening contacts with Malaya and India.—Reuter.

Hundred Japanese Planes Raid Lanchow

Chungking, Aug. 7.

One hundred Japanese aircraft bombed Lanchow, the capital of Kansu, yesterday, according to an unconfirmed report reaching here Chinese fighters are said to have engaged the raiders in a big air battle.—Reuter.

Hankow, Aug. 6.

Japanese forces on August 3 successfully carried out mopping-up operations against remnants of the new 13th and 16th Divisions of Chungking's Army entrenched in the mountains southwest of Juichang, in Kiangsi Province, field reports revealed.

The reports said that the routed enemy left behind 349 Chinese dead and six prisoners. Booty seized by the Japanese included four machine guns, 65 rifles and quantities of other arms and ammunition.—Domei.

Paoki Bombed Again

At A Japanese Army Air Base, Aug. 7.

Following yesterday's raid on Paoki, in western Shensi Province, Japanese Army air units at dawn this morning again attacked the city, severely bombing remaining military establishments and goods stored there. All planes returned safely to their base.—Domei.

Fighting Near Ichang

Chungking, Aug. 7.

Japanese forces in the vicinity of Ichang, on the Yangtze River above Hankow, are launching attacks on Chinese positions in an effort to disperse Chinese concentrations threatening the Japanese salient there, declared a military spokesman at this afternoon's press conference.

The Japanese attacks, he added, were repulsed with heavy losses.

Meanwhile, a Japanese column north of Ichang crossed the Wutu River and attacked Chinese positions on the west bank. The Japanese made local gains yesterday but a telephone message from the front today claims that the Chinese recaptured the lost ground and forced the Japanese back towards the river crossings.

While the Japanese were attacking on the north bank of the Yangtze River, the spokesman continued, Chinese forces on the south bank launched an attack on the night of August 5 and captured strategic points opposite Ichang. The spokesman stated that 6,000 Japanese troops in four columns attacked Hohsueh, a strategic town on the north bank of the Yangtze River between Ichang and Hankow in an attempt to disrupt Chinese communications between Ichang and Hankow. Apart from one Japanese column which reach a point five miles north-west of Hohsueh, the other columns are said to have been driven back.

A Chinese column crossed the Yangtze River west of Shasi and raided Chiangkiou, according to the spokesman.

He estimated that the Japanese have two divisions in the Ichang area, having already withdrawn one division and one brigade. The Japanese attacks had been launched in an effort to strengthen the outer defences of Ichang, he added.—Reuter.

Sabotage Increasing All Over Europe

London, Aug. 7.

From all over Europe come further reports of sabotage and violence against the Germans. Here is a brief review of this campaign:

Yugoslavia: The German authorities have been forced to issue their sixth warning to Serbs to surrender arms and ammunition under pain of death. Serb guerillas are believed to be well equipped with modern weapons.

Bulgaria: Many trains have been derailed by sabotage.

Norway: Explosions in three towns have destroyed ammunition dumps and an anti-aircraft battery.

Hungary: There have been more arrests and some executions for sabotage.

Czechoslovakia: The Germans are said to be increasingly alarmed at sabotage on the Skoda works and against railways.

Belgium: Twenty-four freight trains were held up and coal miners in five pits protested against wage reduction.

Greece: Patriots have done so much damage to crops that the death penalty has been introduced against them.

Austria: A big explosion in a suburb of Vienna destroyed part of the aircraft factory built by Marshal Hermann Goering. A fire which followed wiped out a huge oil plant.—Reuter.

Japan, N.E.I. Trade Talks Said Progressing

Batavia, Aug. 7.

Talks for the resumption of Japan-Netherlands East Indies trade following the N.E.I.'s recent action in freezing Japanese assets were now progressing smoothly between Mr. Yoshitoshi Imagawa, Batavia manager of the Yokohama Specie Bank, and Mr. Buttingha Wichers, President of the Java Bank, and concurrently head of the Foreign Exchange Control Bureau.

Informed sources admitted there were many difficulties lying ahead, but they predicted that everything will be settled satisfactorly in the near future, because the N.E.I. Government on July 28 definitely stated the Netherlands East Indies had no intention of halting trade with Japan, nor of interfering with the business of Japanese residents in the country as a result of the freezing action.

Meanwhile sources close to the Netherlands East Indies Government revealed that the N.E.I. will soon set up an official or semi-official agency will have complete control over all import and export trade in the Indies.—Domei.

British Guiana Affairs Brought up in Commons

London, Aug. 7.

Mr. G. Hall, Under-Secretary of State for the Colonies, announced in the House of Commons yesterday that a representative franchise commission had been set up in British Guiana to review the position and make recommendations.

The commission would also advise the qualifications for election to membership of the Legislative Council.—Reuter.

Communists Executed

London, Aug. 7.

The German official news agency reports from Belgrade that nine "Communists" were executed in north-eastern Yugoslavia for sabotage. Several days ago over 100 "Communists and Jews" were shot in Belgrade.—Reuter.

Kidnapping Gang Smashed by Police

Detectives from Central station of the Shanghai Municipal Police, acting in cooperation with the Western Shanghai Area Special Police Force, under the personal direction of Commissioner C. C. Pan raided the Fah Wha village, off Columbia Road, yesterday afternoon and arrested seventeen kidnappers, seized two pistols with ammunition and released two Chinese, held captive by the gang for some time.

The Settlement police party, headed by Detective Inspector V. I. Ovsiannikoff and consisting of several foreigners and a number of Chinese members of the S.M.P., went on the raid at about 12.30 p.m. after having made arrangements with the W.S.A.S.P.F.

Armed to the teeth, with two Thomson guns and wearing bullet-proof vests, detectives left their car in Great Western Road and proceeded to surround the village. In possession of knowledge, obtained earlier, detectives then raided two houses where they found the victims and their captors. No shots were fired either by the police or the criminals.

Victims Released

Both victims were released between 1.15 and 1.30 p.m. One of them turned out to be Chu Chungshan, 38, a P.W.D. foreman, who was kidnapped by the gangsters near the Yenping Road office on July 29. The other victim was Mr. Hzu Ping Tsu, 54, a well known Chinese business man, kidnapped ten days ago at the corner of Yates and Bubbling Well Roads, when his car was stopped and he was taken away in his vehicle. It was recovered by the police yesterday.

All the seventeen men were first taken to the W.S.A.S.P.F. and were later brought to the Central station for questioning.

Having personally led the campaign against gambling dens and opium smoking establishments in the Western area, resulting in the closure of these haunts of vice, Commissioner Pan more recently has been directing his attention to kidnappers and other unruly elements whose complete elimination from the area is consistent with the Commissioner's inflexible resolve to restore order to Shanghai's once famed "badlands".

During the past few days detectives of the Western Area Special Police led by Commissioner Pan combed the district under their jurisdiction to locate the hide-outs of kidnapping bands.

Huge U.S. Shipyard Tied Up by Strike

Kearney, N.J., Aug. 7.

A strike of 14,000 union workers in the Federal Shipbuilding and Drydock Company became effective at midnight last night and today halted work on US$400,000,000 worth of defence contracts for the United States Navy and Maritime Commission.

Mr. Peter Flynn, vice-president of the local union, said that he would provide men to carry out the arranged launching of the 6,000-ton cruiser, Atlanta, on Saturday, but otherwise his men would not work.

Plant Picketed

Pickets early today took up position around the huge plant.

The strike call was issued by the executive committee of Local 16 of the Industrial Union of Marine and Shipbuilding workers of America, which is an affiliate of the Congress of Industrial Organizations.

The strike was authorized by the members at a meeting in Newark last Sunday, the union announced.

The union charged that the company was using delaying tactics in negotiating a new contract.

Six destroyers, three tankers and two cargo boats at present are on the company's ways.—United Press.

"Hochi" Says Britain Putting Pressure on Thailand

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

Accusing Britain of putting military pressure against Thailand in order to draw her into the ABCD anti-Japanese front, the "Hochi Shimbun" in an editorial said, "If a grave situation arises as a result of the British manœuvres, then Britain should be prepared to hold herself responsible."

Criticizing Britain's "crafty publicity and propaganda," the "Hochi" asserted that Britain was aiming at occupation of certain military positions within Thailand for the purpose of guaranteeing the safety of Singapore and other British bases.

Reiterating Japan's determination to create a stable and peaceful East Asia prosperity sphere, the paper pointed out that the advance of Japanese forces into French Indo-China was necessitated by Britain's attempts at "anti-Japanese fifth-column activities in French Indo-China," and added, "Britain should have nothing to say about the matter of the advance of Japanese troops into French Indo-China. There is nothing for her but to reflect deeply on the responsibility of her past actions."

Claiming that the British actions were not amicable to the peace, welfare and prosperity of East Asia," the "Hochi" warned that Japan was watching future British moves "with the utmost attention."—Domei.

Japanese Ship Sinks During Typhoon

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The 1,700-ton Japanese vessel, Kano Maru, which was caught in a typhoon last night, sank at 1.20 a.m. today 20 miles off Tokunoshima Island, south of Kagoshima Prefecture, the Japanese news agency, Domei, reported from Kagoshima.

The vessel radioed for help as an undisclosed number of members of the crew took to the lifeboats, but because of the high seas rescue was believed difficult.

The "Asahi" said that the typhoon struck Nawa early this morning, causing heavy floods and damages before heading for the China Sea.—United Press.

Short Shrift for 103 Communists in Zagreb

Rome, Aug. 7.

Rome newspapers yesterday said that 103 communists were executed within eight hours for participation in a bombing in Zagreb, capital of Croatia.

One despatch said that all were tried and executed within eight hours for tossing bombs which wounded 28 during military exercises of the Axis-sponsored Croatian army on Tuesday.—United Press.

*Eden Warns Japan On Thailand Move

(Continued from page 1)

"It is true that the German plans had to be made on the assumption of war on two fronts. This is what Mr. Attlee meant and this in no way discloses to the enemy what the action may or may not be of our future plans or intentions."

Freezing Measures in Far East

Turning to the Far Eastern situation Mr. Eden referred to the freezing measures recently instituted. "These freezing measures are not, as seems to be thought by some people, framed to permit transactions which are not expressly forbidden," he said. "On the contrary they automatically forbid all transactions except those which are expressly permitted. I cannot disclose details of the manner in which this policy is going to be applied. It will be worked out throughout with the closest collaboration and frankest discussions between the British Government, its Dominions and colonies and the Governments of the United States and the Netherlands.

"The two latter Governments have furnished us with full particulars and comprehensive information of their attitude. The same collaboration is continuing regarding application and operation of those measures

"It was bound to take a little time to exchange views and information necessary for a common undertanding on such a far-reaching experiment as the freezing orders represent, but the work is now practically complete. These steps were not lightly taken. The freezing order was seriously intended and will be seriously executed.

Position in Thailand

"As to the position in Thailand, the British Government have not failed to note that the Japanese newspapers have recently been using the same kind of language regarding Thailand as they employed before the Japanese demands for bases in Indo-China. For that reason, on July 31, his Majesty's Ambassador in Tokyo drew the attention of the Japanese Foreign Minister to this newspaper campaign which alleged, among other things, that we are intriguing in Thailand, that British military preparations are threatening Japanese interests and that, in consequence, Thailand should in her own interests come to an early understanding with Japan, the Power which controls Indo-China.

"Our Ambassador pointed out that this kind of thing could only mean that some one in authority in Japan was endeavouring to manufacture a case for Japanese intervention in Thailand territory. He added that if a step of this kind were taken, coming on top of the recent action in Indo-China, it must inevitably give rise to a most serious situation between Great Britain and Japan.

Reports Utterly Baseless

"Sir Robert Craigie then gave to Admiral Toyoda a most formal assurance that all these reports of British aggressive designs against Thailand were, of course, utterly baseless. The truth is that we have for over a century had friendly relations with Thailand. Our policy has no other object than to maintain those relations. It is no less true that any action which would threaten the independence and integrity of Thailand (cheers) would be a matter of immediate concern to this country, more particularly as threatening the security of Singapore."

Mr. Eden added in serious tones, "I hope that these words may yet be heeded."

Mr. Clement R. Attlee, Lord Privy Seal and Deputy Leader of the House of Commons, said the "V" campaign was no stunt but a "spontaneous expression of the desires and hopes of civilized human beings who longed for deliverance from barbarian rule."

"The nations in Europe," he added, "look to us not only to destroy Hitlerism but to show, by practice as well as by precept, the true alternative to Hitler's new order.

"We cannot foresee either the time or circumstances of our victory. We cannot tell the trials and difficulties that we have yet to endure but we know that when the victory comes, as come it will, we shall have to take a leading part in helping to establish a world peace and freedom and social justice (loud cheers)."

Nazi Pressure on French Seen

Making a statement on British relations with Finland in the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, said that as recently as July 22, the British Government announced they had decided to maintain diplomatic relations with the Finnish Government.

On August 1, however, the Finnish Minister had called to inform him that his Government had decided to recall him.

The British Government, said Mr. Eden, deeply regretted thus action but realised that the Finnish Government were acting, no doubt, under German pressure.

British subjects to leave Finland included most of those who had offered their services at the time of the Finnish-Soviet war.

Asked whether all British volunteers had been evacuated to Sweden, Mr. Eden said: "Not all, but by far the greatest number." In regard to those who remained, the Finnish Government had given their pledge.—Reuter.

*R.A.F. Continues Fierce Raids

(Continued from page 1)

and other military objectives in Cyrenaica during Monday night.

"Bombs were seen to fall on the landing ground at Gazala, while at Timji landing ground, a number of explosions were heard after our aircraft had attacked.

"South African pilots, flying Maryland bombers, also operated over Derna and carried out a series of attacks on motor transport workshops and assembly plants.

"The harbour of Benghazi was again attacked and fires were seen to the back and south of the mole.

"One of our aircraft secured three direct hits on a vessel and sank it.

"From these operations all our aircraft returned safely."—Reuter.

Krupps Attacked 20 Times

London, Aug. 7.

Krupps armament works at Essen have been attacked by the R.A.F. on 20 occasions, it was revealed by Sir Archibald Sinclair, Secretary of State for Air, in the House of Commons yesterday.—Reuter.

House Passes Navy Service Bill

Washington, Aug. 7.

The House of Representatives yesterday passed and returned to the Senate a bill extending Navy service under future enlistments and also doubling re-enlistment bonuses.—United Press.

British Fleet May Be Just Round The Corner

Singapore, Aug. 7.

Mr. Anthony Eden's and Mr. Sumner Welles's simultaneous "hands-off Thailand" warnings have been received with great satisfaction here. Should the warnings need be backed up by action, it is emphasized once again that Malaya and Burma would be ready for any emergency.

The recent arrival of further reinforcements of British forces in Malaya and Burma is no isolated event. These arrivals are merely the latest outward evidence of the steady reinforcing of British forces in the Far East that has been proceeding in the past year and that can and will be continued relentlessly.

Perhaps even more important than mere quantities of men and materials is the time factor. A large proportion of British troops in the Far East have been in Malaya and Burma for a considerable time and this time has been fully used to acclimatize them to these parts and has given them effective training in jungle warfare.

New to Japanese

The terrain of Burma, Malaya, the Netherlands East Indies, Thailand and south Indo-China is principally tropical jungle and Japanese troops have only just begun to penetrate this type of terrain in south Indo-China. Thus, they have had little opportunity yet to acclimatize or train themselves in local jungle warfare.

It is also emphasized here that the statement on August 3 by the Australian Navy Minister, Mr. W. M. Hughes, that Great Britain was able to send a fleet to the Pacific, is no idle boast. Already Admiral Sir Geoffrey Layton, the Commander-in-Chief of the China Squadron, in a recent broadcast promised that the White Ensign would be seen again in these parts if the occasion arose.

Although there is no confirmation of insistent rumours that a sizeable British naval force is already in the vicinity of Singapore, it is clearly indicated that it would be no distortion of facts to say that a substantial naval force may be "just round the corner."—Reuter.

Japan to Assign Workers to Tasks

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The Japanese Government is prepared to assign workers to urgent tasks "without leaving this matter in the hands of employers alone," according to Lieutenant-General Chikahiko Koizumi, Welfare Minister.

Simultaneously, the Imperial Rule Assistance Association, in an effort to meet the labour shortage urged the Government to adopt a system of obligatory labour eliminating all non-urgent production. The Association also proposed conscription of female labour to replace male labour wherever possible.

The Association proposed special consideration be granted workers in important industries in the distribution of available foods and other daily necessities.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry has decided to expand the rationing system, which is at present applicable to petrol and heavy oil, to kerosene, light and machine oils.

It was understood the Ministry was considering a higher rate in the mixture of alcohol in petrol plus further consolidation of oil refineries, establishment of an Oil Control Association, and increased artificial oil output in order to cope with the situation resulting from American oil restrictions.

In order to conserve the petrol supply, the Ministry of Railways is suspending, effective August 19, service on 38 lines throughout Japan which at present operate petrol cars.—United Press.

Big Increase in U.S. Arms Output

Washington, Aug. 7.

Production of two-engined bombers during the first six months of the year showed an increase of 93 per cent. and that of single-engined torpedo planes increased by nearly 150 per cent. according to the office of production management.

The number of light tanks during the second quarter of the year was 12 times that of the first quarter. Medium tanks increased nearly 2½ times.—Reuter.

British Active at Tobruk

Cairo, Aug. 7.

Although dust-storms are limiting British activities in the Tobruk area, one raid has been carried out by using the dust as a cover, states today's communique.

"One of our fighting patrols attacked an enemy post, inflicting casualties and capturing prisoners and weapons.

"In the frontier area, our artillery and machine-guns also engaged the enemy."—Reuter.

OBITUARY

Sir Rabindranath Tagore

Calcutta, Aug. 7.

India lost her foremost poet today when Sir Rabindranath Tagore passed away here at the age of 80.

The deceased had been ailing for some time and recently underwent an operation. He is the author of mystic poems and of various works of ardent nationalism.

He obtained the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1913. Among his works are "The Gardener", "The Crescent of the Moon", and "Gitannali".—Havas Telemondial.

Russia, Belgium Resume Relations

London, Aug. 7.

Arrangements have been made for the exchange of representatives between the Governments of Soviet Russia and Belgium following a meeting today of the Belgian Foreign Minister, M. Spaak and the Russian Ambassador, M. Maisky.

The meeting took place at the Secretary of State's room at the Foreign Office.—Reuter.

R.A.A.F. Reorganized

Melbourne, Aug. 7.

Reorganization of the Royal Australian Air Force to provide for all possible war-time emergencies and creation of new operational commands for all strategical requirements was announced yesterday by Mr. McEwen, Commonwealth Air Minister.—Reuter.

Anti-Nazi Feeling In Norway

Stockholm, Aug. 7.

A state of siege was declared in Aalesund, west Norway because of sabotage and anti-German demonstrations. A press report says that Norse patriots damaged German communications and military establishments and that the German seized 10 leading Aalesund citizens as hostages. When the police took them to a ship for removal to Germany 5,000 persons tried to rescue them and it was necessary to call soldiers.—Reuter.

Still No Hope for Return of Britons Detained by Enemy

London, Aug. 7.

The policy of British civilians detained in enemy or enemy-occupied countries was touched upon by Mr. Anthony Eden, Foreign Secretary, in the House of Commons yesterday, when questioned on this subject.

The release of such persons, said Mr. Eden, was largely a matter of reciprocity. Since it was contrary to the policy of the British Government to release enemy subjects of military age, no steps had been taken to secure the repatriation of male British subjects who, at the outbreak of the war, were completing their education at Continental universities.

While the British and German Governments were in general agreement as regards repatriation on a reciprocal basis, it had unfortunately so far been found impossible to arrive at any understanding as to the route by which repatriation should take place.

The German refusal to grant safe conduct for any ship carrying civilians to or from the United Kingdom had rendered progress impracticable for the time being.—Reuter.

Brisbane Will See More of U.S. Navy

Brisbane, Aug. 6.

Rear-Admiral Sherwood E. Taffinteer, Commander of the visiting United States squadron, said to the press today: "You likely will see more of the United States Navy while the war lasts."

He said the cruisers probably would not visit any other Australian port because "they merely called at Brisbane for fuel supplies."

Meanwhile, Mr. William M. Hughes, Minister of Navy, declared at Melbourne, "United States cruisers have not escaped the notice of our friends in the north. Although there are only two warships here we are encouraged to believe that there are others about."—Domei.

Asama Maru Fails to Reach San Francisco

San Francisco, Aug. 7.

The whereabouts of the Japanese liner, Asama Maru, with US$3,000,000 worth of raw silk in her holds and 98 passengers aboard, was a mystery today. The vessel failed to arrive from Honolulu on schedule yesterday.

Forty-seven passengers are Americans—mostly United States-born Japanese. The Asama Maru, sistership of the Tatuta Maru, was somewhere in the Pacific, but her radio was silenced.

Shipping circles here speculated that she might have returned to Japan rather than face diplomatic complications in the United States.—United Press.

THE CINEMA

"Pot O' Gold"

Jimmy Haskel ..... James Stewart
Molly McCorkle ..... Paulette Goddard
Horace Heidt ..... Horace Heidt
C. J. Haskel ..... Charles Winninger
Ma McCorkle ..... Mary Gordon
Jasper ..... Frank Melto
Mr. Louderman ..... Jed Prouty
Lt. Grady ..... James Burke

Mr. James Stewart and Miss Paulette Goddard score heavily in "Pot o' Gold," which opened at the Nanking Theatre yesterday, with the former giving a surprising performance that will win more laurels for him. The film, itself, has no plot, but musical sequences intermingled with good comedy keep the audience well satisfied. Mr. Stewart sings in the film and reveals that he has rather a nice voice, while Miss Goddard is charming and puts over several song and dance numbers in an admirable manner. The picture is made yet more entertaining by the acting of Mr. Charles Winninger and Miss Mary Gordon, whose feud is bound to leave everyone roaring for days to come. The picture, first effort of Mr. James Roosevelt, the son of the president, is amusing from beginning to end, while lovers of modern music will be more than satisfied with Mr. Horace Heidt and his band. The remainder of the cast has been well chosen.

The programme is rounded out by a travelogue and a "Popular Science" short, with the former below the standard of some of similar films seen here lately.—I.M.

Pepper Predicts Long Struggle

Washington, Aug. 7.

Senator Claude Pepper, Democrat of Florida, yesterday predicted that the Government probably will need to keep selectees, National Guardsmen and reservists in service "at least five years, maybe 10 years or even a generation."

Senator Pepper, who often is regarded as a spokesman for the Administration, predicted that the defence programme ultimately would cost "not a cent less than U.S.$800,000,000,000."

"I say to America," declared Senator Pepper, "gird your loins. We are just approaching armageddon.... The emergency is acute beyond the powers of description."—United Press.

Hitler Decorates Rumanian Premier

Berlin, Aug. 7.

A D.N.B. despatch from the Fuhrer's headquarters on the southern front, yesterday said that Chancellor Adolf Hitler personally decorated General Jon Antonescu, Rumanian Premier, with the Knights Cross, Second Class, for "liberation of Bessarabia."—United Press.

Syrians Welcome Indian Troops

Simla, Aug. 7.

The Indian troops who took over Hassetche, capital of Syria's most north-easterly Muhardzat, the island lying between the Euphrates and the Tigris, were most enthusiastically received and greeted with cheering salutations by the inhabitants such as are normally reserved for occasions of greatest rejoicing and festivity, says a correspondent with the Indian forces in Syria.

Since occupation of the town local French and Syrian officials have poured in to pay respects to the commander of the British forces who has exchanged friendly visits with local notables. When Indian forces arrived, the French Administrator of the area requested the British commander to send a message to General Catroux. Free French representatives in Syria, placing his services entirely at the disposal of the Free French.

Sheiks Greet British Troops

Arab sheiks of the hinterland, several of whom are incorrigible mischiefmongers who have been a constant thorn in the side of the French Authorities, came long distances across the desert to salute British troops.

Indian troops are helping in the disposal of numerous tasks coming before the commander, including provisions and food for women and children left behind by Vichy troops.

Larged quantities of flour, sugar, coffee, tinned goods and other necessary articles are imported from considerable distances and distributed free to deserving cases.

Hassetche also provided welcome relaxation for the sepoys after the rigours of long, rapid advances across the desert. In the cool depths of the river they forget the day's heat and dust.—Reuter.

Immense Recruiting Response

Dehradun, Aug. 7.

"The popular response to the demand for general recruitment is immense, which is undoubtedly the best testimony of the willing help we are getting from every district. In fact, our embarrassment has been to disappoint many," observed the Commissioner of Meerut Divisions, addressing a war conference at which he presided.—Reuter.

Darlan Leaves Vichy for Paris

Vichy, Aug. 7.

Following last week's conversation in Vichy with the French Ambassador to Paris, Count Fernand de Brinon, Admiral Francois Darlan, Vice-Premier, on Tuesday left for Paris.

The departure was a complete surprise to Vichy observers and ironclad censorship prevented the news from going out until last night.

No Comment

Official circles declined to give any inkling of the purpose of the visit or the length of Admiral Darlan's stay in Paris. Nevertheless, with Count de Brinon's word in mind that "most delicate problems remained to be solved between the French Government and the Germans," it was the general opinion here that Admiral Darlan's visit might be of capital importance to the future of Franco-German relations.

As Admiral Darlan arrived in Paris the German controlled Paris press continued an unprecedented onslaught against President Roosevelt and Mr. Sumner Welles, United States Under-Secretary of State. The President was charged with the aggressive intentions of grabbing different parts of the French Empire.—United Press.

Lloyds Bets 1,000 to 1 Capital Wont Be Bombed

Washington, Aug. 7.

The local Lloyd's office yesterday literally bet 1,000 to 1 that the capital would not be bombed.

The office offered insurance at premiums of U.S.$1 for U.S. $1,000 coverage involving any possible damage from aerial bombardment, failing warplanes or damage from any sort of military action.

The action amounted to betting 1,000 to 1 Washington would not be bombed.—United Press.

Consisting of soup, fish, plate, dessert & beverage.

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883 Bubbling Well Road

War May Come at Any Moment—Tokyo Radio

Singapore, Aug. 7.

"War may come at any moment", according to Tokyo radio. The commentator declared that reinforcements of British troops in Malaya were clear evidence that Britain had hostile intentions in the Far East and it appeared that she intended to take bases in Thailand. "If war comes, Britain is to blame", he declared.—Reuter.

Newspapermen on Panay Given Medals

Washington, Aug. 7.

An echo of the bombing and sinking of the United States river gunboat Panay, in the Yangtze in December, 1937, by Japanese planes was heard today when it was learned that newspapermen and cameramen aboard the vessel at the time have been awarded the Navy Expeditionary Medal.

Mr. Norman Soong, Hawaiian-born Chinese cameraman for the "New York Times" at the time of the bombing, who was aboard the vessel and snapped some graphic photographs, was among those to receive the medal.

Other survivors of the bombing, which resulted in two deaths, including an Italian newspaperman, also were given the medal. Among those to be awarded the medal are Mr. Eric Mayell, well-known in Shanghai as a newsreel ace, Mr. Weldon James, formerly of the Shanghai bureau of the United Press and now connected with the New York tabloid, "PM," and Mr. Jim Marshall, special writer for Collier's, who was severely wounded by shrapnel.—United Press.

More Army Officers Are Assigned to Philippines

Washington, Aug. 7.

The army yesterday assigned 23 more officers, ranging from second lieutenants to Captains, to Philippines posts and transferred three other officers from the Philippines to continental assignments.—United Press.

Monroe Doctrine Upheld By Republicans

Washington, Aug. 7.

A group of Republican members of the House of Representatives yesterday adopted a resolution condemning executive acts which may lead the United States into war.

The Republicans also expressed firm belief "in maintaining and upholding the Monroe Doctrine and safeguarding the Western Hemisphere from foreign invasion."—United Press.

Gayda Defends Japanese

Rome, Aug. 7.

Sig. Virginio Gayda, reputed to be Sig. Benito Mussolini's mouthpiece, yesterday defended Japanese "preparedness measures" against Anglo-Saxons in the Pacific.

Writing in the "Giornale d'Italia," Sig. Gayda added that an "explosion of the Pacific powder keg is approaching."—United Press.

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Nazi Intrigues Fail to Check Canada's War Effort

NAZI attempts to create minority problems in Canada and so to hamper the Canadian war effort were doomed to failure from their start. Canada is united in prosecuting this war to a successful conclusion, even though the population of the country, like that of other countries of the New World, is a mixed one. These points were brought out last night in another of the series of broadcasts being given over Station XCDN in the series "Canada Speaks." The broadcast follows :—

On the map, Canada is one of the biggest countries in the world. Washed by three oceans, watered by mighty rivers and countless lakes, dark with forests, green with fertile fields, stretched out in vast prairies and rising into snowy mountain peaks, our country, larger than all Europe in extent, is one of the greatest domains of all time.

The Canadians Are Canada

All too often, however, our poets and orators are unduly proud of the sheer vastness of Canada. They forget that the most important thing about Canada is the Canadian nation itself. It is the people that make any country great. It is the character of human beings and their achievements that will really command respect. In the world of today Canada is not primarily a large area on a map, but a community of 11,500,000 people living under a common government on the northern half of the North American Continent. Canada is the Canadians.

But who are the Canadians? Well at least 98 per cent. of us are transplanted Europeans. The past 400 years have seen the greatest migration in all history. Beginning with Spain, Portugal, France, Holland and England, the countries of Europe sent their colonists across the seas, and today 200,000,000 descendants of these European nations inhabit the two Americas along with a few Indian survivors, a few Asiatic immigrants and some negroes brought in from Africa.

Such are the varied human ingredients that history has poured into the huge mixing bowl of Canada's national life. Surely no mincemeat in the world could have more spice and flavour than the Canadian people. No one element predominates, even the Anglo-Saxons are less than one half of the total. We are all minorities but all Canadians, entering each with his own capacities into the richness of the national amalgam. It follows from all this that there is no such thing as a French race, an Italian race, an Anglo-Saxon race or a German race. Or for that matter a Polish race, a Ukrainian race or a Russian race. We are all mixtures, and to the historian, mixtures are a good thing, for they encourage new developments in civilization.

A very important conclusion for us in Canada is that none of our national groups from Europe is really alien to the rest of us. All by nature are just as kind, just as honest, just as capable of serving and suffering as any of the others. It is one of the darkest crimes of our modern world that some evil-hearted men have sought to preach that one nationality (they would falsely say "race") is superior to others and is entitled, because of that superiority to insult and enslave and exterminate others. It is important that we in Canada should be careful never to assume that our fellow Canadians of any origin are by nature unworthy of our sympathy, respect, and goodwill. A few in all groups, even the English and the French, have been taught by evil propagandists to have hate in their hearts; but the vast majority of all Canadians are honest, loyal folk ready and willing to contribute much to our united national life. Unity, however, does not necessarily mean uniformity. A country in which all people spoke the same language, attended the same church and had the same opinions on all important subjects would be in danger of developing sleeping sickness. On the other hand the necessity for adjusting antagonistic points of view in the open forum of democratic discussion is the surest guarantee of progressive and intelligent national policies.

The insistance of the Nazis on the use of force to suppress opinion reduces national thought to a state of paralysis. The Nazis claim the right to murder or imprison those who disagree with them. The foundations of their state are hatred and violence, and on such foundations only a prison or morgue can be build. The major world conspiracy which we in Canada are fighting today has issued from the Nazi government in Berlin and has sought to mobilize forces everywhere that may assist in making Hitler master of the entire earth.

Technique of Conspiracy

The Nazis in Canada, as elsewhere, have conspired with a double techinque. One part of their plan has been to finance a native Fascist movement among the Anglo-Saxons and the French of Canada, and this met with considerable success, both with the "Black Shirt" brigades of the Canadian branch of the British Union of Fascists and with the "Blue Shirt" national unity party. The "Black Shirts" were found chiefly in Toronto and Winnipeg, the "Blueshirts" in Montreal. Between them they claimed a membership of near 100,000 and drilled their storm troopers diligently for "The march on Ottawa that will end up in power for us." This whole subversive movement was paid for by Berlin.

The other phase of the Nazi attack on Canada was an attempt to seduce the German Canadians from their loyalty to Canada by enrolling them in a "German League" in which a personal oath of allegiance to Hitler was taken. Violence as well as persuasion was used and there were anti-Nazi German Canadians who were beaten up by roughs in the pay of the German Consulates. In the adjacent United States Nazi Consulates, swollen tenfold in personnel from normal peacetime requirements, were spending millions of dollars in ways that they regarded as even more effective than building Krupp guns. No effort was spared to vilify Britain in the cause for which we fight.

Attempt at Division

The favourite technique of the Nazi propaganda machine today is to create minority problems to divide a country against itself so that it may fall. We have seen the successful working of this machine in the countries of Europe now under Nazi rule. And even in Canada their undercover men are seeking to stir up hatred against the Jewish Canadians to discredit the Ukrainian nationalists who are now solidly behind the Canadian war effort, to estrange the Anglo-Canadians and the French Canadians and to turn both of these groups against the European Canadians.

Their smallest success has been among the European Canadians. These people know far batter than the average English or French Canadian the reality of the horror that rules in Europe today. Citizens of Polish, Ukrainian, Norwegian or Netherlands descent whose kinfolk have been caught in the tides of murder know, with fatal clarity, the character of the struggle. They shudder at the suffering of their kindred under Nazi brutality, and they are united in their adherence to the cause of Canada and the British Empire. In Regina, for instance, Hungarians, Ukrainians and Poles have organized a patriotic "Churchill Club," and even small prairie communities of the foreign born have contributed generously to the Red Cross and the War Loans.

In spite of all Nazi effort, foul as it is, however, their propaganda machine in the Dominion has succeeded with only a small percentage of the German Canadians.

The Common Threat

The thing that unites a people into a singleness of nationhood is sharing together in great common experiences, working and striving together in great causes. Destiny has provided us with such an issue today. The threat to human, national and religious freedom has challenged us all alike and brought us together in a struggle of ever increasing gravity resolution. We, the people of Canada, are united today as never before. That unity is, however, being attacked in insidious ways by the great common enemy of mankind. Radio campaigns from abroad, and whispering campaigns at home are seeking to alienate Canadians of diverse origins, setting English against French, or both against Jews, Slavs or Scandinavians. They would foment old hostilities between Catholics and Protestants.

Those who deliberately or blindly stir ill will within our country are no better than rats gnawing fatal holes through the bottom of a vessel as it battles through stormy seas. Unity has vital importance, even beyond the present crisis. In the world beyond the present war we shall face stupendous problems of world reconstruction in which, if the world is to be saved, nations and men of goodwill must co-operate more closely and unselfishly than in the past.

If we can learn the primary leasons of tolerance and co-operation at home we shall have taken a long step not only towards the solution of Canada's own social, economic, cultural and political problems but in the problems which will confront the whole world. Unity, warm, effective and vital, is the key to our entire future.

Local Bank Manager Retiring

Terminating 25 years of service with the local branch of the Banque Franco-Chinoise Mr. M. E. Meunier, manager of the bank here, has resigned from his position and is leaving soon for South America where he intends to settle down with his family. The retiring bank official, who is 46, came to China after the World War and joined the bank which was then known as the Banque Industrielle de Chine. He has resided fifteen years in Shanghai.

During the World War, he was a soldier in the 54th and 404th Regiments of Infantry of the French army, and in the "Service Auto." he finished the war as an R.T.O. in the Gare do Nord at Paris.

Mr. M. E. Meunier

Always a keen sportsman, he was coach to the French team in the "International Walking Competition" at Shanghai, for five years. He was also a promoter of the "Shanghai Boxing Association" which was responsible for the engagement in Shanghai of the famous French boxer, Pladner, now blind.

He is a member of many clubs: Cercle Sportif Francais (of which he has been Hon. Treasurer for several years); Association Sportive Francaise; the Shanghai Club; the Royal Air Force Association; the Shanghai Race Club; and the Shanghai Rugby Union Football Club. He was also chairman of the "Comité Central de Chine de l'Alliance Francaise" and was one of the founders of "Association Amicale Sino-Francaise."

Served With Police Specials

He was chairman during seven years of the "Shanghai Art Club," at the annual exhibitions of which he was a regular exhibitor of landscapes and oil paintings. He was staff officer of the "Police Speciale Francaise," and was in charge of its organization, and it is well known that he is one of those responsible for its high degreee of efficiency.

Recently he lost his eldest daughter at the age of eighteen after a very long and painful illness. He has a wife and two other children.

His decision to sever his long connection with the Banque Franco-Chinoise has been taken for purely private reasons.

Commodity Prices

Unit prices of commodities used by certain employers as a basis of allowances to employees are published for their use every Friday morning. They are compiled in the Industrial and Social Division, Shanghai Municipal Council. The following average prices ruled on Wednesday, August 6:

Commodities	Unit	Average Prices
Non-glutinous rice (Kan Mee):		
First Grade	Shih	$152.00
Second grade	Shih	141.67
Saigon rice:		
Best quality	Shih	128.56
Second grade	Shih	123.08
Rangoon rice	Shih	116.00
Glutinous rice (Noo Mee)	Shih	124.00
Wheat flour (Bicycle)	49 lb. net	34.329
Chin-ts'ai	Shih chin	0.220
Yellow bean Sprouts	Shih chin	0.230
Fresh pork	Shih chin	2.100
Fresh fish	Shih chin	0.926
Soy bean oil	Shih chin	2.167
Soy bean sauce	Shih chin	0.530
Coal briquettes	100 Shih chin	15.944
Grey shirtings	Shih ch'ih	0.576

Lord Mayor Sends Thanks to Central British War Fund

It may be true that every contributor to the Central British War Fund feels that it is he in his ability to give rather than the recipient of his gift who is privileged. But it is also true that gracious expression of thanks and kind acknowledgment of effort is always appreciated and always a spur to further generosity and sacrifice.

Nobody could have been more punctilious or generous in his acknowledgement of remittances to his National Air Raid Distress Fund than the Lord Mayor of London. His telegrams and letters have been published in the press from time to time. Below is another telegram, dated July 23, addressed to the Secretary of the Central British War Fund, and associated not with a particular remittance but rather with the promise of Shanghia's continued support.

"YOUR LETTER 12 MAY DEEPLY APPRECIATED AND I THANK YOU MOST SINCERELY FOR THE SPLENDID SUPPORT YOUR FUND IS GIVING US IN HOUR OF NEED.

Lord Mayor London"

The letter to which the Lord Mayor refers was in confirmation of April and May remittances and ran as follows:—

Letter to Lord Mayor

"Since our March remittance was confirmed by letter dated March 18 we have been privileged to remit £1,000 in April and this month (by telegram of May 10) £3,500 to your Air Raid Distress Fund.

"I wish to thank you on behalf of our Committee for the telegrams and letters of acknowledgment you have sent. These continue to be of great encouragement to us.

"We continue to regard the cause to which your fund is devoted as of the greatest urgency and importance and hope to continue sending useful contributions as long as the urgency remains. During April our collections were well over the level of recent months and it has given us great satisfaction to remit a larger sum than in any month since September last year when we began marking our remittances for 'Air Raid Relief'."

More Money Needed

The Lord Mayor's telegram serves to emphasize what is obvious to anyone perusing files of the Central British War Fund, that is that the War Organizations and the people at home value the loyalty and sympathy of their kin and friends abroad apart from the actual sums of money by which they are expressed. But, as Mr. Harry Hopkins has quoted President Roosevelt as having realised, "expressions of goodwill.... sympathy....admiration are not enough"; they must be backed by concrete help and that means, in Shanghai, by money and yet more money.

Indian Case Decision Tomorrow

Observing that it was a confusing case, the Registrar, Mr. C. H. Haines, in H.M. Police Court yesterday deferred until tomorrow morning his decision in the prosecution brought by Hardit Singh against Mal Singh and Jagiar Singh on a charge of stealing a raincoat, a suitcase, and a bicycle, etc., belonging to complainant. Mr. E. L. Hartopp represented Hardit Singh, while Mr. E. T. Maitland appeared for the defence.

Mr. Paul Rosenberg was the last witness called when the hearing was resumed yesterday. Witness, a wharfinger of Mollers Ltd., with whom all the Indians concerned in the case are employed, said that accused and complainant had been sasisfactory in their work. On July 2, he said, Hardit Singh made a certain report to him, but he was unable to arrive at the truth of the matter, and referred him to Mr. K. M. Pate at the head office of the company. Several days later a detective appeared and made investigations into the case.

Witness produced a watchman's uniform which he said belonged to complainant which Mr. Maitland suggested was among the articles reported stolen.

OBITUARY

The Rev. Evan Morgan, D.D.

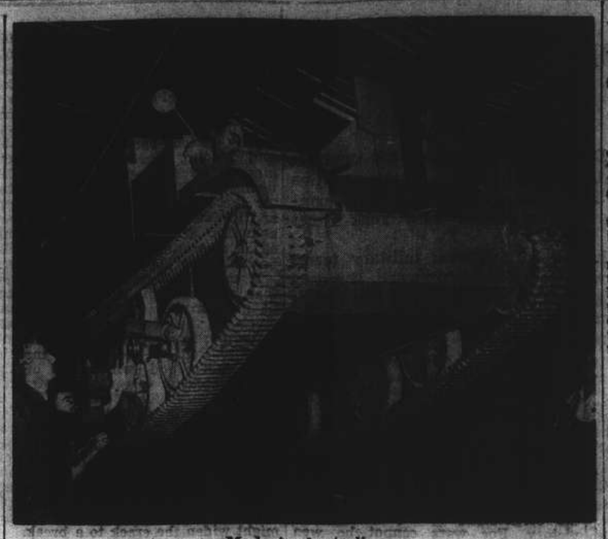
The news has just been confirmed of the death of the Rev. Evan Morgan D.D. who was for 51 years a missionary in China and a well-known figure in Shanghai. Dr. Morgan was a Welshman, born in a Cardigan village in 1860. His early educational advantages were not great and in his youth worked in the office of a Carmarthen merchant. Being imbued with the missionary spirit he was accepted as a candidate for the Baptist ministry and entered the training college at Bristol, being brought under the virile influence of Dr. Richard Glover.

In 1884 he sailed for China and after six months language study at Chefoo went to Taiyuanfu in Shansi where he came in contact with Dr. Timothy Richard, which resulted in a life-long friendship. From Taiyuanfu he went to village work in the province of Shansi and was there until the outbreak of the Boxer Movement. Through the good offices of H. E. Tuan Fang, he with his family were able to escape with their lives, and after a furlough once more proceeded to Taiyuanfu.

In 1906 he was appointed to the staff of the Christian Literature Society and from that time spent his life in the production of Christian literature. During his active missionary career in the provinces he had gained a remarkable knowledge of classical Chinese as well as the vernacular, and this made him a valuable worker in the effort to influence the Chinese by translations of foreign books. He also edited for a time the "Chinese Weekly" (Ta Tung Pao) which was being widely read in official circles.

In Shanghai Dr. Morgan was an active supporter of the Union Church and at the same time did much to influence the Chinese Christian community. He was interested in their spiritual and social welfare, being a man of deep religious fervour and conviction. He also identified himself with the cultural and educational efforts of his time; was a member of the Royal Asiatic Society for many years and its President in 1933-1934. His books in English on Chinese subjects and the Readers and Dictionaries for students of Chinese have had a large sale and are well-known in China. In 1928 the degree of Doctor of Divinity was conferred upon him by the University of Wales. He also held the Chinese Star and Order of the Double Dragon. He was one of the founders of St. David's Society in Shanghai and was twice its President.

Dr. Morgan left China in 1935 and retired to Bristol where he and his wife have been living during these last harassing years.



Made in Australia

War work is now the order of the day in many factories in Melbourne, Australia, which once attended to the peace-time needs of the country. This picture shows a Bren gun carrier in one of these factories, as it was hoisted up for a final check-over.

Japanese Sailor Saved From River By U.S.S. Luzon

Prompt action by the United States gunboat Luzon on Sunday night saved the life of a Japanese sailor after he had accidentally fallen into the Whangpoo River from a small vessel plying between the Izumo Docks and the Kiangnan Docks, it was revealed by the Japanese naval authorities on Wednesday night.

According to reports, Fireman First Class, Taketoshi Shitamoto, left the Izumo Docks at 10 o'clock on Sunday night on official business aboard one of the regular shuttle vessels bound for the Kiangnan Docks.

About five minutes later, as the vessel was passing near the gunboat Luzon, Shitamoto fell into the river. The small shuttle boat immediately stopped to look for the sailor, while the Luzon, noting the trouble, immediately lighted up the area with floodlights, and launched a small motorboat to search for the missing seaman.

Given Medical Treatment

At 10.10, the Japanese sailor was picked up by the Luzon's launch. Shitamoto was taken aboard the Luzon and placed under medical treatment.

Warrant Officer Shizuo Nagahara, who also was aboard the shuttle boat, immediately boarded the Luzon to tender thanks to the Americans for saving Shitamoto's life. Warrant Officer Nagahara then accompanied Shitamoto back to the shuttle vessel.

Immediately upon receipt of news of the incident, the Chief of the Japanese Naval Hydrographical Bureau in Shanghai called on Lieut.-Comm. G. M. Brooke, captain of the Luzon, to tender the Japanese Navy's official thanks for the prompt and kind action taken by the Luzon.

Woman Sentenced for Running Opium Den

Sentence of six months' imprisonment was passed by the First Special District Court yesterday on a Chinese woman for operating an opium den at 45-506 Taku Road.

Two others including a woman charged with frequenting the establishment were acquitted owing to insufficient evidence, while another man charged with a similar offence was sentenced to six months' imprisonment suspended for two years.

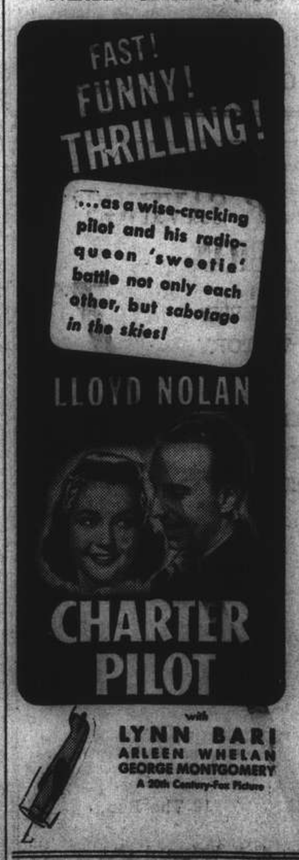
The woman operating the den was arrested when the police raided the premises.

Japanese Ambassador to Be Sent to Thailand

The Japanese Legation in Thailand will be formally elevated to the status of Embassy.

Mr. Teiji Tsubogami, former Vice-Minister of Overseas Affairs and President of the Manchurian Development Company and now member of the State Council of the Manchoukuo Government, is expected to be appointed first Japanese Ambassador, the "Shanghai Mainichi" reported yesterday morning.

GRAND
NEXT CHANGE !



"Young Marshal" to Undergo Operation

Chungking, Aug. 7.

Marshal Chang Hsueh-liang, popularly known as the "Young Marshal," is undergoing an operation for appendicitis, Reuters learned in authoritative quarters today.

Dr. James Shen, director of the Central Hospital, flew to an undisclosed destination in a special aeroplane to operate on Marshal Chang.

After trial by courtmartial following the Sian incident, the Young Marshal, it is understood, was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment which was deferred. He is living in the best possible conditions. Inhabitants in the vicinity reported having seen Marshal Chang out shopping in the streets.—Reuter.

Indusco Reorganization To Take Place

Chungking, Aug. 6.

The Chinese industrial co-operatives, known as Indusco, are to undergo reorganization shortly. Mr. George Fitch, General Adviser to Indusco, will have greater powers and responsibilities after the reorganization.

The secretariat and inspection service of Indusco will be suppressed, while the accounting office will be reduced. Only the business and promoting departments will remain unchanged. Two-thirds of Indusco staff will be dismissed.—Havas Telemondial.

Chinese Boxer Students Not to Go to England

Chungking, Aug. 6.

Owing to the war in Europe, the Board of Administration of the British Boxer Indemnity Fund has decided to stop sending Chinese students to England. Should the war be continued after the end of this year, Chinese students will be sent to the United States instead.—Havas Telemondial.

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$3 per package at all chemists

Norwegian Night at The "Follies"

In continuation of their highly successful run the "Moonlight Follies" will celebrate Norwegian Night at the performance today in Hayim's Garden at 9.30 p.m.

For the popular American auction the Norwegian Association is donating an electric model of a lighthouse.

Very substantial sums are being realized for British War Funds through the performances of "XCDN Moonlight Follies" and there is no pleasanter way of contributing to the cause which everyone has at heart than by attending on one of the four remaining nights.

Greek Night Tomorrow

Saturday night is Greek Night and it has been decided that the two remaining performances will take place on Wednesday, August 13, British Night, and Thursday, August 14, Russian Night. This will be the grand finale to a highly successful run.

It has been decided that in view of curfew restrictions on Monday and Tuesday that it is desirable not to have performances on those two nights.

The booking for British and Russian Nights is now open at Moutries, and it is hoped to have a record booking for the final night so that the British War Funds will benefit by a sum which will surpass by hundreds of thousands of dollars any previous effort of a similar nature.

Polish Military Mission Arrives In Moscow

Moscow, Aug. 7.

A Polish military mission headed by General Bohusz Szyszko arrived here yesterday.—United Press.

TO-NIGHT
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SKY TERRACE
DINNER DANCE
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Opening Performance of
DANI SISTERS
The Versatile Trio
Also
ABY and EMERICO
and
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"XCDN
MOONLIGHT FOLLIES"

To-Night at 9.30

NORWEGIAN NIGHT

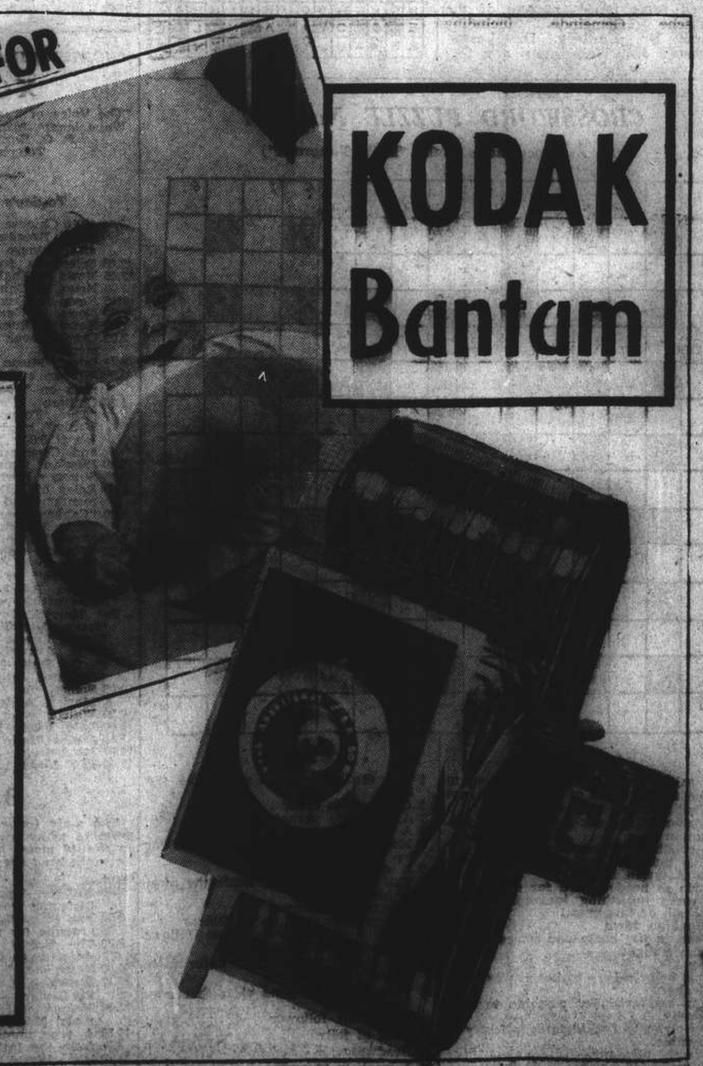
¶ A Special Performance in honour of our Norwegian Allies at Hayim's Garden, 402 Avenue Haig.

¶ We cordially invite all British, Allied friends and sympathisers to help us in honouring our Gallant Ally.

¶ Tickets can be purchased at the entrance to the Gardens from 9 p.m. or advance reservations may be obtained at Moutrie's.

10635

A SMALL CAMERA FOR BIG PICTURES



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LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Letters for this column should be addressed to THE EDITOR, NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, 17 THE BUND, SHANGHAI. *To ensure secrecy, mark correspondence "Letters to The Editor."*

Local Manifesto:

A Question of Ideals

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—So far as I understand there is an article in the regulations of the S.M.C. which provides that no organ of publication should publish material, which by its contents may incite one part of the population against the other. However, for the last few days numerous letters appeared in your columns which may have very detrimental effects upon the local population. I am referring to letters which criticize the sentiments of White Russians here.

Over fifteen years ago, when White Russians landed in Shanghai, they openly declared who they were. If they, in majority, remain so today can one blame them for being true to their ideals, for being what they are?

The history of mankind teaches us that it is easier to behead a man than to deprive him of his ideals. A man has no control over his ideals, but his ideals control him—they actually form him. This is plain to any intellectual.

It is rather foolish to suppose that the authors of these letters could by such distasteful means force White Russians, who remain true to their own, to adopt a way of feeling and thinking which may be more in line with other people's liking; the best that may be expected would be similar to the effect resulting from instructing a husband as to how he should kiss his own wife. In the best case it would sound like "Mind your own business"—in the worst, I will leave it to the imagination of the readers.

The regretable correspondence has a marked political aspect, a striking example of which is the letter in today's issue, signed by V. If V stands for Victory, then why do the contents of the letter speak of other things? If for Victory, V should have taken a rifle and gone to support the brave Russian boys who so gallantly hold the ground against the on-rolling German panzer-divisions—this being the surest way to victory. But this is not the case with V. V prefers to gain the victory by victimizing the Russians in his employ and all other employers to follow his way of fighting for the victory in a similar way.

V has, obviously, forgotten that his Russian employees, together with their countrymen, have once won the victory for him and his kind in the war of 1914; he forgets, also, that the brave Russian boys, who by their gallant stand and countless sacrifices have, obviously, inspired his patriotic feelings, are brothers of his Russian employees, and if, in face of this, they do not deserve any special favour or privilege, they may at least be spared from being victimized by V.

The V in V's letter does not stand for Victory, it stands for Victim and the victim will be the Russian as usual

N. P. HARKOFF.

Shanghai, Aug. 5.

Hongkew Jews:

An Interview Questioned

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your edition of August 6, you published an interview with a certain Mr. Sommer, who pretends to speak in behalf of about 13,000 Jewish and other refugees in Hongkew and declares, that the proposed Japanese step had been foreshadowed by an article that had appeared in the "Shanghai Jewish Chronicle" in which it was stated that officials of the Japanese Naval Landing Party had invited some members of the Jewish refugee community, including Messrs. O. Lewin, editor of the Shanghai Jewish Chronicle, Mr. Weinberger, dismissed refugee camp chief, Wachsner, Dr. Kardegg and Dr. Lesser, to act as a sub-committee to work with the Japanese Naval Landing Party in weeding out "undesirables."

This statement of Mr. Sommer is entirely untrue. The fact is,—as has been published in the issue of the "Shanghai Jewish Chronicle" on August 2 to which Mr. Sommer apparently refers—that a higher representative of the Japanese Navy invited some representatives of the Juedische Gemeinde, including Messrs. Dr. Kardegg, Dr. Lesser, Wachsner and Weinberger, and further on the publisher of the Jewish emigrants' daily newspaper "Shanghai Jewish Chronicle." Mr. Ossi Lewin, to have a conference with him. During this conversation, about the various refugee problems, it was suggested from the Japanese side that a sub-committee might be created within the managing committee of the Juedische Gemeinde to maintain a permanent connection with the Japanese authorities regarding the respective emigrants' affairs. The creation of this sub-committee has, however, not yet taken place and the assertions of Mr. Sommer are mere inventions. Mr. Sommer is neither authorized nor entitled to speak or act in behalf of the Jewish emigres. Entitled for those actions would be the committee alone, which take care for the refugees already since the beginning of the immigration here.

OSSI LEWIN.
Publisher of the
"Shanghai Jewish Chronicle."

Shanghai, Aug. 7.

A Correction

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—In your yesterday's article under the caption "Expulsion of Certain Jews from Hongkew Proposed" you mentioned the name of Mr. Julius Weinberger, the dismissed refugee camp chief, as one of the members of the Jewish Refugee Committee, invited by the Japanese Naval Landing Party to act as a member of the sub-committee in weeding out "undesirables."

In fairness to Mr. Julius Weinberger, we hereby confirm that he was not dismissed by this Committee, but resigned his position at the end of March 1940.

COMMITTEE FOR THE ASSISTANCE OF EUROPEAN JEWISH REFUGEES IN SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, Aug. 7.

Seventy Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF AUGUST 8, 1871

From Tientsin:—News reached here on the afternoon of the 30th ultimo, that the Queen had been pleased to appoint Mr. Thomas Francis Wade, British Minister at the Court of Peking, vice Sir Rutherford Alcock K.C.B., retired. Mr. Wade has for a period of nearly thirty years been an active official of the British Consular and Diplomatic Service in China; and has on several occasions taken a prominent part in important negotiations going on between his country and China. He received a liberal European education, and since his first appearance in China, he has ever striven to acquire a thorough knowledge of the Chinese language, written and spoken; and he is now considered to rank, by men well qualified to judge, second to no foreign scholar of the Chinese language. When Her Majesty's Government consequently selected Mr. Wade to fill this important post, they selected a man who possessed in an eminent degree, from education, from long personal experience in the Consular and Diplomatic Service in China, and from a thorough knowledge of the Chinese language, the most ample qualifications to fill the post. When Mr. Gladstone declared in the House of Commons, on May 6 last, that it was the opinion of the Government that in Mr. Wade they had "a man of ability and thorough competency for the discharge of the duties of the Mission; possessing in addition to the regular qualifications, a complete knowledge of the Chinese language so that he had all the gifts necessary to enable him to fill the office satisfactorily," he only spoke the bare truth. To every just minded Englishman in China, the news of the appointment of Mr. Wade must consequently be gratifying.

CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 566

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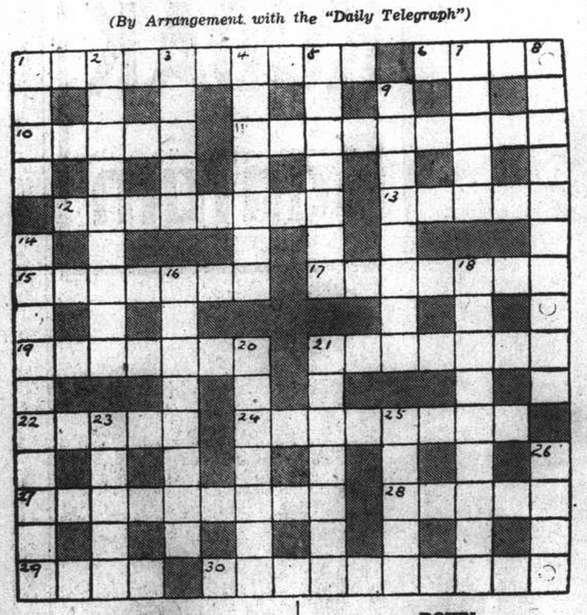
CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 567

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph")



ACROSS

1 A soldier may get this pinned on to him as the result of a serious charge
6 What a breeze may work up to
10 A channel for one-horse-power locomotion
11 A condiment (two words)
12 This business deal mostly refers to an Assyrian hunt
13 Push is needed here for success
15 There's something inexorable about the rig of this vessel
17 Canadian town
19 Even in the home one comes to this from a flight
21 Joy
22 This helps sailors to keep away from the bars
24 Jew and cricketer combine to defy gravity
27 My claim to faultlessness is faulty
28 Tremble
29 Exactly pleasant
30 Prior

DOWN

1 This fish has a single spot under the head
2 Contrary to order
3 A memento perhaps
4 A raised bank
5 More than curious males fought for by bargain-hunting females
7 A slip from the jumps
8 This poet apparently made the most of his medium
9 A spiritual contrast
14 Misery that may be an illness
16 With a fixed screw these fellows make no attempt to rise
18 The dark horse of the unfortunate punter's dreams
20 Vessel of a by-gone class that may be all gone
21 An ardent follower
23 Kind of jelly
25 Headwear
26 A mark in 30 across

What is the Answer to Hitler's Total War?

CAN Germany be beaten? Despite the belief in some quarters that Germany is now invincible the answer to the question is a definite "Yes"—but a "Yes" heavily weighted with conditions, writes Mr. Hanson W. Baldwin in the "New York Times Magazine."

The answer cannot be phrased in orthodox military terms alone. For total war—Hitler's war—is not orthodox war. It means much more than men and ships and tanks and guns. It means political, economic, psychological and industrial effort, as well as military. Total war requires a total answer.

Germany can be defeated, but only by speed of decision, rapidity of action and the greatest of effort. The receipt has been formulated by Winston Churchill; it requires "blood, sweat and tears" on the part of the United States, as well as on the part of Britain.

Given such effort, how then is it to be applied to beat Germany?

It is not, of course, possible to draw up any precise blueprint of victory, for war is uncertainty and plans cannot be inflexible. There are, however, two basic requirements before we can begin to talk of victory—one a state of mind, the other 94,000 square miles of earth.

An attitude of determined confidence is essential to any "Master Plan"; without the absolute conviction that "triumph we must," no plan can succeed. And, secondly, the base of Britain must be held, at any cost. For essential to any formula of victory is the maintenance of a base of operations across the sea, and this means the United Kingdom. If that falls—to assault or attrition—a protracted, over-ocean war of attrition waged from Western Hemisphere bases would still be possible, but scarcely a war of victory. The Battle of the Atlantic is still the crucial campaign of the war.

British Isles Must Be Held

The British Isles must, therefore, be held, primarily by the British, and they must be supplied, primarily by the United States. This means not only coast defences and mobile forces, anti-aircraft guns and fighter planes in greater and greater quantity to hold Britain; it means not only maintenance of the distribution, transportation and communication system within Britain, but it means also merchant ships and fighting ships to insure the delivery of supplies to Britain.

With such American help the British Isles can almost certainly be held. But it is important to emphasize that this cannot be done by passive aid alone; any and all measures necessary to decrease the rate of ship sinkings and to cushion the effect of German bombings upon British ports will be required.

These are purely defensive measures; they, alone, cannot achieve victory. At best they can merely prevent a Hitlerian conquest of the British Isles. Offensive measures of one sort or another are the key to victory.

With the base of Britain secured, however, it is possible to conceive of the defeat of Germany through a triple offensive—military, economic and political or psychological (or, for want of a better word, "revolutionary"). These offensives must be timed and carefully coordinated; each must contribute to the support of the other.

Military Measures

Military measures are, of course, the cornerstone of any structure of victory. For wars cannot be won without shooting, and superior strength is the final arbiter of conflict.

Air power is of fundamental importance in a strategy of victory. It is the only weapon of assault that it is possible for Britain to use directly against Germany and it is completely indispensable to all other arms. Without air superiority, victory over Germany is impossible.

Air power is a weapon of unknown potentialities. It raises the question: Can Germany be bombed into submission? The answer is that bombers alone cannot do the job; the sea lanes must be kept open if Britain hopes to be able to get the gasoline, the spare parts, the bombs that bombers need. And ships and fighting planes must in turn protect the bases of the bombers—ships and fighting planes and anti-aircraft guns and men to man them.

Given these things, given an increasing supply of bombers from the "Arsenal of Democracy," whole-scale, massive and continuous bombardment of Germany would unquestionably play a major role in any strategy of victory. Bombing is a two-edged sword. No only do intense raids do considerable military damage; they play upon what may be the major weakness in the whole German set-up—morale.

1,000 Bombers A Night

Whether or not it is possible to bomb Germany into submission from bases in the British Isles alone it is impossible to say. Militarily the problem is a great one, given the geographical disadvantages under which Britain labours. Five hundred to 1,000 bombers a night, perhaps many more, might be necessary if victory were to be achieved by bombs alone. Thus far no nation has put so many bombers in the air consistently. The British, for instance, bombed in the first 20 months of the war 270 objectives in Germany; 265 in Nazi-occupied territories; 27 in Italy and Sicily—a total of 562; yet they had not touched many objectives, perhaps an equal number, of prime military importance. A thousand planes against 1,000 military objectives is obviously none too many.

There is another problem involved in the utilization of such an armada of bombers—a problem of bases, supply and replacement. Recently Sir Edward Ellington, Marshal of the Royal Air Force, declared that it is "becoming increasingly difficult" to find airfield sites on "this small island" of Britain. Today the United Kingdom may have at a maximum 400 to 1,000 airfields; potential sites for others are available but space is not unlimited.

Ordinarily in wartime one squadron of some 12 planes is based on each airfield. In many instances the "airfields" of Britain are little more than smoothed-over cow pastures, which could not accommodate many more than twelve planes, even if it were safe to put so many planes in one place. Heavy bombers, of course, require large airfields, carefully laid out, and there are a limited number of these in Britain. To some extent this lack could be made up by utilizing sea planes or flying boats, but planes of this type are chiefly useful for overwater flying or coastal attack, and could not be used efficiently on great overland bombing raids.

Change to Air Offensive

Britain's supply of planes must be increased. For not until Britain can pass from what is essentially an air defensive to an air offensive; not until German fighter squadrons have been "neutralized" and daylight precision raiding of Germany is possible will a British victory be in sight. It has been estimated—and it is only a guess—that it would take about 12,000 planes to "neutralize" the German Air Force. In any case either this or the sending of, say, 1,000 bombers nightly over Germany would present great supply problems.

It has been estimated that 1,000 bombers a night means at least 3,000 on hand, for the same machines cannot be used night after night. One thousand bombers a night means a conservative 10 per cent. allowance per night for replacements due to enemy action, bad weather, take-off and landing accidents. This would mean a production capacity of 100 bombers a day, plus 300 men a day for the air crews, or 36,500 bombers and 109,500 men for bomber air crews annually. If 2,000 bombers are wanted as a striking force, 6,000 must be on hand and 73,000 produced a year.

It must be emphasized, however, that such bombing armadas may not be necessary, for there may be one crack in the German facade—illustrated perhaps by the flight of Rudolf Hess to Britain—and that is morale. The ability and willingness of the German people to endure protracted suffering are questionable. This is a strong point for Britain. British staying power, measured by resilience and courage in adversity, is probably superior to German staying power. Relentless and large-scale air bombardment, coupled with a far more effective blockade and with the unsettling effects of revolutionary war, might widen the crack to a break.

Germany's 260 Divisions

But trust in victory cannot be put upon these measures alone, and that the British are not putting their faith in air and sea power alone is shown by their preparations. Their army, as yet far inferior to Hitler's in strength, equipment and training, is constantly being increased, its goal is believed to be 100 divisions. German strength today is 260 divisions, operating on the "interior lines" of Europe, and all of these have never yet had to be used.

How, then, can man power best be employed in the formula for British victory? There is much difference of opinion about this question in London itself. Many believe in the receipt of de Gaulle:

"This is the time when we must attack. But not with an expeditionary force of men in battle-dress, with rifles at the slope. Tanks and guns. More guns and tanks. Thousands of aeroplanes. Tens of thousands of aeroplanes."

There is no general clarity as to how or where such land forces could be used. Egypt and the Middle East are, of course, an immediate theatre demanding men—well-trained and well-equipped men.

The British Isles, themselves, obviously require a garrison so strong as to discourage all threats of invasion, a garrison able to handle any such air-borne or even sea-supported attack as that launched against Crete. Other garrisons are needed at key points in the ocen passageways—Iceland, Freetown, Malta, Cyprus, Singapore. But these are defensive forces; these are to hold the bases without which British victory is not possible.

Where Man Power Is Needed

British land power may have to be used offensively if the war is to be won. Not in great mass, perhaps, but with great fire power; not in one grand smashing drive from the Brittany coast into France, not at all on the Continent of Europe until Britain has won decisive air superiority. Man power has to be used—in the Middle East, in North Africa, first to hold Suez and then to reconquer Cyrenaica and all of Libya; in West Africa, operating from Freetown to checkmate, perhaps to seize, Dakar. And eventually man power may have to be used to form citadels of resistance, bastions to keep German conquest within its present bounds, to force it to retreat a bit here, to seize a strategically important post there, a raw material centre in this place; to seize new bases for air power; to draw tighter and tighter the constricting bonds of the blockade.

Dakar, for instance, might be seized with or without French cooperation (though it might now require a major expedition to do it), and the tide of British advance might gradually seep up the African coast to the Pillars of Hercules to hold there the onrushing surge of German conquest. Eventually—given British naval superiority and hard-won local air superiority, given trained, thoroughly equipped men—Narvik, one of the principal ports for the export of iron ore to Germany, might be seized. Gradually this conquest might be extended down the Norwegian coast—gradually and with difficulties and losses—until air bases could be established, perhaps at Trondheim, perhaps at Bergen, from which Northern Germany could be bombed.

The Iberian peninsula, the Grecian peninsula and Sicily all offer possible similar objectives—not for millions of men, but for relatively small, very heavily armed and highly trained expeditionary forces, heavily protected by considerably superior air power.

Assault on Vital Centres

Even the coast of France or the Low Countries is a possibility, perhaps in a sense the most promising possibility from the British point of view, for an assault on Germany. For this last is closer to Germany's vital centres than the points on the periphery of the Continent, and with British air bases only some 50 to 150 miles away, the danger and difficulty of establishing a landing with only the protection of carrier-based planes (as would be necessary at Narvik, for instance) is obviated.

In this Channel coast region British air power could operate from its own protected bases against German defenders and—always provided a sufficient British air superiority is achieved locally—a successful landing in this region might be made. If more than an enclave were to be pushed into German-held territory, and the foothold developed into air bases and a battle front, the expeditionary force would have to fulfill de Gaulle's formula of "tanks and guns—thousands of aeroplanes, tens of thousands of aeroplanes." Not only would British air superiority have to be conclusive to permit even the planning of any such step, but the present German quantitative and qualitative superiority in tanks and mechanized vehicles would have to be neutralized, just as the German Air Force has to be neutralized.

Military measures, though fundamental, represent only a partial answer to the problem of victory over Germany. To the external pressure of the military vise must be added complementary internal pressure—an economy of scarcity within the Third Reich and the lands it controls, produced by tightening of the blockade and by other measures. Sea power plays a fundamental part, therefore, in the receipt for a British triumph.

Psychological Measures

There is still more to the complete answer. For there is another sort of internal pressure possible, which has as yet unknown, perhaps undreamed of, potentialities. This form of warfare is new; it was introduced by Hitler and it is a weapon which can be turned against him perhaps with disastrous consequences. It has been called psychological war, moral war, war by sabotage. Though it comprises and includes all these things, it is more inclusive than any of them, and perhaps is best called, as the British have called it, revolutionary war.

On the moral and psychological front may be Germany's greatest weakness. For her armies are now spread over the conquered lands of Europe, they control 152,000,000 people, most of them unhappy and dissident people, some of them on the thin edge of revolt but without military means for such expression. In Germany itself is a body of dissent, hidden and secret, but one which would certainly feed on reverses and might be stimulated by propaganda injected under the skin of the German body politic. And the German troops, themselves, wearied by the endless occupation of strange lands, influenced by the hostility of intransigeant peoples, are likely targets for propaganda.

TO-DAY'S RADIO

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Short wave: 24.80m., 12.09mc.

Daily broadcasts in four languages

Time table

12.00 Light music.
1.00 News in French.
1.15 Light music.
4.30 Light music.
5.30 Chinese lesson for foreigners.
5.50 French lesson for Chinese students.
6.10 Chinese music.
6.15 News in Chinese (Shanghai dialect).
6.30 Chinese music.
6.35 News in Chinese (Mandarin).
6.50 Light music.
7.20 Music by Russian composers.
7.30 News in Russian.
7.45 Music by Russian composers
7.50 Light music.
8.00 Causerie by Mme Claude Riviere. How much meat will you eat in your life? In 1819 every Frenchman ate in average 17 kgs. of meat in a year.
(Present allowance 18kg. 720).
8.15 Light music.
8.30 News in French.
8.45 Light music.
9.00 News in English.
9.30 Concert:

Mozart; Beethoven: Divergencies Mozart: Quatuor in sol major; Mozart: Divertissement No. 8; Beethoven: Moonlight Sonata; Mozart: Adagio in Si bemol; Mozart: Divertissement No. 16; Beethoven: Sonata in fa minor; Beethoven: 16th quatuor in fa major.

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

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To-day's Programme

7.30-12.00 Chinese Programme with News Broadcasts at 7.45 and 11.00 and Chinese Lesson at 8.30.
12.00 Selections from Operettas
12.45 News in English
1.00 News in Chinese
1.15 News in French
1.30 News in German
1.45 News in Russian
2.00 Czechoslovak News and Commentary
2.30 Dance Music
3.30 Woman and Home. Miss G. Darroch on "Tea Ceremonies" at 3.50
4.30 Chinese Programme, including "The Foundations of Chinese Music," by Professor Wei Chung-loh at 5.00. News at 5.20 and 6.00 and Commentary at 6.15
7.00 Russian Commentary
7.30 Summer Evening Melodies
8.00 Relay of B.B.C. News, War Commentary and Listening Post
8.30 "Cabbages and Kings"—Noel Abbott's Programme
9.00 News in English
9.20 "Weekly Commentary" by Alfred Morley
9.30 "Escape" by John Galsworthy Dorothea Brooking's Adaptation for Broadcasting with:—
Pat Merritt, Joyce Middleton, Kitty Sharp, Dorothea Brooking, Frank Barry, Ernest Baker, Noel Abbott, C. H. Arkwright, William Howard, E. G. Smith-Wright, Steve Gavin
(Repeated by Popular Request)
10.00 Songs by Paul Robeson and Marian Anderson
10.30 Waltzes and Tangos
11.00 Late Night Final
11.10 Dance Music
11.40 Moviegoers' News Summary
11.50-12.00 News in Chinese

BBC

The main items in the London programme which can be heard on GSV in the 16 metre band and GSF in the 19 metre band are:—

p.m.
8.00 NEWS. War Commentary and Listening Post.
8.30 The Blue Peter. (A Magazine programme for the Merchant Navy.
9.30 The Battle of Britain. A radio dramatisation.
10.00 News and News Commentary.
10.15 Starlight. Raymond Peachey with his Guitar.
11.00 Makers of History. Talk by Desmond Macarthy.
11.30 A programme of Song and Verse from the 1941 National Eisteddfod.
Midnight. World Affairs. Talk by H. Wickham Steed.

"Peace with Hitler Is Impossible"

San Francisco, Aug. 7.

"Peace with Hitler is impossible," says the "San Francisco Chronicle." "Peace does not exist for him. Peace with Hitler! Peace with a man who never kept a promise except a promise of brutal savagery. There can be no peace until the Hitler machine is broken beyond repair."—Reuter.

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To-day, Friday, August 8, 1941, at 9.30 a.m.
Books, pictures, carpets, glass and brass ware, porcelain ware, sun glasses, chemical oil samples, oil stove, cotton samples, ramie gross, kitchen stove, golf clubs, model junks, vibrator 220 volts, photographic enlarger, scales, kitchen tables, gent's and ladies clothing, raincoats, suits, dresses, shoes, hats, and sundries.

In Main Salesroom—Now On View
On Saturday, August 9, 1941, commencing at 9.30 a.m.
Upholstered double spring couches and arm chairs, Simmons day beds, studio couch, carpets, rugs, willow and wicker furniture, ping-pong table, child's chair and rocking horse, "Westinghouse" table fans, cabinet and portable gramophones, records, radio receiving sets, mah-jongg sets, cameras, violin, bronze clock, silver incense burner, Chinese lanterns, modern style bookshelves and side tables, Imported chest of drawer, large pictures and oil paintings, floor lamps, books, bookcases, desks, sideboards, cellarettes, dining tables, dining chairs, silver ware cabinets, wardrobes, dressing tables, chests of drawers, night tables, centre tables, chairs, stools, single and double bedsteads, mattresses, screens, teapoys, card tables, glass ware, crockery, lamp shades, etc., also
1 "Westinghouse" Refrigerator 200/110v., 1 "Zerozone" Refrigerator 220v.
1 Steel flat top writing desk, 1 Steel folding typewriter desk
1 "Corona" Portable typewriter, 1 large Imported fancy rocking horse
1 "Zenith" 9-tube radio 110 volts, 1 "G.E." 8-tube radio 200 volts
1 "R.C.A." 7-tube radio 110 volts, 1 "Majestic" 9-tube radio 110 volts
1 "Pathe" Cinema camera, 2 "Samson" and "R.C.A." amplifiers

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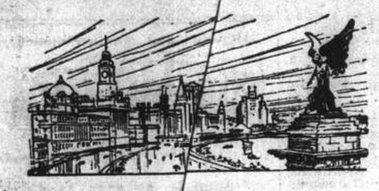

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

Articles and letters intended for publication in the news columns of the paper should be addressed to the Editor and not to individuals.

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

MR. EDEN'S WARNING

With the Japanese Press, obviously inspired, banging the big drum on the subject of alleged British intrigues in Thailand, in which there is not one word of truth, Mr. Anthony Eden's warning during the debate in the House of Commons on the subject of the progress of the war is timely. The technique adopted by the Japanese is in accordance with the formula already fully established by Hitler, and employed by the former prior to their forcing Vichy to accede to their demand for the handing over of bases in French Indo-China. Great Britain has no designs upon Thailand. She never has had. Instead she has maintained a friendship with that country for well over a century, during which time she has been able to serve it in many directions which have proved beneficial. There is most certainly no desire on the part of the British Government to take any step with regard to Thailand which would have the effect of adding to its already big commitments.

But it is clear that Japan has. In an attempt to proceed further with its southward expansionist movement Tokyo is endeavouring to bring Thailand within the sphere of its influence, and embody it in the so-called new order in Asia. And, as she does so, she is increasing the threat to British interests in Burma and the Malay States. Mr. Eden has bluntly stated "that any action which would threaten the independence and integrity of Thailand would be a matter of immediate concern to this country, more particularly as threatening the security of Singapore." The Foreign Secretary wisely did not attempt to foreshadow what action would be taken in the event of Japan proceeding with what is obviously her intention. That, perhaps, is just as well, for nothing can be done which does not have the full support of the American and Netherlands Governments, but there is not the slightest room for doubt that, if the situation should call for firm action, it will be forthcoming.

It will indeed be unfortunate if the Japanese allow themselves to be misled by the monstrous German claims regarding alleged overwhelming successes against Russia, designed for the reassurance of the German people on the one hand,—and they have reason enough for misgivings,—and timed so as to give Japan encouragement to make further moves southward on the other. The fight against the Russians is by no means finished. The Russians certainly have not lost it, and, if the statesmen in Tokyo fall into the trap which the Germans have prepared, they may have very serious reason to regret it. It may safely be said that the Japanese success in securing the surrender of French Indo-China is about the last achievement they can possibly effect without bringing the danger of war in the Pacific right up to the verge of an outbreak of hostilities. There may be an interval in which the tightening of economic sanctions which have already been applied would be put into effect, but Great Britain and her Allies, together with the United States mean business if Japan further threatens their interests in this part of the world.

The concentration of great strength in the Malay States and Singapore should clearly indicate to the Japanese that Great Britain and those supporting her do not intend to allow anything more to go by default. The defence of their interests will indeed be very real, and Japan may have cause for very considerable regret if those controlling her policy push matters too far. The statement that it is now possible for Britain to send a fleet to the Far East will mean that Britain and the United States will have more than parity in naval strength in the Pacific and there is very little doubt in the minds of their Governments as to what would be the outcome of a clash. There is still time for the Japanese to reconsider their position. That time may not, however, last long. To a very great extend that depends upon Japan herself, and her leaders would be wise to give due weight to Mr. Eden's warning which is just as blunt as the situation requires.

AN APPEAL WITHDRAWN

It will be remembered that in the early part of this year the "North-China Daily News" was prosecuted by Dr. Charles W. Rankin for contravention of the Betting and Lotteries Act of 1934 by publishing two advertisements of the Loterie de Bienfaisance S. A. and subsequently a list of the winning numbers. H. M. Registrar, sitting in the Police Court, found this journal guilty and fined it 10/- on each of the three counts. Notice of appeal was at once given, but in July that appeal was withdrawn. On Wednesday the following letter under date August 5, was received from Dr. Rankin:—

To the Editor of the
North-China Daily News."

Sir,—Since the prosecution of your paper under the Betting and Lotteries Act in the recent case in the British Court was undertaken for the public welfare; and since in your publications in this case you notified the public that the decision against you had been appealed in order to make this a test case for the benefit of the general public: would it not now be fair and right treatment of the public to advise it that you had dismissed your appeal, so evidencing that you now agreed that the decision of the lower court was good law, and that the Betting and Lotteries Act was now conceded to apply to British citizens resident in China?

Respectfully
Chas W. Rankin

It would be ungenerous not to grant Dr. Rankin the full savour of his success and the withdrawal of the appeal together with his letter are willingly made public.

It is possible to agree with him that probably the decision of the Registrar was good law, as the law stands at present, but what Mr. Bumble said about the law is, in this particular instance, shown to be so remarkably true. It is a fact that in parts of the British Empire lotteries are held, that in places like Hongkong, Singapore and India things can be done with impunity which are forbidden to British subjects in China. That, of course, may be good law but it is not common sense. Hongkong can raise money for war funds by means of a gigantic, publicized raffle. In Shanghai it is apparently unlawful for British subjects to do so. In this connection it may be pointed out that when the recent big war raffle was first started Dr. Rankin, doubtless actuated by the highest of principles, thought fit to interfere. That led to a recasting of the scheme to bring it within legal limitations, the recall of tickets already sold, and the issuing of others. The raffle nevertheless was held, proved highly successful, and Dr. Rankin's intervention was brought to naught. In January of this year Dr. Rankin appears to have taken offence at the action of this journal in advocating the establishment of a municipal lottery, submitting extracts from English law, which he believed supported his contention that the "North-China Daily News" had committed an indictable offence in adopting such a course and that action could be taken against it in the British Court. Why he did not do so is not known to this journal. It may be remarked that if it was unlawful for the "North-China Daily News" to advocate the establishment of a municipal lottery it was apparently lawful a little later for a member of the Legislative Council in the Malay States to put forward a somewhat similar proposition.

The Loterie de Bienfaisance has been in operation for some years for the purpose of supplying funds for the care of refugees. Its advertisements and lists of winning tickets have been published regularly in the local press, but it was not until after Dr. Rankin's interference with a British war fund effort, and his endeavour to admonish this journal that he took the action he did. That he did so was perfectly proper as being within his legal rights, but the ordinary man in the street will naturally ask why Dr. Rankin did not act against this lottery by prosecution of the Press immediately the first advertisements were published. Here is a lottery operated for nearly four years before Dr. Rankin suddenly discovers the iniquity of the British Press in publishing announcements concerning it. The height of Dr. Rankin's principles does not appear always to be equalled by his vigilance against what he happens to consider evil. It is fortunate that everyone does not think like him, for if they did the lot of the refugees, which the Loterie de Bienfaisance has assisted so splendidly, might indeed have been much worse than it actually was.

Nazi Peace Feelers

From Ankara comes the report that Hitler is about to make an offer of peace to Britain. If it turns out to be true and Hitler really does make an offer to Britain, it will be the most staggering piece of impertinence which this war has yet seen. The world has become so accustomed to the Nazi technique that such a peace offer was fully expected, and within recent weeks spokesmen of the Democracies have gone to some lengths to emphasize that it will never even be considered. Mr. Winston Churchill, the Prime Minister, only recently stated: "We have but one aim and one single, irrevocable purpose. We are resolved to destroy Hitler and every vestige of the Nazi régime. From this nothing will turn us. Nothing. We will never parley. We will never negotiate with Hitler or any of his gang." That statement would seem to be definite enough; it could hardly be more emphatic. It is therefore amazing that the Nazi leader should imagine for a moment that any offer of peace he might make to Britain tomorrow would so much as tempt the War Cabinet to relax the Empire's efforts for a second. Hitler, of course, judges promises by a different standard from that upheld by the Democracies. To him a promise, a sacred commitment, means nothing more than a device to pull wool over the eyes of a powerful neighbour. It is something to be repudiated or ignored the moment it proves to his advantage to do so. His behaviour to Soviet Russia is the latest proof he has given of this treachery. Only two months ago he was bound to Moscow by a non-aggression treaty; today he is at war with the Soviets. Who can believe anything he swears to, in the face of his past record? Owing to his own folly, Hitler has got the German nation into a most difficult position. In Russia the German armies are making slow progress at almost crippling cost. In the rear of these armies the Royal Air Force is making tremendous ravages in Germany's factories and lines of communications. Hitler's hopes of postponing the starvation of his swollen empire by seizure of the harvests of the Ukraine have fallen through. His attempt to choke Britain by his war against shipping has recoiled on his own head. His "blockade" is failing, while the British have learnt from his tactics the way to intensify their own blockade of Europe. Mr. C. R. Attlee disclosed in the House of Commons that during July the British destroyed, damaged, or put out of action no fewer than 69 ships in the North Sea and the Atlantic, totalling 291.000 tons, while in the Mediterranean 23 Axis ships were destroyed, totalling 158,000 tons, not counting another 30 ships which Mr. Attlee described as having been "considerably damaged." This means a loss to the Axis of nearly 450.000 tons of shipping—a much greater loss to them than a similar loss would be to Britain, when the proportion of the mercantile fleets nossessed by the belligerents is taken into consideration. Hitler is losing. He therefore wants peace. In Soviet Russia his vast armies are being held by an enemy who is as powerful numerically and in equipment as they are themselves. The Luftwaffe has shown itself to be quite incapable of preventing British raids on the heart of the Nazi war machine. Hitler's diplomatic offensives have lost their sting, since the force he previously used to back them up has diminished. And at this time, of all others he appears to be seeking to make peace!

STRAY NOTES

Weihaiwei, July 16.—When I wrote the other day about those wild honey-bees being already at home in their wooden hive I was wrong, and I now find that the whole process took two or three days: the reason why I did not go too near the hive has already been explained.... and that is a tender subject. Perhaps the best idea will be for me to explain the whole process. The "Jeeves" apparatus consisted really of two boxes, the lower one having, for the time being, no lid to it, and the top one being merely a sort of canopy with no bottom to it, and with one side removed, so that it could be pushed over the top of the swarm; the whole contraption was rigged up on a Chinese stool and placed so that I could not see the swarm at all when I made the statement mentioned above. In the bottom box (i.e. the future hive) Jeeves had spread sugar sprinkled with water so that, as he put it, "this bee can easy chow." And it certainly appeared that all the bees had left the tree for the sugar. So the next time I visited the scene, seeing no bees, I boldly approached and peeped in: there was an angry buzz and about half the swarm came at me, obviously sharpening their bayonets as they flew: being fairly active, and having a topee (not to mention two handkerchiefs and a walking stick) I managed to escape without fatal injury: so I called Jeeves for further explanation: he smiled at my fears and said, "B'long dissa way: first time some man-bee walkee inside box makee chow: he no come back: so byanbye dis woman-bee walkee inside makee looksee: then chop-chop all other man-bee walkee inside." This seemed so reasonable that I did not argue further: and the following day I found that the Jeeves prophecy had come true: the bottom box was neatly hung up on a wall and the bees were buzzing round it: but there was no sloping entrance such as I have always seen.. only little holes in the side of the box: so I said, "Jeeves, this no b'long proper fashion walkee inside": he said, "Yes, Master this b'long wild bee": Then I, remembering yesterday, said "Jeeves, you're right." —E.S.W.

The fine lady looks upon her empire as founded upon the divine right of beauty (and full as good a divine right it is as any king, emperor, or pope can pretend to); she requires, and commonly meets with, unlimited passive obedience. And why should she not meet with it? Her demands go no higher than to have her unquestioned preeminence in beauty, wit, and fashion firmly established. Few sovereigns (by the way) are so reasonable.—Lord Chesterfield.

* * *

It is a celebrated thought of Socrates, that if all the misfortunes of mankind were cast into a public stock, in order to be equally distributed among the whole species, those who now think themselves the most unhappy would prefer the share they are already possessed of, before that which would fall to them by such a division. Horace has carried this thought a good deal further; he says that the hardships or misfortunes which we lie under are more easy to us than those of any other person would be, in case we could change conditions with him.—Joseph Addison.

* * *

Here is a story that is worth passing on. Dr. Malcolm Sargent—one of our wellknown conductors—has been touring the provinces with the Philharmonic Orchestra and has frequently appeared at the same time that a blitz has been going on. It was a thrilling and exciting experience, he said. "In one town I did a programme following a dreadful blitz. Just as we were going to do the second number the sirens went. I turned to the audience and said, 'The Germans may kill you and me at any moment, but here is something they can never kill. It is Beethoven's Seventh Symphony.' Not a soul left the place and the orchestra played like angels."

THE CHURCHILL FAMILY

In Great Britain interest in the private lives of statesmen does not reach the heights to which it has attained in the United States. The present Prime Minister is an especially important figure in these islands today, yet even in his case the rule holds, wirelessed Robert P. Post from London to the New York "Times." This does not mean that his family—Mrs. Churchill, their son and three daughters—have no lives of their own to live and no special personality. Churchill blood is usually extremely strong and carries with it definite characteristics. Hence it creates no surprise when "Winston's" family strikes out on its own, makes a name and wins a place for itself, quite apart from the reputation of the famous father.

Mrs. Churchill is little known to the public. Tall and beautiful, she has seen her task in the world as one primarily of caring for her husband and furthering his career. Nor is this an easy task, considering Mr. Churchill's abundant energy and capacity for work. He must be carefully watched if he is not to burn himself out. Thus it is Mrs. Churchill who sees that he eats his proper meals and eats them on time; who sees that he takes his daily naps without which he could never carry on his tremendously long day's work, continuing as it does sometimes until 2 or 3 in the morning, exhausting generals and admirals and Mr. Churchill's immediate staff.

Mrs. Churchill, however, occasionally appears in public and almost invariably accompanies the Prime Minister on any important trip. She was with him on his journey to the farthest north in Scotland to see the Halifaxes off for the United States. She invariably accompanies him on his week-ends in the country. Occasionally she appears in public alone, inspecting some sort of women's work or visiting a hospital. But these appearances are rare. Mostly her life is spent in Downing Street, where she does needlework, and in the country, where she likes to go for long walks. Nor is her task a small one. At 66 Mr. Churchill seems to have all the vigour and energy he had when he rode in the cavalry charge at Omdurman or escaped from the Boer prison camp. For a man who has lived life as hard as he has, this is no small achievement and most of the credit is due to Mrs. Churchill. Since the entire Empire looks toward Mr. Churchill as its head and great war leader, Mrs. Churchill has won her own special reward of the nation's gratitude.

Mr. Churchill's only son, Randolph, is 30 and, in his case, history may draw a curious parallel. Winston Churchill was devoted to his own father, Lord Randolph Churchill, after whom his son is named. Much the same relation exists today between father and son. Young Churchill worships his father and his father is proud of his boy. Furthermore, Randolph is following somewhat in his father's footsteps. Already he has made a certain reputation as a journalist and lecturer. He started his political life early, contesting several Parliamentary seats before he finally won that of Preston in the by-election in which he was unopposed under a Parliamentary truce. He was introduced in the House by his father, who beamed with pride. Soon afterward he made his maiden speech in the Commons, in which he discussed war aims as seen by youth. The speech was much praised, though some veteran critics did not consider it showed much promise.

When the war broke out young Churchill joined his father's regiment, the Fourth Hussars. He is now in the army and has not been seen in Parliament for some time. His wife, the former Pamela Digby, whom he married just after the war began—his father and mother gave a reception at Admiralty House—lives mainly with the elder Churchills. So does their infant son Winston. It remains to be seen whether this son will follow as closely in his father's footsteps as that father followed in his father's. At any rate, if Randolph chooses he has got material for as good a biography as the Prime Minister wrote of Lord Randolph.

Daughters of Distinction

Winston Churchill's eldest child is his daughter Diana, who is married to Duncan Sandys. He is a member of the little group of members of Parliament inside the Conservative party who revolved round Mr. Churchill during his pre-war opposition to the Neville Chamberlain government. Mrs. Sandys, like most other women in these islands today, occupies herself with running her house and doing all sorts of war work, from knitting to nursing. But, being a Churchill and a politician's wife, she spends some of her time in doing the political work her soldier husband doesn't have time to perform himself.

The second of the Churchill daughters is Sarah. She is only 26, but already has built up some reputation on stage, screen and radio. She is married to Vic Oliver, singer and comedian. Recently they have been playing in the same show, which is touring London suburbs. It is a sort of old-fashioned vaudeville act, with Oliver appearing in old Noel Coward skits and Mrs. Oliver doing scenes from Shakespeare, including the balcony scene from "Romeo and Juliet."

The youngest of the Churchills is Mary, aged 18. The war interrupted her plans for a conventional London coming-out. Like other girls of her age, she is engaged in war work of all kinds. Recently she appeared and made her first speech at War Weapons Week functions which were held all over England to raise money for the war effort. Her engagement to Viscount Duncannon, son of the Earl of Bessborough, has been reported in the British press.

Miss Churchill appears to have her father's insouciance in the face of danger. Recently she tried to get on board a subway train and was standing on the footboard trying to open the doors when the train started to move from the station. She rode to the end of the platform on the footboard and then threw herself off and rolled along the platform. As people rushed to pick her up she rose calmly, brushed herself off and walked away unaided, assuring bystanders that she was perfectly all right.

IN PARENTHESIS

That Nasty Word

ADOLPH: In six weeks, my firnds, I will be in the Ural Mountains.
Josef: Ural liar.

* * *

Big Ben After the Blitz

In the fell clutch of circumstance
I have not winced but chimed aloud:
Under the bludgeoning of Hans
My face is blackened, but unbowed.

* * *

Referred to Vicar

"My dear," said the champion borrower, "when I returned Mr. Storm's mower with the blade broken he swore at me!"

His wife sniffed.

"We don't want that sort of thing to happen again, dear," she replied. "You'd better borrow from the vicar next time."

* * *

Old, Old Story

"You don't give me worms to eat," said the Boche aviator to his captor.

"No, nor rats either," was the laughing reply.

"But you are starving, hein? We read that the little boy told his mother that no one loved him and that he was going into the garden to eat the worms."

* * *

Are You Slowing Up?

Are you a slave to your possessions?

Do you grouse at the antics of younger people?

Are you more critical of others than you used to be?

Do you rant and rave if you're kept waiting for two minutes?

Do you try to run your life on schedule and make everyone fit into it?

Does the thought of losing your job strike you as the End of the World?

Do you find yourself nursing petty prejudices and finding faults with your friends?

Do you get mad when you receive invitations because "parties are a waste of time?"

Does a change in plans upset your whole day, ruin your evening and spoil your life?

Do you try to copy other people instead of branching out and having some new ideas of your own?

Do you live in the past instead of the present, dragging out and dusting off thoughts from your mental attic?

WHEN you hear of a new invention or idea do you:

Say it's the "bunk?"
Turn a deaf ear?
Claim your own method is better?
Say that you can't be bothered to keep up with everything that's going on?

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THE SPORTS PAGE

Recs Out to Consolidate Runner-Up Position in Lawn Bowls League Series

HAVING accounted for the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club last week, the Shanghai Recreation Club are now back in second place in the lawn bowls league standings. Prospects of their winning the league this summer are far from being rosy now and they still have a rough passage ahead of them. They will meet a severe obstacle tomorrow afternoon when they clash with the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club "Blues" in a second round encounter. This tussle, in view of the evenness of the two teams, should be the focus of interest of local lawn bowls enthusiasts.

Tomorrow's programme marks the opening of the second round and will consist of three other first division matches and three junior league encounters. The Clube Lusitano "Greens," of the senior division, and the Barbarians Bowling Club, of the junior section, have drawn byes.

Out For Revenge

Though the Shanghai Recreation Club, the defending champions, were forced to eat humble pie in their first encounter with the S.L.B.C. "Blues" having been defeated 2-3, it does not mean that the latter is certain to triumph again. When the Recs go on the greens tomorrow it will be with the express purpose to eradicate their previous defeat and with such stalwarts as G. B. Stormes, F. O. Madar and G. V. Jensen now truly in their stride, the Recs rinks should be in an excellent position to win.

Meanwhile, the S.L.B.C. "Blues," having risen from fifth position to fourth in the league ratings, will be striving to continue their climb to the top, and although it is doubtful that they will be able to draw up to the leaders, they may be seen in a higher berth by the time the league is concluded. They will be out tomorrow to dispel any theory of their earlier win over the S.R.C. was a fluke. C. Richards, J. E. Harvey and E. R. Harmer will be skipping the "Blues" four.

The chances tomorrow of the Clube Lusitano "Reds" adding more valuable points—at least four if not five—when they clash with the weak Police Recreation Club representatives, are generally conceded to more than just good. With the same three sterling pivots, A. M. Souza, H. A. Ozorio and E. A. Souza to lead the Portuguese bowlers, a victory for the Clube appears to be a foregone conclusion.

Police Not Favoured

The Police have displayed very poor form until last week when they gave the Junior Golfers a close run but lost the issue by the infinitesimal margin of one shot. It is doubtful, however, that they will be able to give the Lusitanians a very hard fight.

Meanwhile, at the greens of the Shanghai Junior Golf Club, the home team will have a second attempt at ousting the S.L.B.C. "Reds," their guests for tomorrow and their first-round conquerors. In view of the indifferent performances of the Junior Golf Club bowlers, it is difficult to see them emerge victorious. The question of an upset, however, is within the realms of possibility and it will be a distinct feather in the cap of the golfers if they should defeat the "Reds."

S.L.B.C. "Reds" Are Ready

In order to make it difficult for the S.J.G.C. to upset them, the "Reds" have appointed such reputable skips as W. J. Mank, W. A. Turnbull and W. H. Train to captain their four. Though they have not been particularly brilliant this summer, the "Reds" have been fairly consistent. Their losses have been against such strong teams as the Hongkew golfers, the Lusitano "Reds" and their own "Blues" aggregation.

The fourth first division clash will see the Yangtszepoo Bowling Club being pitted against the Hongkew Golf Club. A terrific battle may be waged here. The former will be out to make amends for their recent showing and to improve their league position while the latter will be taking the greens with the intention of wiping out their earlier defeat at the hands of the Yangtszepoo men.

The complete schedule for tomorrow follows:—

FIRST DIVISION

Shanghai Junior Golf Club v. S.L.B.C. "Reds."
Clube Lusitano "Reds" v. Police Recreation Club.
Yangtszepoo Bowling Club v. Hongkew Golf Club.
S.L.B.C. "Blues" v. Shanghai Recreation Club.

SECOND DIVISION

S.L.B.C. v. Shanghai Junior Golf Club.
Hongkew Golf Club v. Clube Lusitano.
Shanghai Recreation Club v. Country Club.

Week-End Teams

Lawn Bowls

Police Recreation Club

FIRST DIVISION

Clube Lusitano "Reds" v. Police, 4 p.m. at Lusitano greens. P.R.C.:—R. C. Martin (skip), R. J. Wimsett, D. Crawford, J. Ball, J. M. Sanbrook (skip), I. B. Williams, C. White, C. McCahey; Mr. L. Crowther (skip), W. Hutton, G. H. Craik, J. J. Gavan. Reserves: S. Nancarrow, G. Knifton, A. Telfer, S. S. Knowles, F. Corish. Players unable to turn out are requested to notify G. H. Craik, telephone 15280, immediately.

Shanghai Recreation Club

S.L.B.C. "Blues" v. S.R.C., 4 p.m. at S.L.B.C. greens. S.R.C.:—G. V. Jensen (skip), W. T. Manley, W. Hall, H. R. Hotchkiss, G. B. Stormes (skip), C. Thompson, R. E. Manley, B. A. Shirazee, F. O. Madar (skip), G. N. Manley, J. M. C. Lopes, T. G. Almeida.

SECOND DIVISION

S.R.C. v. Country Club, 4 p.m. at S.R.C. greens. S.R.C.:—G. Madar (skip), V. L. Xavier, J. A. Tibbie, J. J. Aldeguer, W. Moore (skip), J. R. McDonald, N. C. Breman, F. M. Remedios; W. H. Richardson (skip), A. E. Collins, T. Veitch, E. Gifford. Reserves: T. Murray and A. A. Lopes.

Shanghai Lawn Bowls Club

FIRST DIVISION

S.L.B.C. "Blues" v. S.R.C., 4 p.m. at S.L.B.C. greens. S.L.B.C.:—C. Richards (skip), F. S. Ward, A. Braid, E. E. Wallwork; J. E. Harvey (skip), T. J. Goodman, A. T. Barrett, F. McLennan; E. R. Harmer (skip), J. Munro, H. S. Ball, J. P. Stalker.

S.L.B.C. "Reds" v. S.J.G.C., 4 p.m. at S.J.G.C. greens. S.L.B.C.:—W. J. Mank (skip), W. J. Ward, J. J. Evans, H. S. Bartley; W. A. Turnbull (skip), A. Harvey, W. J. MacDermott, L. A. Whittaker; W. H. Train (skip), A. S. Russell, E. Owen, D. A. Macfarlane.

SECOND DIVISION

S.L.B.C. v. S.J.G.C., 4 p.m. at S.J.G.C. greens; S.L.B.C.:—C. Pratt (skip), J. A. Stoddart, A. M. Parker, A. F. Howkins; T. Slade (skip), S. R. Mills, H. B. Lobb, D. F. Harbottle; D. R. Scrimgeour (skip), J. Henry, A. W. Tait, G. B. Fryer.

Hongkew Golf Club

FIRST DIVISION

Y.B.C. v. H.G.C., 4 p.m. at Y.B.C. greens. H.G.C.:—C. M. Sequeira (skip), A. G. Costa, E. C. J. Pereira, J. Rocha; J. M. M. Britto (skip), M. P. Campos, J. J. Souza, A. R. Portalia; A. M. Gutierrez (skip), F. G. Ozorio, L. A. M. Ozorio, A. H. Corveth. Reserve: A. A. Assis.

SECOND DIVISION

H.G.C. v. Y.B.C., 4 p.m. at H.G.C. greens. H.G.C.:—C. A. Pereira (skip), A. M. Gonsalves, A. M. Correa, A. M. Jesus; J. M. O. Sequeira (skip), A. F. Diniz, F. Medina, O. R. Holmes; Alb. Costa (skip), A. S. Braza; G. C. Jorge, S. A. Pintos. Reserves: J. M. Remedios.

Yangtszepoo Bowling Club

FIRST DIVISION

Y.B.C. v. H.G.C., 4 p.m. at Y.B.C. greens. Y.B.C.:—A. Marshall (skip), A. B. Hogg, R. Matheson, A. McLean; W. R. Chisholm (skip), D. MacCallum, L. A. Greenhalgh, W. G. Francis, A. Cheetham (skip), S. S. Wilkinson, J. Colquhoun, W. C. Grant. Reserve: H. McMahon.

SECOND DIVISION

H.G.C. v. Y.B.C., 4 p.m. at H.G.C. greens. Y.B.C.:—J. O. Drysdale (skip), W. Simpson, J. L. Fletcher, W. G. Smith; L. Beattie (skip), C. M. Keenan, F. C. McPherson, R. M. Jordan; A. Sharp (skip), H. Booth, G. Muller, M. McVicar. Reserve: J. T. Wakelin.

Clube Lusitano

FIRST DIVISION

Clube Lusitano "Reds" v. Police, 4 p.m. at Lusitano greens. Reds:—A. M. Souza (skip), S. del Rivero, F. Machado, F. M. F. Gutierrez; H. A. Ozorio (skip), C. L. Passos, B. F. Marques, J. M. Gutierrez; E. A. Souza (skip), J. P. de Campos, O. H. Edgran, A. A. Leitao. Reserves: A. M. Sequeira, M. A. Sequeira.

Cricket

S.R.C. Colts (v. An S.C.C. XI, tomorrow at 1.45 p.m. on the Police Ground):—C. J. Smith (Capt.), T. H. Anderson, V. T. Barma, T. Buckley, A. F. Gomes, G. Grundt, D. F. Harris, R. Manley, L. P. Quincey, W. Quincey, A. Symons. Reserves: Karmiloff, Harvey.

Feller Becomes A Philanthropist

Bob Feller has become a philanthropist he admitted in Cooperstown N.Y. and will spend $1,000 a year on four college scholarships for worthy boys.

The plan already is in operation but the modest young star of the Cleveland Indians kept his benevolence under cover until recently when reporters cornered him to enquire about reports that had come from Iowa.

"Yes, I've got one boy at Morningside College in Sioux City now," the wonder pitcher said "And I am going to start another each year until I have four there."

Birth of Scheme

Feller, a farm boy from Van Meter, Iowa, who never went to college himself but earns in excess of $30,000 annually, explained that he worked out the plan last winter with President Earl Roadman of Morningside.

"I went there once last fall to appear between halves at a football game and Mr. Roadman gave me a cheque. I met him several other times during the winter and we got our heads together on the idea and worked out a plan where I would provide $250 a year for the support of each of four boys for four years at college.

Selection Method

"Each boy will be picked on scholarship, athletic ability, character and financial need. We have a committee of the president, the state superintendent of schools and myself. We started out with a boy named Jim Stack. He is a football and basketball player and I think he is a golfer, too."

Asked how long he expected to continue the scholarships, Feller replied, "As long as my money holds out."

Latest Standings In Lawn Bowls

FIRST DIVISION

	P.	W.	L.	P. Pts.	Pct.
C.L. "Reds"	5	5	0	25 22	.880
S.R.C.	5	3	2	25 14½	.580
Hongkew G.C.	6	3	3	30 17	.567
S.L.B.C. "Blues"	6	4	2	30 17	.567
Y.B.C.	5	3	2	25 13	.520
S.L.B.C. "Reds"	5	3	2	25 13	.520
J.G.C.	5	2	3	25 12	.480
C.L. "Greens"	5	1	4	25 7	.280
Police R.C.	6	0	6	30 4	.133

SECOND DIVISION

S.L.B.C.	4	4	0	20 18	.900
Hongkew G.C.	5	4	1	25 20	.800
Y.B.C.	4	2	2	20 11½	.575
Country Club	5	2	3	25 11	.400
B.B.C.	4	4	2	20 8	.400
J.G.C.	3	1	2	15 5½	.367
S.R.C.	5	1	4	25 6½	.260
Clube Lusitano	4	1	3	20 4½	.225

Down But Not Downhearted

Though they suffered a reversal of 12-8 at the hands of the Erin Villa in their last appearance in the Ladies' Softball League at the Race Course, the Columbia Country Club team are looking at the bright side of things: at least they managed to collect eight runs from a well-nigh invincible aggregation. Pictured above are members of the C.C.C. team:—(back row) Louisa Carriere, Yvonne Nichols, Joan Harling, Mary Cowe; (middle row) Jessie Brown, Joan Picozzi; (front row) Betty Gray, Vivienne Jackson, Irene Ohrnberger.

Porpoises Oust Walruses 1-0 In Critical Water Polo Game

THE Foreign "Y" Porpoises virtually retained the Water Polo League championship last night when, in a titanic struggle with their brother team, the Walruses, they managed to score one goal—the only point registered during the entire game. With their opponents marking them with well-nigh perfection, the winners found it difficult to score more than once in what was probably the most thrillingly contested clash of the summer.

From the spectators' point of view, two factors prevented the Porpoises from emerging victorious by as convincing a margin as 5-1—the result of their earlier clash. The first was their failure to convert several virtual sitters through poor marksmanship in the first half, the second factor was the splendid marking of their men by the Walruses with a pair of overworked backs, Turner and Griffiths, playing a sterling game in not allowing the senior forwards to have unhindered shots at their goal.

Porpoises Press Early

From the very start the game took an exciting turn with the Porpoises holding an almost continuous territorial advantage but being unable to score. The Walruses' forwards were seldom given an opportunity to handle the ball in the first period. Charlie Butt, their usually trustworthy centre-forward, was absolutely helpless as MacAllister stuck to him during the entire game like flypaper.

With Butt literally out of commission and Igor Grebenschikoff with his hands full marking Archie Logan, the Walruses' forwarde were starved. Occasionally a long pass would come up but these were quickly and effectively dealt with by Alex Grebenschikoff and Vernich whose long reach proved a definite advantage.

The result of the Walruses' inability to attack was that Pitts had altogether only three or four shots to save, and of these, only one really tested him. Meanwhile, Ivanow, between the sticks for the losers, put up a magnificent performance, meeting ever aggression, except one, with well timed clearances.

Junior Tactics Fail

The Walruses' intention of getting close to the goal before shooting failed to bear fruit and it might have been a better plan if they had, like the Porpoises, attempted some long shots. It was practically impossible for their forwards to break through Vernich and A. Grebenschikoff, veritable stone-walls of the senior defence.

Soon after the start, the Porpoises made their strength felt by taking the initiative and attacking the Walruses' goal. Wyatt had about three shots at it but each time missed the mark far and wide. It was not till the sixth minute of the tussle that MacAllister took a long shot from about the middle of the pool to beat Ivanow who, having just dealt with a barrage a moment sooner was caught partly under water and off his guard.

A Charmed Goal

Both Smith and Wyatt of the Porpoises just missed scoring towards the close of the first period when both their shots hit the goalpost. The second half was scoreless although the winners dominated the play.

Having come through unscathed in all of their six matches, and with only two more matches, against the A.S.F. "Tritons" and the Rowing Club to play, there is little that should stop the Porpoises from carrying off the Ewo trophy once again.

In another Water Polo League match played off yesterday at the Rowing Club pool, the oarsmen scored their first victory of the season when they swamped the A.S.F. Tritons by 5-1.

The teams were:—

Porpoises:—Pitts; Vernich, A. Grebenschaikoff; MacAllister, Smith, Logan, Wyatt.

Walruses:—Ivanow; Turner, Griffiths; I. Grebenschikoff; Stephen, Butt, A. Maher.

Softball Leaders Active Today

Although the Race Club are now heading the "A" Division league standings of the Shanghai Softball League with a splendid average of .833 per cent, their position is far from being secure as the Buccaneers have made sensational gains during the last three weeks, rising from fifth position to second.

With both these two teams scheduled to play this afternoon, the Buccaneers against the Texaco squad, and the Race Club against the Foreign "Y" Cubs, competition will be keener than ever despite the fact that both teams are expected to survive their respective tests this afternoon and continue their winning streak.

Meanwhile, the Columbia Country Club, who are still well in the running, having suffered only two defeats, are also expected to be a threat to both the Race Club and the Buccaneers in the near future.

The following is the schedule for this afternoon, together with the latest standings.

"A" Division

S.F.X. v. C.C.C. (C.C.C.).
Buccaneers v. Texaco (R.C. 1).
Race Club v. "Y" Cubs (R.C. 3).

"A" Division

	P	W.	L.	Pct.
Race Club	6	5	1	.833
Bucs	5	4	1	.800
C.C.C.	7	5	2	.714
C. of C.	6	4	2	.666
Texaco	7	2	5	.285
"Y" Cubs	4	1	3	.250
S.F.X.	6	0	6	.000

"B" Division

AMERICANS

S.M.C.—1	6	5	1	.833
P.T.H.	6	5	1	.833
"Y" Tigers	5	3	2	.600
Phil. S.V.C.	6	3	3	.500
Synagogue	5	2	3	.400
Betar	5	0	5	.000

NATIONALS

St. John's	6	6	0	1.000
Lusitano	4	3	1	.750
Doong Shing	6	4	2	.667
S.M.P.—2	4	2	2	.500
Chase Bank	5	2	3	.400

Dodgers Snatch Back Lead in National League by Nosing Out Yanks 3-1 in Tight Game

New York, Aug. 6.

LEO Durocher's Brooklyn Dodgers won back the National League leadership when they defeated the New York Giants 3 to 1 in a hard fought game here.

Largely responsible for ousting the St. Louis Cards was Walter Higbe, ace Brooklyn hurler, who turned back the Giants with four hits. The score was knotted in the ninth inning when the Dodgers pushed over a pair of scores. This afternoon the Cincinnati Reds had an easy time disposing of the Cards, winning 5 to 1 behind the steady pitching of Johnny Vander Meer.

Vander Meer found himself in trouble in the third inning but tightened up and easily retired the side. At the time the bases were loaded and no outs were recorded against the Cards. Johnny then proceeded to fan John Mize, Enos Slaughter and Jim Brown on ten pitched balls.

Shut-out by Salvo

Boston's Bees blanked the Philadelphia Phillies 6 to 0 as Manuel Salvo turned in his best game of the season, limiting the Phillies to five scattered hits.

The Bees scored their first run in the fourth, added another score in the seventh and then pushed over four runs in the eighth. Truett Sewell recorded another victory as the Pittsburgh Pirates swamped the Chicago Cubs 13 to 3. Sewell helped out with his own victory by connecting with a homer in the seventh.

Three Chicago hurlers were nicked for thirteen hits. The Pirates scored in every inning but the fourth.

Cleveland's once mighty Indians slipped further out of the American League pennant picture when they were downed 11 to 2 by the Detroit Tigers today.

11 Runs in One Inning

Detroit set a record for the season by pushing over eleven runs in the third inning. Four Indian hurlers were used during the Tiger's batting spree.

Alton Benton went the full rout for the Tigers and allowed only six hits. He hurled shutout ball until the seventh, when both of the Indian runs were scored.

The New York Yanks divided a double header with the Boston Red Sox taking the second game 3 to 1 but losing the opener 6 to 3.

The Home-run Artists

Bob Doerr and Manager Joe Cronin hit homers for the Indians in the opener. Joe DiMaggio and Joe Gordon supplied two of New York's three runs by connecting with circuit drives.

Joe DiMaggio won the second game by clouting out a double in the sixth which brought in two runs.

The St. Louis Browns, though outhit, downed the Chicago White Sox 9 to 6 in the opener of their double header. Chicago came back to take the second game 5 to 2.

Though his club lost, Joe Kuhel was the hero of the first game. Joe connected with a homer, two doubles and a single out of five trips to the plate.

Spotlight on Kuhel Again

Kuhel also figured in the scoring of the nightcap, producing a single while Mike Kreevich came through with a double and Taft Wright a single in producing two of the Chisox runs.

Box scores:—

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	6	0
Boston	6	10	0
Batteries: Chandler, Branch and Dickey; Hughson, Ryba and Peacock.			
New York	3	9	2
Boston	1	5	0
Batteries: Breuer and Rosar; Harris and Pytlak.			
Chicago	6	15	1
St. Louis	9	11	0
Batteries: Rigney, Haynes and Tresh, Dickey; Auker, Castern and Swift.			
Chicago	5	11	2
St. Louis	2	6	1
Batteries: Lee and Turner; Muncrief, Trotter and Ferrell.			
Detroit	11	11	1
Cleveland	2	6	2
Batteries: Benton and Sullivan; Bagby, Milnar, Kralcauskas, Eisenstat and Hemsley.			

NIGHT GAME

Philadelphia	1	6	0
Washington	5	9	0
Batteries: Beckman, Dean, and Hayes; Leonard and Early.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

St. Louis	1	8	1
Cincinnati	5	11	0
Batteries: Crouch, Nahem, Krist, Hutchinson and Mancuso, Cooper; Vander Meer and West.			
Pittsburgh	13	13	0
Chicago	3	9	2
Batteries: Sewell and Davis, Lopez, Baker; Pressnell, Lee, Page and McCullough, George.			

NIGHT GAMES

Boston	6	11	0
Philadelphia	0	5	1
Batteries: Salvo and Berres; S. Johnson, Podgajny, Melton and Warren.			
Brooklyn	3	8	0
New York	1	4	0
Batteries: Higbe and Owen; Hubbell and Danning.—United Press.			

LEAGUE STANDINGS

American League

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	71	34	.676
Cleveland	58	44	.569
Boston	53	49	.520
Chicago	50	53	.485
Philadelphia	48	54	.471
Detroit	49	56	.467
St. Louis	41	60	.406
Washington	40	60	.400

National League

St. Louis	66	37	.641
Brooklyn	65	38	.644
Pittsburgh	56	43	.566
Cincinnati	54	47	.535
New York	46	50	.479
Chicago	45	57	.441
Boston	43	57	.430
Philadelphia	29	74	.260

—United Press.

Hurricanes and Mounties Win In Polo Tourneys

BY "THE CHASER"

The Mounties continued their winning vein in the Army Cup polo tourney when they disposed of the Troopers by the count of 6-3 after a match which was far more closely contested than the scores appear to indicate. The losers received a handicap of one goal but this did not seem to help them to any great extent.

Meanwhile, the Tyro Cup tournament also made further progress when the Hurricanes just managed to eke out a narrow triumph of 3-2 over the Grasshoppers. This match, like the Army Cup one, was hard-fought throughout with both sides going at it hammer and tongs from the opening bell.

All "Do Their Bit"

Every member of the Mounties did his share towards the team's success. Each scored once, except "Chuck" Culbertson and "Link" Moore, who netted two goals apiece. It was again the better teamwork of the winners that told in the end as, with each player understanding each other well, they were able to attack strongly and enter the Troopers' territory frequently.

Pote-Hunt was the hero of the Hurricanes-Grasshoppers tussle as he scored all three points for the winners. Playing in the pivot position of No. 3, he capably captained his men who played a slightly more aggressive game than the losers and although the Grasshoppers were in the Hurricanes' territory almost half the game, poorer marksmanship made all the difference.

Canidrome Results

1—300 yd. flat.—1, Golden Age; 2, Princeton.
Also ran:—Dingo Lord, Swallow, Hot Secret, Nagasaki.
3 lengths.—Time, 18.98.
Win, 16.70. Forecast 5-3 Div. $43.80.
Place, 1st $6.40; 2nd $9.50.

2—300 yd. flat.—1, Mad Dale; 2, Banque Eve.
Also ran:—Dalebird, Speedwing, Youthful Patsy, High Command.
3½ lengths.—Time, 18.39.
Win, $16.80. Forecast 3-4 Div. $44.30.
Place, 1st $7.40; 2nd $9.90.
Double Event 1/2 5-3 Div. $21.70.

3—440 yd. flat.—1, Coastal Pier; 2, Rather Not.
Also ran:—Chez Marcel, Jorrock's Alone, Mr. Hattages, Cheerful Miss.
5 lengths.—Time, 26.39.
Win, $12.50. Forecast 3-9 Div. $103.20.
Place, 1st $7.50; 2nd $13.
Double Event 2/3 3-9 Div. $14.30.

4—300 yd. flat.—1, Don't Fool; 2, Dauntless Question.
Also ran:—High Cost, Clever Girl, Youthful Playboy, Odin.
2 lengths.—Time, 31.00.
Win, $46.60. Forecast 1-8 Div. $182.10.
Place, 1st $25.60; 2nd $12.60.
Double Event 3/4 3-1 Div. $75.30.

5—300 yd. flat.—1, Open Blade; 2, Mac Queen.
Also ran:—Captain Cora, Coy Nora, Sou Mei, Maori Champion.
A neck.—Time, 31.94.
Win, $25.30. Forecast 3-4 Div. $57.40.
Place, 1st $10.90; 2nd $8.50.
Double Event 4/5 1-3 Div. $189.50.

6—300 yd. flat.—1, Lone Plume; 2, Rough Customer.
Also ran:—Princess Talgai, Blue Moon, Fine Beauty, Nanette.
3 lengths.—Time, 30.23.
Win, $36.70. Frecast 5-6 Div. $172.60.
Place, 1st $16.30; 2nd $8.80.
Double Event 5/6 3-9 Div. $127.60.

7—500 yd. flat.—1, Great Chips; 2, El Caballero.
Also ran:—Buffalo Bill, Dauntless Quip, Belle O'Siccawei, Common Chance.
7 lengths.—Time, 30.48.
Win, $30.50. Forecast 1-3 Div. $186.40.
Place, 1st $16.40; 2nd $23.20.
Double Event 6/7 5-1 Div. $70.

8—500 yd. flat.—1, Grey Viking; 2, Rusty Ben.
1½ length.—Time, $30.03.
Win, $25.30. Forecast 6-5 Div. $145.80.
Place, 1st $13.10; 2nd $15.20.
Double Event 7/8 1-6 Div. $90.10.

9—500 yd. flat.—1, Fishing Sport; 2, Sans Parole.
3 lengths.—Time, 29.58.
Win, $11.50. Forecast 2-6 Div. $46.20.
Place, 1st $6.30; 2nd $10.20.
Double Event 8/9 6-2 Div. $55.20.

10—500 yd. flat.—1, Fair Evening; 1 Mon Affaire, D.H.
Dead-heat.—Time, 29.22.
Win, $6.70 (4), $9.40 (5). Forecast 4-5, 5-4 Div. $17.10, $24.40.
Place, 1st $8.10; 2nd $7.20.
Double Event 9/10 2-4, 2-5 Div. $12.60, $17.60.

Huge Softball Score

Running riot to score a victory of 22-1 over the luckless Erin Villa "B" team yesterday, the J.A.C. team is now within an ace of capturing the "B" Division of the Ladies' Softball League.

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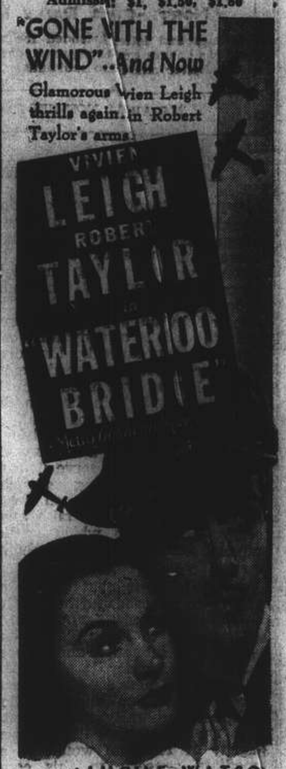

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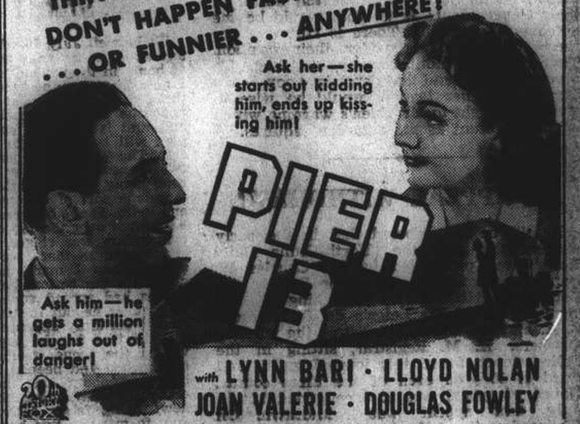

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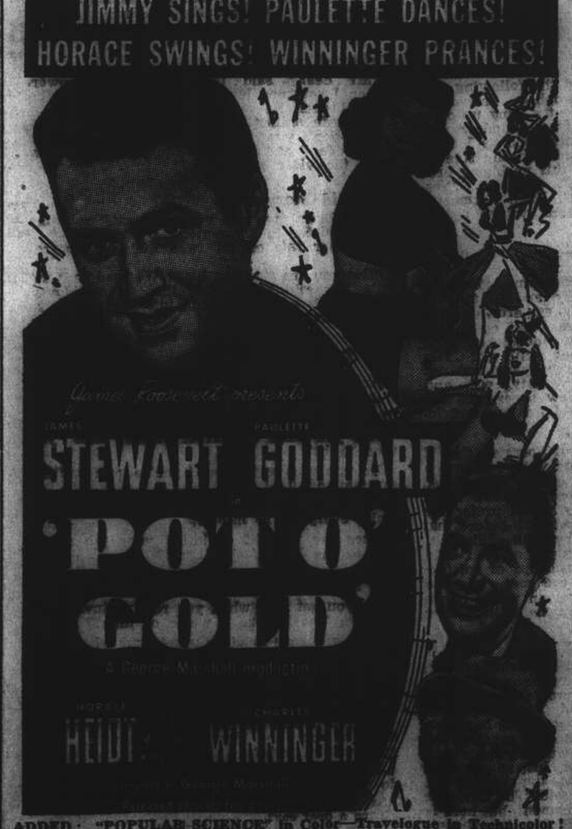

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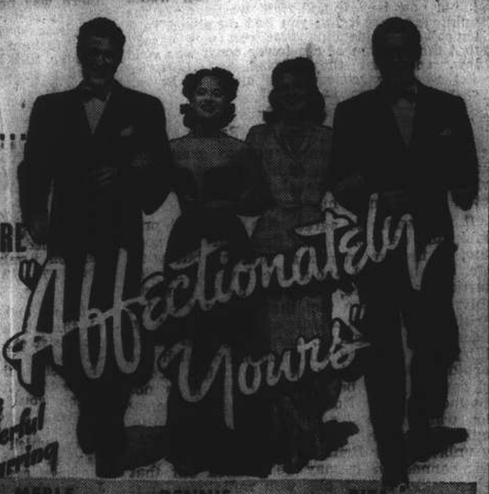

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Golf Starting Times

Shanghai Golf Club

SATURDAY

1.36 Vice President/Captain
1.52 Cameron, Isherwood/President
3.16 Jenkins, Brown/Jourdin, Shaw

SUNDAY

9.28 Pratt, Walker/Cameron, Piper
9.36 Isherwood, Illingworth/President
9.56 Vice President/Captain
10.28 Openshaw, Nelson

Hungjao Golf Club

SATURDAY

2.45 Cheetham, Kidd, Arnold, Bond
3.15 Maclean, Scott, Beveridge, Campbell
3.45 Havim, & Co.
3.50 Willson, Geibel, Smith, Wolsiffer
3.55 Raworth, MacDonald, MacE. Fisher
4.00 Wright, Ovadia, Cumming, Andrews
4.05 Pettitt, Alexander, Savage, Garden.
4.10 Laffond, Partner/Captain Time
4.20 Little, Wood, Glass, Newman
4.25 Revnell, Howard/Gibbings, & Co.
4.35 Maitland, Burton
4.40 Rigden, King, Perry, Adamson
4.45 Jensen, Berthier/Terrace, & Co.
4.55 Howell, & Co./Hadland, & Co.
5.05 Sherwin, Smith/Germ, Wentworth

SUNDAY

8.04 Laffond, Berthier/Willson, Davies
8.32 Revnell, Gordon/Riggs, Thomas
8.48 Hadland, & Co./Jensen, Graham
9.04 Krueger, Piercy/Bond, Gardener
9.24 Buxter, Partner/Gibbiers, Rigden
9.36 Cheetham, Clellan/Captain's Time
9.48 Cumming, Burton/Sherwin, Buyers

War Fever Sweeping Through Japan As Blockade Tightens

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

AMID the tightening blockade around Japan, war fever has begun sweeping the country as vernaculars and many officials warned Britain and the United States of Japan's determination to force her way through the blockade if necessary.

Vice-Admiral Masazo Sakonji, Minister of Commerce and Industry, has warned that "the current international situation is so tense a single spark may be sufficient to cause an explosion."

With Washington, London and Batavia adding new pressure against Japan daily, pessimism was spreading among foreign circles who earlier anticipated lax enforcement of the freezing decrees.

With the nation's attention centred on how Japan is to pierce the encirclement, the "Hochi Shimbun" said the new economic agreement with Thailand already "is a time bomb in defiance of the Anglo-American intimidations and pressures."

Domei news agency published a despatch from Saigon claiming that Japanese officials there "are fully confident that Thailand now will fully cooperate with Japan's new order" despite the fairly large Thailand mobilization.

Domei said that Japanese officials were warning Thailand to avoid the fate of nations who depended on Anglo-American aid and that Thailand therefore should simulate Indo-China.

Sino-Soviet Alliance Seen

Officials continued their silence concerning the Russian question, but vernacular newspapers were increasingly worried that Russia may join in encircling Japan. The "Chugai Shogyo" has said that Chinese communists were becoming increasingly influential in China and as a result it was likely a Russo-Chinese alliance would be signed soon.

With the Japanese navy controlling Cam Ranh Bay and with substantial Japanese army forces advancing toward the Thailand frontier, Rear Admiral Tanetsugu Sosa, Ret., declared in the "Hochi Shimbun" that Japan's occupation of Indo-China "has already dealt a deadly blow" to the encirclement of this country, while Japan's southern possessions were cutting off Singapore and the Philippines thereby "breaking America's south-west Pacific strategic line to pieces... the Anglo-American Maginot Line in the south-west Pacific is not impregnable," he added.

While Japan tightened her belt economically, widespread military preparations were being carried on to prepare for any emergency. The nature of these preparations can not be disclosed, but it can be said that Japan today probably has the largest force in her history under arms.

Labour Shortage in Japan

This mobilization has resulted in a labour shortage, and as a result the Education Ministry has announced that all students from the middle schools upward will be organized immediately into a National Service Corps for collective labour coincident to military training.

The "Hochi Shimbun" declared that with America, Britain, Russia and China "laying every possible plot in an effort to oppress Japan....it is all too obvious that Japan faces bitter failure in her efforts to establish the co-prosperity sphere through peaceful economic measures." The article said that the advance into Indo-China through "lightning tactics" had proved the encirclers would retreat, "and as a result we are pleased to get this clue on how to go a step further toward completion of the southern sphere."

The Result of "Resolute Action"

The "Hochi Shimbun" said that Thailand, after hesitation, had finally decided to make an economic agreement with Japan as a result of Japan's "resolute action in Indo-China, and therefore there seems to be no better means of tightening the iron ring of our southward policy against anti-Japanese influences."

The "Hochi Shimbun" emphasized the Japanese proverb, "when we do things determinedly even demons will retreat," and concluded that it was urgently necessary to adopt "decisive ways and means to move southward."

Domei news agency reported from Bangkok that the Thailand situation should "be looked upon with considerable concern" because British diplomatic quarters "are working vigorously behind the scenes in an effort to disrupt friendly Thailand-Japanese relations.—United Press.

Japan Writer Sees Change in Hostile Policy of U.S.

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

Mr. Tohmin Suzuki, well-known editorial commentator for the "Yomiuri Shimbun," writing in the August issue of "Contemporary Japan" on "Is a Pacific War Possible?" declared, "It appears that the United States will soon find herself in a position which demands her to review and revise fundamentally her hostile policy toward Japan."

Leaving the question of a possible war in the Pacific unanswered by saying, "The general situation forbids us to deny the possibility of war between Japan and the United States," Mr. Suzuki asserted "If she is to extend effective aid to Great Britain, the United States will find it imperative to avoid, as far as possible, any antagonism with Japan... Likewise, stern circumstances will dictate to the United States to give up her anti-Japanese policy in fostering Chiang Kai-shek's resistance by the grant of loans and supply of war materials."

Position in Asia Endangered

Mr. Suzuki continued, "The United States' over-confidence in the effect of her anti-Japanese embargoes, and her absolute trust in the Chiang Kai-shek regime are jeopardizing her position in Asia."

The writer declared, "Even a Power with the huge influence which the United States undoubtedly has, cannot hope to dispose of the East Asia question without taking into due cognizance the existence and power of Japan in this part of the globe. Nor can any policy be satisfactorily executed in East Asia if she meets opposition from Japan.

Mr. Suzuki further stated, "However strong the support extended by the United States to the Chiang Kai-shek regime, Japan's position in Asia will remain undisturbed. Still less will it be possible to reduce Japan to powerlessness.

U.S. Will Suffer Most

"So long as the Chiang Kai-shek regime offers resistance to Japan, Japan will be compelled to continue her attempts to defeat it by military force. And it will be the United States, who regards China as a sphere of economic expansion next in importance to Latin America, that will suffer most from disturbed conditions in East Asia."

Regarding the United States attitude toward Japan-Soviet relations, the writer declared, "The United States is fully aware of the important role which the Soviet Union could play in checking Japan, her most powerful rival." He asserted, however, that the "outbreak of the Soviet-German hostilities in east Europe is compelling the United States to modify her policy of pitting Japan against the U.S.S.R.—Domei.

Huge Crowd Present at Anglo-Soviet Function

London, Aug. 7.

Ten thousand people attended on August 4 a function organized by the British Society of Cultural Relations with U.S.S.R. and devoted to the establishment of Anglo-Soviet co-operation.

Mr. Novikov delivered an address of greeting on behalf of the Soviet Embassy. Replying, Professor Bernard Pearce said:" I believe that it is in the East that Fascism will be dealt the final crushing blow. The co-operation between the Soviet and British peoples will ensure victory in this war." His words were greeted with loud applause. The money collected from the festivities were handed over to the British War fund and the Soviet Red Cross.—Tass.

China Banks to Finance Industrial Concerns

Chungking, Aug. 6.

The Executive Yuan's economic conference has decided that the four Government banks, namely the Bank of China, Central Bank of China, the Bank of Communications and the Farmer's Bank, will each year, finance industrial enterprises to the tune of $60,000,000.

Out of this sum, $10,000,000 will constitute the working fund of the industrial concerns, while the rest will be used to finance purchases of essential raw materials with a view to increasing production.

This decision was taken upon the recommendation of the Ministry of Economic Affairs, following the request of the South-West Industrial Association.—Havas Telemondial.

More Firms Allowed to Export to Indo-China

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

Seven more Japanese export traders have been added to the list of those under the control of the South Seas Trade Association, an organ controlling export to French Indo-China.

The new firms allowed to export their goods to Indo-China are the Mitsui Bussan Kaisha (Tokyo), Miyata Factory (Kobe), Nakayama Shoten (Osaka), Yokoyama Shoten (Osaka)—all of which will export bicycles. Printing paper will be exported by the Takata Shokai (Tokyo) and raw silk (excluding twisted raw silk) by the Toyo Bussan Kaisha (Kobe).

At present there are 126 firms allowed by the Association to export goods to Indo-China.—Domei.

Japanese to Stage Air Raid Exercises

Tientsin, Aug. 6.

The Anti air-raid corps of the Japanese Concession of Tientsin will hold manœuvres at the end of the month, the "Tenshin Nippo" reports.

The entire population will participate. The fire brigade the police force, the first-aid squads and poison gas fighters will also take part.—Havas Telemondial.

Malayan Troops in Training

Many Malays have volunteered for the defence of their country against any possible aggression, and they have proved to be splendid troops. The picture shows an inspection by their commanding officer of a detachment of Malays on a Friday Mosque Parade.

Chungking Taking Measures Against Night Raids

Chungking, Aug. 7.

Mr. Owen D. Lattimore, political adviser to General Chiang Kai-shek, has completed an article on Chungking's air defence for publication in the United States, describing conditions in Chungking during air raids.

With the full moon over Chungking, air defence authorities are taking precautions against possible night raids. All amusement places are closed at night during the period between the 10th and the 20th days of the Chinese lunar calendar, while no persons without residence permits will be allowed the enter the city.

Meanwhile, Japanese aircraft yesterday extensively bombed Hunan, Shensi, Kiangsi, and Anhwei provinces.

Sixty-two Japanese aircraft yesterday bombed Changsha, Siantang, Chuchow, Ninghsiang and Liuyang in Hunan province and also Pinghsiang in Kiangsi province.

Seven Japanese aircraft at the same time bombed Fengtsiang, while 27 others bombed Paochi in Shensi province. Lihuang in Anhwei province was attacked by four Japanese planes.

Fighting North of Ichang

Chinese military circles do not attach much importance to the present fighting going on the north bank of the Yangtse river, north of Ichang and in the vicinity of Shasi.

Japanese forces, it is believed, are launching attacks in various sectors, apparently for the purpose of testing the Chinese strength there as well as to disperse Chinese concentrations threatening Japanese positions along the Yangtse above Hankow.

Following the continued arrival of Japanese reinforcements in French Indo-China, the Chinese High Command is at present taking necessary precautions in Yunnan province in order to meet a possible Japanese attack on the Burma road.

Reuter learns that defence plans and the disposition of Chinese troops has been satisfactorily arranged between Central and Yunnan authorities.—Reuter.

Independence of Syria Discussed in Commons

London, Aug. 7.

Questioned on Syria in the House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Eden, Foreign Secretary, said that the British Government had no knowledge of any declaration by General Catroux that until every part of Syria was in full occupation by Free French forces it would be impossible to conclude with the Syrian Government a treaty providing for that country's independence.

Mr. Eden added, however, it was evident that the first step must be for the whole country to be occupied by Allied forces, and it was hoped that this process would be completed at a very early date.

As regards the future administration of the country, the British Government were in no doubt that the Free French authorities were fully aware of the unsatisfactory conditions prevailing under the previous regime, and had confidence in their ability to reach a satisfactory agreement with the Syrian Government.—Reuter.

Cheese Ration to Be Increased in Britain

London, Aug. 7.

The people in Great Britain may have to consume more condensed and rather less liquid milk during the coming winter, announced Major G. Lloyd-George, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food, in the House of Commons yesterday.

Declaring that substantial quantities of condensed milk had been manufactured during this summer, and very large quantities had been supplied from overseas, Major Lloyd-George said there was no reason to expect that anyone would go short of milk during the winter months.

He added that the cheese ration would be increased to three ounces per head, to the ordinary consumer, from August 25.—Reuter.

Transport Restrictions In Japan

Tokyo Aug. 6.

With the object of giving priority to the transportation of vital goods and commodities, the Railways Ministry has notified trucking companies and forwarding agents in different prefectures that the following articles should not be accepted for transportation as from August 10.

1. Cargoes to be transported for a distance of more than 50 kilometres (30 miles).
2. Parcels and baggage to be delivered to the homes of customers from department stores or retailers.
3. Garden stones, marble and imitation stone ornaments.
4. Plants, potted plants, potted flowers, bouquets, wreaths; etc.
5. Cameras, musical instruments and other recreational instruments and other articles prohibited by the Governors of respective prefectures.

In exceptional cases special permits may be granted.—Havas Telemondial.

Hull, Eden Criticised By Japanese Board

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The recent statements by Mr. Cordell Hull, United States Secretary of State, and Mr. Anthony Eden, the British Foreign Secretary, are criticised by the Information Board, in a statement, as based on British and American conjecture and unwarrantable in view of Japan's peaceful intentions.

The Board also objects to British and American press reports alleging Japanese threats against other areas in East Asia, saying that these tend to "worsen" Japanese sentiment towards the United States and Britain.

Mention is also made of British and American press reports from the Far East that the British may occupy strategic bases in Thailand, with whom Japan wishes to "maintain friendly relations."—Reuter.

Market in China to Be Stabilized

Chungking, Aug. 6.

The Stabilization Fund Committee is now engaged in actively preparing a plan regarding the use of funds to stabilize the market and prevent the authorities in occupied China from obtaining foreign currency. Members of the committee conferred several times with economic experts and concrete results have already been obtained.—Havas Telemondial.

Princess Irene's Birthday Celebrated

Batavia, Aug. 7.

Although there were no official festivities, the birthday of Princess Irene, youngest daughter of Princess Juliana and Prince Bernhard, was celebrated in beflagged surroundings and a cheerful atmosphere on Tuesday.

Most Government and private offices were closed at noon, while school children had an extra holiday.—Reuter.

N.E.I. Continues Social Measures Despite Tension

Batavia, Aug. 7.

Discussions in the Peoples' Council will continue during the whole of the month of August and will be directed upon the main topics of social, economic and political life, ranging from the relation among all parts of the Netherlands Empire to the educational needs of the population along the coast of New Guinea.

Successively, the budgets of the Department of Traffic and Irrigation, Justice, War, Navy, Education, Finance and Economic Affairs will pass under review, giving opportunity for native, Chinese and European members to discuss every angle of the general and local possibilities regarding subjects such as: defence propaganda, industrial development, training of skilled labour, the fertilizing of soil, freedom of speech, development of higher education, building problems, town planning, promotion of hygenic conditions in native villages, etc., all of which prove how the Netherlands East Indies, even under the tension in the Far East, grimly continues her task of building up a better social structure, which later in this disturbed world will make these Islands / a solid base to build up an ideal, free and prosperous community in these regions.

Case of Detained French Ship

The cargo of the French steamer Dupleix, as far as it consists of contraband, has been unloaded.

This vessel, it will be recalled, came from Indo-China and was intercepted by a Dutch warship and conducted to Tandjungprick for further inspection of her cargo.

The Netherlands East Indies prize court will, in due course, decide whether the ship and contraband cargo will be confiscated.

The crew is provisionally at liberty until such measures should prove necessary.—Reuter.

Rise of Yangtze Continues

Chungking, Aug. 6.

The rise of the Yangtze River level continued unabated today, reaching 80 feet, as torrential rains of the past few days caused the river to exceed the level established thirty years ago.

A hydrographics expert declared that the waters of the Yangtze, rushing down inclines, were threatening to break through dams in several towns of Hupeh. Ichang may soon be flooded.

Should the waters of the Han River rise also as in 1931, Hankow would be completely under water.—Havas Telemondial.

Czech, Polish Armies to Be Formed in Russia

London, Aug. 7.

Czech and Polish officers have arrived in Moscow from London to assist in the formation of Czech and Polish armies in Russia.—Reuter.

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Directed by RAY ENRIGHT

A WARNER BROS.-First National Picture

Nanking Prepared For Activities of Chungking Agents

Nanking, Aug. 6.

Sources close to the Nanking Government showed no surprise over reliable reports from Chungking that the Central Committee of the Kuomintang had instructed its "special duty" agents, scattered throughout China, to redouble their subversive activities against the Nanking Administration and Japan.

These quarters asserted that Nanking was fully prepared to cope with any underground offensive by Chungking.

The Chungking special duty agents, it was understood, were instructed to foster revolts in the Nanking Army, corrupt National Government officials, and increase terroristic activities. Instructions were reported to have been sent to the agency after a meeting of the Central Executive Committee of the Kuomintang in Chungking recently.—Domei.

Belgians Join S. A. Air Force

Pretoria, Aug. 7.

In addressing yesterday the first contingent of pupil pilots from the Belgian Congo who completed their training in South African aviation schools, the Prime Minister, General Smuts, said that they were the first selection of Belgian colonial pilots, but others would follow at regular intervals. They will fight in the same skies as the South African Air Force.

General Smuts said that collaboration after the war between Belgian Congo and South Africa was necessary not only for the well-being of Africa, but for the rest of the world.—Reuter.

Konoye Confers With Emperor

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, proceeded this afternoon to the Imperial Palace where he was received in audience by the Emperor, reporting on matters under his jurisdiction. He answered various questions posed by His Majesty.

Before retiring from the Palace Prince Konoye conferred with Marquis Koichi Kido, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal.—Domei.

Soviet Envoy Calls on Japanese Minister

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

The Soviet Ambassador, M. Constantin Smetanin this afternoon conferred with Vice-Admiral Seizo Sakonji, Commerce and Industry Minister, at the latter's official residence. The topic of conversation was undisclosed.—Domei.

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CANDROME RESULTS

Thursday, August 7, 1941.

Race	Placed-Dogs		$5.00 Win F'cast Pool	Course D/Events $2
1	5	3	43.80	
2	3	4	44.30	21.70
3	3	6	103.20	14.30
4	1	5	182.10	75.30
5	3	4	57.40	189.50
6	5	6	172.60	117.60
7	1	3	186.40	70.00
8	6	5	145.80	90.10
9	2	6	46.20	55.20
10	4|5	D.H.	17.10-(4-5) 24.40-(5-4)	12.60-(3-4) 17.60-(3-5)
11				
12				

Last Night's Highest Dividends:—

$5 Win Forecast Race No. 7 dog No. 1-3 Div. $186.40.

$2 Course Double Events Races 4/5, dog No, 1-3 Div. $189.50.

Japan Believed Unprepared for Thai Move

Manila, Aug. 7.

A consensus of Military and diplomatic sources here today believed that Japan was not yet prepared to move into Thailand militarily.

Sources generally believed the current Japanese gestures were for testing the firmness of the Anglo-American attitude as well as for forcing all possible concessions from Thailand. In the past week Japan has obtained recognition of Manchoukuo plus 15,000,000 yen credits with which to purchase Thai rice.

Military authorities estimated that Japan at present has between 50,000 and 60,000 troops in Indo-China, which were considered insufficient to undertake establishment of garrisons in Thailand—even with Thai acquiescence—because such a force would not be enough in the event the British Army in British Malaya resisted occupation of Thailand.

Combined Naval Units in South

In addition, Anglo-Dutch and American naval units in the South China Sea were considered capable of harassing Japanese transportation reinforcements quickly in the Thai area.

Many sources here felt that Japan was laying the groundwork for the eventual military occupation of Thailand by such steps as yesterday's Japanese trial balloon which instigated the rumour that British Malayan forces were preparing to occupy strategic Thai bases.

However, the general opinion here was that Japanese military moves in Thailand probably would await one or two developments—Russian collapse before the German onslaught or the demoralizing effects of the Anglo-American embargo.—United Press.

Embassy Official in Car Accident

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

A speeding automobile driven by Mr. A. G. Neil, Second Secretary of the British Embassy, this morning injured a 14-year-old girl when the car skidded up the sidewalk upon the sudden application of brakes at Attamachi, Ushingome Ward. The girl suffered bruises and cuts on both legs, and was expected to recover in two weeks.—Domei.

Air Mail Service for British Forces Expected

London, Aug. 7.

An outward air mail service to British forces in the Middle East is expected to be started shortly.

This announcement was made by the Assistant Postmaster-General in the House of Commons yesterday.—Reuter.

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BLUE BIRD CITY BAR

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Sabotage in Bulgaria Steadily Increasing

Ankara, Aug. 7.

According to well informed quarters Turkey must shortly expect a serious crisis since the pro-German Government in Bulgaria is apparently ready to take part in any adventurous undertaking, ignoring national interests. Neutral diplomatic observers familiar with the situation in Bulgaria stress the growing discontent of the population with the policy of the Bulgarian Government. The number of acts of sabotage, particularly on railways, have lately increased. In the course of the last ten days three trains were derailed on the line linking Bulgaria with Yugoslavia. Recently a railway tunnel was blown up in Pirot. At the station Draguil a group of Bulgarian patriots derailed a German troop train as a result of which traffic was suspended for a long time. Unnerved by this train-wreck, German soldiers no longer trust Bulgarian railwaymen and demand to be transported by road rather than by rail.

An oil depot was blown up in Varna. In the Ksanti district the population set on fire about 90 thousand sheaves of wheat and barley. Fighting groups of a Bulgarian patriotic organization are conducting underground activities throughout Bulgaria. Skilfully concealing their activities and enjoying the support of the population, members of these groups evade the persecution of the police and Gestapo agents.—Tass.

British Industrialist Dies at Harrogate

Harrogate, Aug. 7.

Sir. John Priestman, 86, one of the leading British industrialists and shipbuilders, died at his home here yesterday.

Sir John was chairman of the Shipping Colliery company. He gave an estimated £500,000 to charity.—United Press.

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COMMERCE AND FINANCE

Money and Exchange

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THURSDAY, AUGUST 7. 1941

BANK'S SELLING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/32d.	$ 79.17
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	£1,975.30
Guilders 99 3/8	$100
Rupees 16 3/4	100
Pesos 10 1/8	100
Hongkong $20	100
Closing rates 3	U.S. $5

BANK'S BUYING RATES 10 A.M.

£1 @ 3 3/32d.	$ 77.57
U.S. $100 @ 5 1/16	£1,927.71
London—demand, $1=	3 1/32d.
4 months' sight credits	3 1/32d.
4 months' sight docts	3 1/32d.
6 months' sight credits	3 1/32d.
6 months' sight docts	3 1/32d.
New York—demand, $100=	U.S. $5 1/16
4 months' sight credits	U.S. $5 1/16
4 months' sight docts	U.S. $5 1/4
Closing rates 3 1/32	U.S. $5 1/16

NEW YORK/LONDON CASH RATES

£1=U.S. $4.03½ U.S. $1=£9.48d.

INTERBANK CLOSING SELLING RATES

Sterling 3 1/16d. U.S. $5 1/32

Hongkong/London 1/3

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY

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AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.

Buying	U.S.$100=$1,927.710	£1=$76.800
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Gold Unit 1.00—Hua Hsing CRB$ or	$2 794 @ 200
Gold Unit 1.00—Local Dollar	$5.588

Local Exchange Report

Messrs. Drakeford, Davis & Wilson

INTER BANK CASH DELIVERY

£	Highest 3 3/32	Lowest 3 1/32
U.S. $	5 3/32	5 1/32

MERCHANT CLOSING RATES

	SELLING	BUYING
Aug.		Aug.
£ T.T.	3	4 m/s. l.c. 3 1/8
U.S.$ T.T.	5	4 m/s. l.c. 5 1/8
Rs. T.T.	16 3/8	15 d/s. 17 3/8

BAR SILVER

	Ready	For'd
London pence per std. oz.	23 7/16	23 7/16
N.Y. cents per oz. troy	34 3/4	—
Bombay Rs. per 100 tolas	62.13.0	—
Bombay offtake 50 bars.		

U.S. $/£ CROSS RATE CASH QUOTATIONS

New York closing rate for Aug. 6 4.03½

Local Sellers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.00 *
Local Buyers of U.S.$ against £ at the close	4.00 *

*—Nominal.

The local market opened with sellers at 3 3/32d. sterling and 5 1/32 U.S.$. Merchant demand gave the market an easier tendency right from the opening, and rates gradually declined until at the close the best sellers were:—

3 1/32 sterling 5 1/32 U.S.$ Cash/Sept.

Foreign Exchanges

Closing, Aug. 6.

London £ Sterling T. T. on:

New York	402.50	Shanghai	3 7/32d.
Madrid	40.00	Bombay	1/6
Berne	17.30	Hongkong	1/3 3/32
Bel. Congo	176½	Singapore	2/4 3/32

New York U.S.$ T. T. on:

Spain	9.25 N	Brazil	5.05
Paris	2.32	Shanghai	5.29*
S'zerland	23.40	Hongkong	23.40
Sweden	23.85	Hungary	19.85
Montreal	89.060	Manila	49.75 A
London			4.03½
Buenos Aires, Paper			29.78
" " "		market rate	23.83
Montreal on London			4.53¼

A—Asked N—Nominal *—Offered.
Bombay closed.—Reuter.

Foreign Money Rates

London:	Aug. 6.	
Fine Bank Bills,	3 months	1 1/8%
Bank Bills,	6 months	1 1/8%
Fine Trade Bills,	3 months	2 3/4%
Fine Trade Bills,	6 months	3 1/4%
Call money		7/8%

New York:	
Bankers' Acceptances for 1, 2 and 3 months	0 1/2%B 0 3/8%A
Bankers' Acceptances for 4 months	0 5/8%B 0 1/2%A
Call money	1%

B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

Manila Gold Shares

(Sales in Pesos)

Aug. 7.	Sales	Prices p.m.	
	10 a.m.	Closing	
Atoks	.38 B	.38	
Antamok	.042 B	.042	B
Bagiuo Gold	.155 B	.155	B
Batong Buhay	.004 B	.0045	
Big Wedge	.47 B	.47	B
Coco Grove	.1025 B	.10	
Consolidated Mines	.0039 B	.0039	
Demonstration	.07 B	.03	B
East Mindanao	.0925 B	.0925	
I. X. L.	.185 B	.185	B
Ipo Gold	.011 A	.01	B
Itogen	.185 B	.185	B
Mambulao Consolidated	.01 A	.01	A
Masbate Consolidated	.0875 B	.09	
Mine Operations	.035 A	.030	A
North Camarines	.015 B	.015	B
Paracale Gumaus	.25 B	.25	B
San Mauricio	.175 B	.17	B
Surigao Consolidated	.19 B	.195	
Suyoc	.1075 B	.1075	
Syndicate Investment	.022 A	.022	A
United Paracale	.19 B	.17	
Mindanao Motherlode	.365 B	.365	B
Manila Hai-Alai	9.00 B	9.50	
Bereget Consolidated (over the counter)	3.70 A	—	

Turnover 97,200 Pesos.
Shares Index 47.04.
B—Bid. A—Asked.—Reuter.

D.S.K. Decide to Close Branch Offices

Osaka, Aug. 7.

The Osaka Shosen Kaisha today announced its decision to close its branch offices in Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay, New York, Manila, Sydney, Mombasa, Capetown and Los Angeles in view of the practical severance of economic relations with Britain and the United States following the freezing of Japanese assets.

An order for the closure of the Singapore, Bombay and New York offices already had been issued. It was disclosed while branches at other cities will be closed by the end of August. It was expected that other shipping lines will follow suit.—Domei.

Metals Licensed

Tokyo, Aug. 7

The Venezuelan Government on August 1 subjected to a licensing system all exports of iron, copper, aluminum, tin, antimony, zinc, lead and alloys, according to a dispatch received by the Foreign Office.—Domei.

Shanghai Stocks

Yesterday's Business

The market was uncertain at the opening yesterday and continued quiet until towards the noon closing, when rumours caused a drop in prices. The afternoon opening saw a return of confidence which was, however, not maintained, the remainder of the session being quiet and dull.

Official Averages

High	Low		Today's Average	Change
466.70	105.32	General	310.47	—2.59
485.40	95.55	Rubbers	246.99	—3.03

Total 373,406 shares.

Morning Session

Yangtsze Finance				500	*18.00
1000	18.00	500	18.10	1000	17.90
1000	*17.90				
S'hai Loan		3000	22.25	2000	*22.00
1500	22.00	1000	*21.75	2000	21.75
I. I. Trust				1000	28.75
China Realty		2000	12.40	500	*12.40
2000	*12.50	2000	12.50	1000	12.40
500	12.20				
S'hai Land		500	18.60	4000	18.50
500	*18.60	1000	*18.50	1000	*18.40
11000	18.40	2000	*18.30	6000	18.30
2500	18.20	500	18.10	1500	18.00
Dockyards		200	27.00	500	*27.25
2300	27.00	1700	*26.75	2600	26.75
200	27.00	200	*26.75	1300	26.75
1400	26.50	600	*26.50		
Asia Navigation		1500	14.20	4000	*14.10
1000	*14.20	6000	14.10	6000	*14.00
2500	14.00	2500	13.90		
Ewo Brewery		500	7.75	4000	7.70
1500	7.65	1500	7.60		
Wheelock		800	*94.50	100	95.50
300	*95.00	2100	95.00	600	*94.50
900	94.50	800	94.00		
Bakerite				200	25.00
Ewo Mills (Ord)		500	36.50	200	36.25
500	*36.25	200	*36.50	4100	36.25
700	*36.25	1600	*36.00	200	36.00
100	36.25	3900	36.00	400	*36.00
1000	35.75				
Textile		1000	8.00	1000	7.95
2000	7.90				
Worsted		500	*5.70	2000	5.70
Tram (Bearer)	£1			500	42.50
C. G. Omnibus		600	19.50	500	*19.60
300	19.70	500	19.60	500	19.50
900	19.40	1300	19.30	400	19.20
500	19.10	500	*19.10	300	*19.00
900	19.10	200	19.00	1000	19.10
200	19.20	300	19.10	200	*19.00
Telephone		500	31.50	100	*31.50
300	31.25				
S'hai Gas		300	17.10	500	17.00
100	*16.90	100	16.90		
Paper		2000	5.25	500	*5.25
1000	*5.20	1500	5.20		
Lumber		1600	88.50	200	*88.50
800	89.00	600	89.50	1500	90.00
200	90.50	100	*90.00	400	89.50
2800	89.00	100	*89.00	400	89.50
1000	89.00				
Metal		3400	34.00	1000	*34.25
800	*34.00	7200	33.75	5900	*33.75
200	*34.00	4600	*33.50	700	33.50
200	*33.75	400	33.50	1700	*33.50
300	*33.75	900	33.75	4200	33.50
Exploration		500	26.00	5000	*26.00
3500	*25.75	500	25.50	5000	25.75
1000	*25.50	3500	25.50	5000	25.25
500	25.00	5000	*25.25	1000	*25.00
2500	25.00	2000	24.75		
Anglo Dutch				100	16.50
Anglo Java		700	30.50	100	*30.50
300	30.25	100	30.00		
Cheng				6000	0.88
Consolidated				2000	7.25
Dominion				1000	9.90
Kroewoek				1000	2.00
Kota				2000	5.00
Langkat		900	21.00	800	20.75
1000	20.50	100	*21.00	400	*20.75
Repah				1000	1.20
Rubber Trust		500	11.50	2000	11.40
500	11.30				
Samagaga				1000	1.06
Senawang				1000	2.25
Kedah				2000	9.95
Kelantan				1000	0.82
Pahang				5000	4.50
Seremban				4000	2.75
Tanah Merah				1000	3.30
Tebong				3000	1.42
Millington				1000	9.00
Power (Pref)		10	137.50	10	137.00
110	137.50				

ODD LOTS

Dockyards		50	26.50
S'hai Loan		200	22.00
Power (Pref)		7	137.75
Cheng		12	0.86
Yangtsze Finance		150	*18.00
Telephone		60	31.00
Auto Palace		50	26.00
I. I. Trust		200	29.25
Exploration	200 *26.25	359	26.00
200	25.50		

Afternoon Session

Yangtsze Finance				1000	18.00
1500	17.90	500	*17.80	500	17.90
S'hai Loan		1500	22.25	2000	22.00
China Realty		1000	12.20	500	*12.50
1000	12.30				
S'hai Land		1000	*18.30	4000	18.40
2500	18.30	2000	*18.20	1500	18.20
3000	18.30	1000	18.40	1000	18.30
Dockyards		500	26.75	200	*26.75
500	*26.50	600	26.75	200	26.50
1000	26.75				
Asia Navigation		1000	14.00	500	*14.10
3000	14.10	1000	14.20	2500	14.00
500	14.10				
Ewo Brewery		500	7.70	2500	7.65
1500	*7.65				
Wheelock		600	95.00	100	*95.00
400	*94.50	1300	94.50	100	*94.00
900	94.50	300	*94.50		
Ewo Mills (Ord)		2000	36.00	600	*36.00
3500	36.25	1500	*36.50	800	36.50
100	*36.25	1500	36.00	1400	*36.00
2300	36.25				
Textile				500	8.00
Worsted		1500	5.70	500	5.65
1000	5.70				
C. G. Omnibus		200	19.20	200	19.10
200	*19.10	200	*19.00	900	19.10
S'hai Gas		100	16.80	100	16.90
400	16.80				
Paper		1000	5.20	4500	5.25
1500	5.20				
Lumber		400	*89.00	400	90.00
200	*90.00	1500	89.50	300	*90.00
200	89.50				
Metal		100	*33.50	200	33.75
1600	34.00	1200	33.75	300	33.50
800	*33.75	900	*33.50	100	33.50
Exploration		500	25.00	2500	25.25
2000	25.50	500	*25.25	1000	25.50
6000	25.25	3500	*25.00	1500	25.00
3000	25.25				
Anglo Dutch				500	16.80
Anglo Java		300	30.75	100	30.50
200	*30.50	500	30.75		
Chemor				2000	2.20
Cheng		3000	*0.88	1000	0.86
Langkat		700	*20.75	600	21.00
200	21.25				
Pahang				1000	*4.50
Tanah Merah				3000	*3.30
Ziangbe		400	18.90	100	*18.90
200	19.00				

ODD LOTS

Ewo Brewery		300	7.70
C. G. Omnibus		40	*19.00
Worsted		50	5.60
Asia Navigation		100	13.90

*—Direct Business.

Silk Industry Aided

Washington, Aug. 7.

The Office of Production Management yesterday announced a programme designed to re-establish the silk industry and maintain employment.

The programme would assure an adequate supply of hosiery and other silk articles and also use substitutes. Rayon yarn would be allocated.—United Press.

New Rubber Rate

Washington, Aug. 7.

Mr. Jesse Jones in his capacity of Federal Loan Administrator, yesterday announced that the Rubber Reserve Company was prepared to sell crude rubber to manufacturers at the base rate of 22½ cents per pound for number 9 ribbed, smoked sheets for deliveries in New York.—United Press.

London Bullion

London, Aug. 6.

London Gold: Bar Gold, Fine, per ounce: 168/- unchanged.

London Silver: The market ruled steady but idle on moderate offerings and no demand. After the official fixing the market was quiet.

Spot	23 7/16d.	—1/16
Forward	23 7/16d.	—1/16

—Reuter.

North China Insce. Annual Meeting

At the ordinary yearly meeting of the North China Insurance Co. Ltd., held yesterday at the head office of the company, 26 The Bund, the chairman gave a very satisfactory report of the year's working, which had enabled the company to declare a dividend of £3.10 per share and a bonus of 20 per cent, to contributors of contributory marine premium. Mr. A. M. Cobbett presided, supported by Messrs J. H. Liddell, W. Nation, A. W. Turner, directors and Mr. H. C. B. Way, general manager. The number of shares represented was 9,971.

The chairman in his speech said:—

Since our last annual general meeting much has happened. The war in Europe has given all English-speaking people grave anxiety, although none have wavered in their confidence in final victory. The Far Eastern situation also continues to give rise to anxiety, but it is hoped that wiser counsels will prevail to prevent a further deterioration.

War Problems

The war has had a considerable influence on the marine market and numerous problems have arisen. Apart from direct war perils, dangers of navigation have increased, voyages have been changed, congestion of cargo has arisen, and the class of carrier today is frequently inferior. The adverse effect of this on Marine accounts soon became apparent, and it has been necessary for Underwriters in all markets to make surcharges on cargo rates. Many of the circumstances above-mentioned also influenced hull figures adversely, necessitating revisions in hull rates. I am glad to report cooperation among Underwriters in meeting these difficulties.

Marine Account

Turning to our own figures, you will see that our marine account shows little change as compared with the previous year. The sum of £5,000 is transferred from the marine account to the profit and loss account, and an examination of the marine figures for the year will show a satisfactory underwriting result.

Fire Premiums

In the fire account the premium was £52,199,3,6d., and loss settlements at £20,190,5,0d., representing 38,68 per cent. of the income, are at a normal figure. The war continues to affect our fire business, and in the circumstances it is gratifying to record that our fire premium figures have been well maintained. The actual amount transferred from the fire account to profit and loss for 1940 is £1,500, less than in 1939, but this is due to the reserve of £2,500 set aside to meet losses in connection with balances in enemy and enemy-occupied territories.

Accident and General

The results of the accident and general account show a welcome improvement, and the transfer to profit and loss of £1,600 is more satisfactory than has been the case for a number of years.

Special Reserves

You yill notice in the marine and fire revenue accounts that special reserves have been made for outstanding balances in enemy and enemy-occupied territories, the relative items representing amounts due to the company through its business in these territories, the collection of which must be postponed until the end of the war.

You will also notice from the profit and loss account that we have set up a contingency taxation reserve of £1,500. This was necessary in view of the heavier taxation charges we must meet in future.

Dividend

The profit and loss account provides for a recommended dividend of £3,10,0d. per share, which is the same as last year.

It is my sad duty to have to record the death, in January of this year, of Mr. R. E. Gilleland, one of the company's directors.

Mr. W. P. Lambe's Services

I feel that our meeting would be incomplete without reference to the valuable services rendered to the company by Mr. W. P. Lambe, who resigned from the board last year on his retirement from the Far East. Mr. Lambe was associated with this company as director for 25 years, and I am sure you would wish to join with me in extending to him our best wishes for a happy retirement.

I also wish to take this opportunity of conveying our congratulations to Mr. William Nation, who is with us today, and who this year completes an unbroken connection with the company extending over the past 40 years. Mr. Nation joined the company in London on the May 1, 1901, and after serving for some years at the company's head office joined the board in June 1924. We trust that Mr. Nation's valued advice as a director will be available to us for many years to come.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:—

That the report and accounts for the twelve months ended December 31, 1940 as presented be accepted and passed. Proposed by Mr. A. M. Cobbett and seconded by Mr. A. W. Turner.

That a dividend of £3.10.0d. per share be paid to shareholders and that a bonus of 20 per cent, be paid to contributors of contributory marine premium. Proposed by Mr. A. M. Cobbett and seconded by Mr. A. W. Turner.

That Mr. F. W. Foster and Mr. A. M. Cobbett be re-elected directors of the company. Proposed by Mr. H. E. Orr and seconded by Mr. C. Maclean.

That the appointment of Mr. F. W. Foster, Mr. A. W. Turner and Mr. J. H. Liddell as directors of the company be confirmed. Proposed by Mr. C. Maclean and seconded by Mr. K. F. Piper.

That Messrs. Lowe, Bingham & Matthews, Hongkong, be elected auditors to serve until the next ordinary yearly meeting of shareholders and that their remuneration be subject to arrangement with the directors. Proposed by Mr. K. F. Piper and seconded by Mr. H. E. Orr.

Certain Assets Not Frozen in U.S.

Washington, Aug. 7.

The Treasury Department did not freeze American assets of Italo-German or Sino-Japanese nationals doing business within the British Empire, Russia or other Allied territories, it was learned here yesterday.

The action was announced in an amended general licence granting Axis and China nationals trade privileges in the British Empire, Russia, the Netherlands East Indies, Netherlands West Indies, the Belgium Congo, Ruanda-Urundi, Greenland and Iceland.

Officials pointed out that there was nothing unusual in the action since any Axis nationals transacting business in allied areas were those who have severed connections with their governments.

In the case of Japanese nationals it was recalled that their funds generally had been frozen by the Allied Governments.—United Press.

New York Stocks

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 6.

Quiet and featureless conditions prevailed on Wall Street today, with stock prices generally closing fractions lower. Accumulated uncertainties, including the European and Far Eastern situations, coupled with the new Tax and Price-Control legislation, tended to keep operators on the sidelines.

Rails were under some pressure, due to the deadlock in current wage negotiations, while the specialty group encountered some demand.

The volume of trading totalled 580,000 shares.—Reuter.

Dow-Jones Averages

	High	Low	Close	Changes
30 Indust.	128.55	127.62	128.10	—0.04
20 Rails	30.39	30.07	30.18	—0.24
15 Utilit.	18.85	18.61	18.74	+0.01
40 Bonds	—	—	91.32	—0.13
11 Commod.	—	—	79.03	+0.60

	Aug. 5	6		Aug. 5	6
Adams Exp	7½	7½	Int T & T	*23½	*23
Alg Lud	24	24	Johns Man	64½	65
Allis Chal	29½	29½	Kennecott	39½	39½
Amer Can	88	88½	Libbey O F	29½	29½
Am Cyan	40	40½	Lockheed	29½	29½
Am For Pr	0½	0½	Loew's	53½	54
,, $7 pfd	22½	23½	Martin	20½	20½
Am Loco	14½	14½	Mont Ward	34½	34½
Am Metal	19½	19½	Nat Avian	9½	9½
Am Radtr	6½	6½	Nat C B	*27½	*27½
Am R Mill	15	15½	Nat Dairy	14½	14½
Am Smelt	43½	43½	Nat Dist	22½	22½
Am Sug	19½	19½	Nat P & L	5½	5½
Am T & T	153½	154	Nat Sup	7½	7½
A Tob B	72	72	N Y Cent	13½	13½
Am Wtwrks	4½	4½	Niag Hud	2½	2½
Anaconda	29½	29	N A Avian	17	15½
Atchison	29½	28½	Nth Am Co	13½	13
Avian Cpn	3½	3½	N Pacific	7½	7½
Bald Loco	15½	15½	Packard	3½	3½
Balt & Ohio	4½	4½	Pantepec	4½	4½
Barns Oil	9½	9½	Paramount	13½	13½
Bendix	38	37½	Penn R R	24½	24½
Beth St	74½	74½	Phil Pet	45½	45½
Bliss	17½	17	Pullman	28½	29½
Boeing	19	18½	Pure Oil	9½	9½
Borg War	19½	19½	Radio	4½	4½
Briggs	19½	19½	Reading	17½	17½
Budd	4½	4½	Rem Arms	*4½	*4½
Can Pac	4½	4½	Rep Avian	3½	3½
Celanese	28½	28½	Rep St	20	20½
Chase N B	*31½	*31½	Rey Tob	32½	32½
Ches & O	38	37½	Schenley	14½	14½
Chrysler	58	56½	Shell U Oil	15½	15½
Col G & E	2½	2½	Soc Vac	9½	9½
Col Credit	24½	24½	Stnrn Pac	14½	13½
Com & S	0.7	0.7	Stnrn Rly	30	29½
Con Edis	19	18½	Spicer	*37	37
Cons Oil	6	6	Std Brands	5½	5½
Curtis	9½	9½	St G & E	18½	18½
Copld St	*16½	16½	Std Oil	43½	43½
Dist Cpn	15½	16	Studebaker	6½	6½
Douglas	73½	73½	Swift	23½	*22½
Du Pont	159	158½	Technicor	9½	9½
E P Lead	*9½	9½	Texas	44	44
Elec A Lite	29	28½	Transamer	4½	4½
E B & S	3½	3½	Tr Cent	7½	8½
,, $5 pfd	53	53½	Un B & P	11½	11½
,, $6 pfd	60	59½	Un Pac	82½	82
E I P & L	35½	35	Un Air	41½	39½
Flintkote	15	15	Un A Lines	11½	11½
Gen Elec	32½	31½	Un Corp	0.9	0.9
Gen Motor	39½	40	,, $3 pfd	2½	2½
Gen Rly	*14½	14½	Un Gas	7½	7½
Gen T & R	13½	13½	U S Rub	24½	24½
Goodrich	19½	19	U S Steel	58½	59
Goodyear	19½	19½	Vanadium	26½	25½
Gt N I Ore	17½	18	Vultee	7½	7½
Gt N Rly	27½	27½	Walworth	5½	5½
Gt W Sug	*27½	27½	War Br Pct	5	5½
Int Nickel	27½	27	West Elec	94½	94½
Int Paper	17½	17½	Woodward	27½	28½

BONDS

Am For Pr	62	63½	Erie	33½	32½
Aust Com	70½	70	Int T & T	44½	43½
Brazil	20½	20½	New Eng	62½	*61½
,, 6½%	17	17	Stnrn Pac	52½	52½
Cit Serv	98½	98½	St G & E	88½	88½

*—Bid. †—Ex Div.

Dow-Jones Summary

By courtesy of Swan, Culbertson & Fritz

Stock prices registered slight losses today, despite the good demand for selected issues. With foreign news indefinite, traders clung to the sidelines. Additionally, there was a disposition to go slow pending further Washington developments regarding both taxes and price control. The disclosure that the railroad brotherhoods were seeking a strike vote brought selling in rails. The unfavourable United Aircraft statement brought selling in the stock.

U.S. Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

New York, Aug. 6.

The cotton market opened firm, with quotations ruling from 9 to 16 points up on improved buying. Favourable factors included: a Washington report indicating conferees approving the freezing of loan stocks and renewed complaints of boll-weevil damage to the crop. However, full gains were not maintained, as profit taking and hedging appeared at the higher levels. At the close, quotations ranged from 8 to 11 points up from the previous final levels.

Quiet and featureless conditions were witnessed in the rubber market, with closing quotations ranging from 15 points down to 15 points up from yesterday.

Firmer conditions prevailed in the Chicago Wheat Pit, with quotations advancing on mills buying and speculative absorption, influenced by bullish Washington indications. Subsequently, realizing pared full gains. At the final bell, gains from ⅞ to 1 cent were registered.

New York Cotton		New York Rubber	
Oct.	16.68-68 +09	Sept.	22.35-65 —15 B/A
Dec.	16.85-86 +11	Dec.	22.35-50 +15 B/A
Jan.	16.86 N +10	Mar.	20.30 B unc.
Mar.	16.98-99 +11		
May	16.98-93 +09		
July	16.92 N +08		
N. Y. Sugar No. 3		**N. Y. Sugar No. 4**	
Sept.	2.73-74 +04 B/A	Sept.	1.70-71 +8½ B/A
Jan.	2.78-79 +05 B/A	Dec.	1.76-77 +8½ B/A
		Mar.	1.82-83½ +9 B/A
Chicago Wheat		**Chicago Corn**	
Sept.	112⅜-112¼ +⅞	Sept.	77¾-77½ +¾
Dec.	115½-115⅜ +1	Dec.	80⅝-80½ +⅞

B—Bid A—Asked.—Reuter.

British Commodities

Wednesday's Closing Quotations

London, Aug. 6.

London Rubber: Spot buyers 13½ unc; sellers 13⅝ unc; Sept. del. buyers 13⅛ unc; sellers 13⅜ unc.

London Tin: Standard, cash, middle price, £256¾ unc; 3 mths del., middle price, £260, unc.—Reuter.

Local Commodities

Yesterday's Prices

Cotton yn, 20's, D.H. p.b. Cash		$1.575
Tungchow cotton .. per picul		290
Shanghai cotton .. per picul		250
Raw silk, Steamfil, 20/22 78%		$7,000 picul
Flour, local .. per bag (49lb.)		Nom. $29.00
Flour, imported ..		32.10

Japanese in Singapore Ready for Emergency

Singapore, Aug. 6.

Moving to minimize the effects of the freezing of Japanese assets, major Japanese firms here have rapidly reduced their staffs, while Japanese residents are conferring almost daily to decide how to evacuate in case of eventuality.

Meanwhile, many women and children have been sent to Bangkok to evacuate on ships leaving for Japan.—Domei.

Yangtsze Insurance Yearly Meeting

The ordinary yearly meeting of the Yangtsze Insurance Association was held yesterday, at the head office of the company, 26 The Bund, when a dividend of $3.50, a bonus dividend of $11.50 per share, and a bonus of 20 per cent to contributors of contributory marine premium, were declared, despite the international situation. Mr. H. E. Arnhold presided, supported by Messrs. L. W. Hutton, C. J. Knipschildt, W. Mellor, directors, and Mr. H. C. B. Way, general manager. The number of shares represented was 149,712.

The chairman in his speech said:—

In my speech from the chair at our last annual general meeting I referred to the news problems which had arisen consequent upon the international situation. Since that time these problems have multiplied themselves, and the situation generally has given us and is continuing to give us all cause for grave anxiety. I feel, however, that none of us harbours the slightest misgivings as to our final victory over the forces of evil which are abroad.

War Problems

The problems peculiar to our business, and which have been brought about by the war, have had a considerable influence on the marine market. Apart from direct war perils, dangers of navigation have increased, voyages have been changed, congestion of cargo has arisen, and the class of carrier today is frequently inferior. The adverse effect of this on marine accounts soon became apparent, and it has been necessary for Underwriters in all markets to make surcharges on cargo rates. Many of the circumstances above-mentioned also influenced hull figures adversely, necessitating revisions in hull rates. I am glad to report cooperation among Underwriters in meeting these difficulties.

Premium Income

Turning to our own figures you will see that premium income for the year shows a considerable increase as compared with the previous year. This is largely due to the further depreciation in Chinese National dollars, the major part of our business being transacted in sterling and other foreign currencies. The sum of $523,636,36 has been carried from the marine account to profit and loss, and an examination of the marine figures for the year will show a satisfactory underwriting result.

Fire Account Increase

In the fire account it is gratifying to record an increase in our premium, notwithstanding the adverse effect the war has had on fire business generally. The premium amounted to $6,074,085.52, and loss settlements at $2,349,410.91, representing 38,68 per cent of the income, are at a normal figure. The actual amount transferred from the fire account to profit and loss for 1940 is some $23,000 less than in 1939, but against this a reserve of $290,909.09 has been set aside to meet losses in connection with balances in enemy and enemy-occupied territories.

Accident, General Account

The results of the accident and general account show a welcome improvement, and the transfer to profit and loss of $188,509.09 is more satisfactory than has been the case for a number of years.

It will be noticed in the marine and fire revenue accounts that special reserves have been made for outstanding balances in enemy and enemy-occupied territories, the relative items representing amounts due to the association through its business in these territories, the collection of which must be postponed until the end of the war.

Taxation Reserve

You will also notice from the profit and loss account that we have set up a contingency taxation reserve of $174,554.45. This was necessary in view of the heavier taxation charges we must meet in future.

Referring to the profit and loss account, you will see that provision has been made for the recommended dividend of Chinese $3.50 per share, plus a bonus of Chinese $11.50 per share, which is the same as last year.

The following resolutions were passed unanimously:—

That the report and accounts for the twelve months ended December 31, 1940 as presented be accepted and passed. Proposed by Mr. H. E. Arnhold and seconded by Mr. C. J. Knipschildt.

That a dividend of $3.50 and a bonus dividend of $11.50 per share be paid to shareholders and that a bonus of 20 per cent. be paid to contributors of contributory marine premium. Proposed by Mr. H. E. Arnhold and seconded by Mr. C. J. Knipschildt.

That Mr. L. W. Hutton be re-elected a director of the association. Proposed by Mr. C. J. Knipschildt and seconded by Mr. W. Mellor.

That Messrs. Thomson & Company be elected auditors to serve until the next ordinary yearly meeting of shareholders and that their remuneration be subject to arrangement with the directors. Proposed by Mr. K. F. Piper and seconded by Mr. H. E. Orr.

N.Y. Stock Market

New York, Aug. 6.

Stock market prices declined slightly for the eighth consec

FROM DAY TO DAY

ACCORDING to the Chinese calendar today is the beginning of autumn, li-ch'iu.

LIEUTENANT - Commander James Jolly, R.D., R.N.R., has been appointed Harbour Master and Director of Air Services, Hongkong.

COMMANDER Thomas Charles Stiff, R.D., R.N.R., has been appointed Deputy Harbour Master, Hongkong with effect from June 17, 1941.

MR. John Seba jr. has recently graduated in law at the "Aurora" University in Shanghai and permission for practice has been granted to him by the French Authorities. Mr. Seba has joined the law office of Me. Paul Premet.

THE Yunnan Provincial Government at its regular session held in Kunming on Wednesday has appointed a special committee for the selection of Chinese students for further studies in the United States, says the "Cheng Yien Pao."

NEWS has been received by Mr. G. E. Ryan of the Shanghai Power Company that his brother Alexander Ryan, age 26, is a prisoner of war in a camp in France. He was on his way to England when war started and he joined up on arrival. Mrs. J. M. Ryan the mother is a resident here.

LIEUT.-Col. Reginald David Walker, M.C., who was appointed Director of Supply in Hongkong in March this year, has been awarded the O.B.E. (Military Division) by His Majesty the King. Lt.-Col Walker has been Manager and Chief Engineer of the Kowloon-Canton Railway since 1934.

AT 11.30 a.m. yesterday, three men entered a Chinese private hospital at 577 Haining Road and proceeded to the surgery, with one of them posing as a patient. Once inside, one of the men pulled out a pistol, intimidated the occupants and stole a case with medicine and drugs. The robbers then decamped, dropping an unexploded round of ammunition as a warning gesture.

BRITISH residents and their Argentine sympathizers in the Rio Negro Valley, the apple-growing region of Patagonia, recently collected 600,000 apples (worth about £1,420) for the officers and crews of British warships and merchantmen visiting Argentina. Any apples left over after the sailors have been supplied will be sold in Argentina, and the proceeds will be sent to England for the prosecution of the war.

ACCORDING to a spokesman of the Ministry of Food Supply in Chungking yesterday, foodstuff bonds will be issued to all "free China" areas as from September 1, according to the "Cheng Yien Pao." The bonds will be issued under the joint auspices of the Ministry of Finance and the Ministry of Food Supply. Except for Szechuen, the number of bonds to be issued in all "free" provinces has yet to be decided.

VICE-Admiral William J. Whitworth has been appointed a Lord Commissioner of the Admiralty and Chief of Naval Personnel in succession to Admiral Sir Charles J. C. Little, a former C.-in-C., China Station. Rear-Admiral Arthur M. Peters will be Naval Secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty in succession to Rear-Admiral Edward N. Syfret. Rear-Adm. Peters was formerly Commodore at Hongkong.

MR. Chien Tai, Chinese Minister to Belgium, has been appointed Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs, it is learned from the "Cheng Yien Pao." Mr. Chien is now in the United States. Mr. Hsu Kung-shu, Director of General Affairs of the Foreign Ministry, has been appointed Counsellor to the Chinese Embassy at Vichy. Mr. Shen Tsung-lien, Counsellor to the Supreme National Defence Council, has been appointed Mr. Hsu's successor, the message concludes.

THE King has granted to Squadron Leader William Stanley Reed, R.A.F., Royal licence and authority to wear the Insignia of the Fourth Class (Military Division) of the Order of Al Rafidain, conferred upon him by the King of Iraq. He has also granted to Major Christopher Prioleau Warren, M.C., Royal licence and authority to wear the Insignia of the Fourth Class (Military Division) of the Order of Al Rafidain, conferred upon him by the King of Iraq.

EVIDENCE of American determination to help Britain in every possible way is provided by the offer of vegetable seeds accepted by Mr. R. S. Hudson, Minister of Agriculture. The first instalment of nine tons has arrived through the agency of the British War Relief Society. Many organizations in America which have contributed to the gift include supporters from the Isolationist strongholds of the Middle West. Among the vegetables which have been specially asked for are onions, carrots, beans, cauliflower, broccoli, leeks, parsnips, and tomatoes.

THE best of luck and hopes for a quick return were expressed by the acting president of the Zero Club, Mr. Arthur Piercy, at yesterday's weekly meeting of the club, to six more recruits to H. M. Forces who are due to leave Shanghai shortly. They were Messrs. D. W. Gourlay, I. H. Kendall, N. Sykes, T. D. Erskine, I. E. House, and A. H. Samson. Mr. Piercy also proposed the health of Sir Athol MacGregor, Chief Justice of Hongkong who is in Shanghai in connection with sittings of the Appeal Court. He expressed the regrets of the Zero Club that Sir Athol was not a permanent resident, so that he could become a member of the club.

MRS. Ronald Macleod has three portraits in pastel and an oil painting of a vase of flowers in the United Society of Artist Exhibition which opened last month. One portrait is of a young officer of the Highlanders of Canada; another of Miss June Brae in fancy dress, with a very becoming headdress, and the most striking of the three is Miss Gordon Duff in her uniform as a Queen's Messenger, which well illustrates Mrs. Macleod's sense of colour and gift for getting character into her portraits. The exhibition is not as large as previous years and scarcely up to their level. But one should be grateful to all who strive to keep the arts going in these tumbling days, states Mr. O. M. Green.

WITH the strike at the Compagnie Francaise de Tramways et d'Eclairage Electriques de Shanghai settled, the number of strikers in the city dropped to about 2,000, the firms affected being the Shriro Bros, Maxwell Zip Fastener Co., Sun Company Tea Room, New Textile Co., Chinese photo shops and Cathay Metal Pressworks. The employees of the last named were supposed to resume work yesterday morning, but failed to do so. No reason could be ascertained. The strikers of the French Tramways Co., it is learned, have been granted an increase of $10 in high cost of living allowance, while two of their number, arrested by the police for intimidation, will be released. One day's pay will be deducted from the workers for the period of the strike.

British Press on Eden, Attlee Statements

London, Aug. 7.

That the war is at present in a transitional stage, that it is hard to stop cheerfulness breaking in though the possibility of an invasion still remains, and that the outlook is better, is the view taken by the British press generally in leading articles this morning commenting on the statements in the House of Commons by Mr. C. R. Attlee, the Lord Privy Seal, and Mr. Anthony Eden, the Foreign Secretary, yesterday.

One feature of Mr. Attlee's speech, says "The Times," was the contrast between the peril of the British situation a year ago and the promise of the situation today, the significant point being the growth in material and moral support from the United States to all who are fighting for freedom.

"But", says "The Times", "there must be no change in the balance of public opinion about the war. The idea that the first substantial check of the German armies necessarily heralds the early collapse of those armies and of the Nazi regime may be proof of our admirable resilience under past disappointments, but it is otherwise rather disquieting. For it would be extremely foolish to think that a machine so forged, as furbished and so fed for so many years by a fierce and rooted philosophy will be easily broken, and it would be still more foolish to act upon such a thought".

Fully Justified

Referring to Mr. Eden's warning to Japan to keep her hands off Thailand, and the request to the Government of Iran to deal firmly with Axis tourists, "The Times" adds that these facts and this language have fully justified the conclusion reached by the Rt. Hon. H. B. Lees-Smith in the House of Commons that there has been "a change in the balance of the war".

The "Daily Telegraph," while agreeing with Mr. Attlee that "we have the right now to be cheerful" provided we maintain all the force of our efforts, says poetically, "still the thundering line of battle stands and in the air death moans and rings, and we have still to fight for all we have and are, and the day may come when Führer will cast the dice in a desperate throw for an invasion of our island".

Great Efforts Needed

Commenting that "our own greatest endeavours are required to make the war on two fronts, which Nazism has challenged, a rending strain on its reign", the "Daily Telegraph" says that there is no desire for spectacular adventures but that a promise of every practical measure to aid "our Russian ally" would be heartily approved.

Remarking that Parliament rises in a better atmosphere than has been felt for some time, the "Daily Mail" says that Mr. Eden and Mr. Attlee wisely stressed the grave dangers and difficulties "which still confront us".

Commenting on Mr. Eden's speech anent the Far East, the "Daily Mail" says: "Japan should understand now that when Britain is outspoken she means what she says".

"There is a growing realization in occupied territories that the German reign of almost unopposed terror is finished. . . . now is the time when we should be striving to arouse and stimulate the rising opposition towards the Germans and to depress the Germans themselves", adds the "Daily Mail."

Transitional Period

Stating that the war is at present in a transitional stage, the "Yorkshire Post" says: "Germany will come out of this stage either much weaker or much stronger."

Asserting also that "while hoping most earnestly and anxiously for the best, we must prepare for the worst", the "Yorkshire Post" adds that to win the war "we have to make ourselves not only impregnable in defence, but armed and equipped—as we are by no means yet fully equipped—for a massive and decisive attack".

The enemy is not yet weakening, and retains immense strength is the view expressed by the "Manchester Guardian," which says: "Cheerfulness may break in now, but it is Russia's exertions that have caused it. Our great offensive effort has still to come."—Reuter.

Far East Situation

"Not Serious"

Washington, Aug. 7.

Mr. Sol Bloom, Chairman of the House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee, yesterday said he did not consider the situation in the Far East serious.

Explaining why, Mr. Bloom said that any overt act of the Japanese might bring Japan face-to-face with Russia, Britain, the Netherlands East Indies and the United States.

Mr. Bloom also said that the "United States should display firmness and more firmness to Japan. That is the only language Japan will listen to."

A Fine Idea

Mr. Bloom visited Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, after which he said he had no information to substantiate reports of a Roosevelt-Churchill meeting.

However, he said such a meeting "would be a fine idea, for more information could be exchanged by chatting a couple of hours than any amount of notes or telephone "conversations."—United Press.

Tass Denies Reported Soviet, Japan Clash

Moscow, Aug. 7.

Tass News Agency today strongly denied rumours circulating abroad stating that clashes between Soviet and Japanese troops took place near the Amur River recently.

The Tass statement declared "Certain foreign newspapers published a report concerning rumours of clashes between Soviet and Japanese troops which were alleged to have taken place near the Amur River.

"Tass is authorized to deny this report as absolutely not corresponding to the facts, since no clashes between Soviet and Japanese troops occurred in the vicinity of the Amur River or any other place."—Domei.

Suspension of Japan, U.S. Communications Seen

Tokyo, Aug. 7.

All communications between Japan and the United States will be suspended, except telegraphic and telephonic services, following the tense international situation, reports the Los Angeles correspondent of the "Asahi Shimbun."

American authorities propose to maintain a mail service across the Pacific by Clipper, but the correspondent expresses scepticism as to smooth connection with the Japanese service at Manila and Hongkong.—Reuter.

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SHIPPING NEWS

The fast Panamanian freighter **Marion**, operated by the Toa Kaiun Kaisya Line, arrived here from Tientsin yesterday and docked alongside the company's Yangtszepoo Wharf.

* * *

Operated by Wallem & Co., the fast freighter **Florence D.** is expected to sail from Shanghai this morning for Manila. The freighter arrived in port from Rangoon last Friday and tied to buoys 23 and 24.

* * *

The fast freighter **Laos** of the Messageries Maritimes Line is due to sail for Haiphong from the Tung Kah Doo Dock Wharf this morning. The freighter came here from Haiphong last Thursday with a quantity of cargo for local discharge.

* * *

The fast Panamanian freighter **Ramona** entered port yesterday morning, arriving here from Hongay, and docked alongside the Roosevelt Terminal Buoys 1 and 2. The freighter, operated by Tung Cheng Company, Ltd., was reported to have brought a large cargo of coal for local discharge.

* * *

The ss. **Tsingtao Maru** of the Dairen Kisen Kaisha Line is to leave Shanghai for Tsingtao and Dairen tomorrow morning, it was learned from the company yesterday afternoon. She has been docking at the company's Whangpoo Wharf in Yangtszepoo since her arrival here three days ago.

* * *

Delayed for a day, the ss. **Tientsin Maru** of the Dairen Kisen Kaisha Line is expected in port this morning. Coming here from the northern ports, the steamer will dock alongside the company's Whangpoo Wharf in Yangtszepoo and is expected to sail on her return voyage to Tsingtao and Dairen tomorrow afternoon.

* * *

The ss **Kobe Maru** of the Toa Kaiun Kaisya Line, arrived from Nagasaki and Kobe yesterday afternoon, docking alongside the company's Wayside Wharf. The steamer, which brought a number of passengers and some mail from Japan, will sail on her return voyage at 9 a.m. today. Ordinary mail will be accepted at local post offices until 7.15 a.m. today. Passengers are requested to embark at least half an hour before sailing time.

Yesterday's Arrivals

Name	From	Consignees
Taityu M.	Takao	T.K.K.
Ramona	Hongay	Tung Cheng
Sungshan M.	Keelung	T.K.K.
Marion	Tientsin	T.K.K.
Kobe M.	Japan	T.K.K.
Lisbon M.	Japan	N.Y.K.

Men-of-War in Port

Name	Flag	Type	*Berthed
Luzon	Am.	Gbt.	B.N.B.
D. de Lagree	Fr.	Gbt.	K.S.D.
Fran. Garnier	Fr.	Gbt.	F.N.B.
E. Carlotto	Itl.	Gbt	1-2 B.
Lepanto	Itl.	Gbt.	1-3 B.

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Yesterday's Departures

Name	Flag	Despatcher
Durban M.	Jap.	N.Y.K.
Nansin M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.
Daisyu M.	Jap.	Y.K.K.

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PERSIAN carpet, about 9 x 12, and two high-class rugs, for sale. Box 987, NCDN. -1667

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Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

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More Classified Ads. Overleaf

TO-DAY'S WEATHER PROBABILITIES

Cloudy weather with variable winds around Shantung. Overcast with north-easterly squalls and showers over our regions. Very rough cyclonic weather over the Eastern Sea and the coast to the south of the Saddles, owing to the violent typhoon advancing north-west or north-west by west. Other typhoon to the south-east of Guam moving west-north-westward.

	At Cathedral		At Siccawei	
Temperature yesterday	min. 77.0	max. 92.0	min. 75.4	max. 89.1
„ same date last year	min. 79.0	max. 92.0	min. 76.8	max. 86.5

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

SHANGHAI, FRIDAY, AUGUST 8, 1941 (16th day of 6th *inter.* moon)

AIR AND OCEAN MAILS

Pan American Airways Service per steamer to Hongkong on Aug 9, 8.15 a.m. registered and 9 a.m. ordinary due San Francisco on Aug. 19. Air mails for Europe may be sent by this service to U.S.A. for connection with the P.A.A. Trans-Atlantic Air Service.

British Overseas Airways Service per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 8, 3 p.m. registered and 4 p.m. ordinary.

Dairen and Japan Air Mail close daily at 3 p.m.

Next steamship mails for America and Europe: Aug. 12, 1941.

LEGAL AND OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

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Personal announcements in this column, $15 per insertion, including insertions in the NORTH-CHINA HERALD.

To-day's Events $4 per line, including all insertions made till date of event.

BIRTH

RUF.—On August 7, 1941, at the Country Hospital, Shanghai, to Maria (née Gordikova) wife of Mr. Arthur Ruf, a daughter. VICTORIA. 10633

DEATH

d'ECA.—On Wednesday, August 6, 1941, at The Paulun Hospital, Shanghai, ALVARO MARIA D'ECA, eldest son of the late Dom Celedonio and Dona Maria Pureza d'Eca, husband of Amalia d'Eca and father of Mrs. Elena d'Eca Teixeira and G. Frederico d'Eca, in his 55th year. Removed to the parlours of the International Funeral Directors, 207 Kiaochow Road. A Requiem Mass will be held at the Church of Christ the King, Rue Bourgeat, today, August 8, 1941, at 8 a.m., to be followed by burial at the Bubbling Well Cemetery at 4 p.m.

CARD

Mr. and Mrs. CHEN HOU CHI and FAMILY wish to thank their friends for the messages of sympathy and for the beautiful floral tributes sent during their recent sad bereavement.

TO-DAY'S EVENTS

AUGUST

8 R.A.F.A. Allied Luncheon at Dome 1st Anniversary Air Battle of Britain
8 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Norwegian Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
8 'Escape' by John Galsworthy, XCDN, 9.30
8 *Beginning of Autumn (Li-ch'iu)*
8 *U.S. Legation transferred from Macao to Canton (1845)*
8 *Liner Accra torpedoed off Irish coast (1940)*

COMING EVENTS

AUGUST

9 Shanghai Cricket Club, Cinema Show 9.30.
9 'XCDN Moonlight Follies' Greek Night, 402 Avenue Haig.
13 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30.
20 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30
27 'The Trumpeter' XMHD, 8.30

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Swedish citizen WILLIAM PETTERSSON, bachelor, born on April 7, 1917 at Shanghai, China, resident in Shanghai, China, and the British subject LOTTIE PALMER, born on July 15, 1919 at Hankow, China, resident in Shanghai, China, intend to contract marriage, and that any just cause why they should not be joined in matrimony must be declared before the undersigned not later than September 5, 1941.

MALTE PRIPP,
Acting Consul General.
Shanghai in the Royal Swedish Consulate General.
Shanghai, August 5, 1941. 10638

ARTS & CRAFTS LIMITED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of section 225 of the Companies Ordinance of Hongkong No. 39 of 1932 that a general meeting of the members of the above-named Company will be held at 887-9 Bubbling Well Road, Shanghai, on Friday, September 5, 1941 at 4.30 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the liquidator, and also of determining by extraordinary resolution the manner in which the books, accounts and documents of the Company, and of the liquidator thereof, shall be disposed of.

S. J. HICKS, *Liquidator.*

Witness:
G. H. Wright
49 Szechuen Road, Shanghai
Solicitor.

Shanghai August 4, 1941. 10631

NOTICE

As from August 1, Mr. F. Madsen is no longer connected with this Company.

F. MADSEN & Co. (美生洋行)
133 Yuen Ming Yuen Road.
Telephone 19802. 10642

PASSPORT PHOTOS
by JOSEPHO STUDIOS
61 Nanking Rd., First Floor, Tel. 12715
937 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 72387 10630

THE KAPAYANG RUBBER ESTATES COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Kapayang Rubber Estates Company, Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29 1941 at 11.15 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company. 10617

THE SHANGHAI SEREMBAN RUBBER ESTATES, LTD.

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Shanghai Seremban Rubber Estates, Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29, 1941 at 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company. 10618

THE SENAWANG RUBBER ESTATES COMPANY (1921) LIMITED

(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of The Senawang Rubber Estates Company (1921) Limited will be held at No. 49 Szechuen Road Shanghai on Friday, August 29, 1941 at 11.45 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of considering and if thought fit passing the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions that is to say:—

1. THAT it is expedient to effect an amalgamation of this Company with The Rubber Trust Limited AND THAT with a view thereto this Company be wound up voluntarily AND THAT Frederick Newman Matthews and Harry Rennie Clelland be hereby appointed Liquidators jointly and severally for the purposes of such winding-up.
2. THAT the conditional Agreement submitted to this Meeting be and the same is hereby approved AND THAT the Liquidators be hereby authorised pursuant to Section 223 of the Hongkong Companies Ordinance No. 39 of 1932 to adopt the said Agreement and carry the same into effect with such (if any) modification as the said Liquidators may think fit.

By Order of the Board,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, Aug. 6, 1941.

A copy of the conditional Agreement mentioned above is open to inspection at the Offices of the Company and of Messrs. Hansons 49 Szechuen Road, Solicitors for the Company. 10619

V NO PETS, NO BIRDS, V NO CHILDREN AND NO MUSIC

were among the terms of an agreement a tenant had to sign. Doubtless he also had to prove that he had a quiet taste in ties, a rooted objection to loud socks and believed implicity in effecting his insurance with the undermentioned office.

C. E. SPARKE
INSURANCE OFFICE
Agents:
PHŒNIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD
Established 1782 Assets £30,000,000
18 The Bund Telephone 11303

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for refrigeration

COLUMBIA RADIO
British and Best

ELECTRIC AND MUSICAL INDUSTRIES (CHINA) LTD.
878 BUBBLING WELL ROAD
Telephone 30365 10637

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MARK L. MOODY
Fed. Inc., U.S.A.
640 Avenue Foch.
After We Sell—WE SERVE

ANNIE SAIKAO STRANGMAN
deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 27 OF THE TRUSTEE ACT 1925.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all persons having any claims or demands upon or against the Estate of ANNIE SAIKAO STRANGMAN deceased late of Shanghai who died here in Shanghai on the 1st day of July 1941 are hereby required to send in writing, particulars of their claims or demands to the undersigned (the Legal Practitioners for JAMES ALBERT GRAY the duly appointed Executor of the Estate to whom Probate was granted by His Britannic Majesty's Supreme Court for China at Shanghai on the 30th day of July 1941) on or before the 6th day of October next after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to claims and demands of which the undersigned shall by then have had notice and will not be answerable for the assets so distributed or any part thereof to any person of whose claim or demand the undersigned shall not by then have had notice AND all persons indebted to the said Estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

ELLIS and HAYS,
137 Peking Road, Shanghai.
Shanghai, August 6, 1941. 10636

ROYAL AIR FORCE ASSOCIATION

The Reservation List for luncheon today is closed.

Members are informed that accommodation at table is available only for members and their guest who have sent reservations to the Secretary. 10637

NOTICE

This is to inform the public that the above notice convening a final meeting of the members of Arts and Crafts Limited (in voluntary liquidation) has no connection with the business now being carried on by Arts and Crafts Limited at No. 887-9 Bubbling Well Road.

Shanghai, Aug. 4, 1941. 10592

NOTICE

As from July 1, 1941
Mr. L. LANUZEL
has been admitted into the partnership of the
SQUARE DEAL MOTOR WORKS
1654

NOTICE

We have pleasure in announcing that Mr. M. Shirovsky has been appointed Art Director and Production Manager of Keenad, Inc. as from August 1, 1941

KEENAD, INC.,
Tel. 19444 150 Kiangse Road.

Upon joining Keenad, Inc. on August 1, 1941, my business, known as "Shirovsky Studio", has been closed. All orders in hand as at that date have been transferred to Keenad, Inc. for completion.

M. SHIROVSKY 10634

AQUARIUS
for
SAFETY

THE YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
Fire Accidents
MARINE, FIRE, MOTOR CAR, ACCIDENT INSURANCE
26 The Bund Telephone 12981
H. C. B. WAY
General Manager.

THE SHANGHAI DIRECTORY
July Edition of the Hong List
Firms and residents who have delayed ordering their copies are advised to place their orders immediately as the edition is limited.
PRICE $25
On sale at the offices of the
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, LTD.
17 The Bund, Shanghai

WEATHER, TIME AND TIDE

China Coast Time, Greenwich + 8 hours. (For summer time add 1 hour.)

Meteorological Reports	Aug. 6 16.00	Aug. 6 21.00	Aug. 7 4.00	Aug. 7 9.00
Barometer (inches)	29.73	29.76	29.72	29.75
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	+0.03	+0.01	—0.01	+0.01
at 32 F. („ „ 12 hrs.)	0.00	+0.02	—0.01	—0.01
Wind (direction)	SE	ESE	ESE	ENE
„ (miles per hour)	11.8	11.8	9.3	15.6
Temperature (Fahr.)	91.0°	78.0°	78.4°	83.6°
Humidity (per cent)	65	94	96	76
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	2	0	0	7
Rainfall (inches)	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Astronomical Report Aug. 6

	Mean 1941	24 hrs. variation	68 years average
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.74	0.00	29.66
Temperature: min. 76.6° max. 95.0°	85.8°	—0.6°	81.5°
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	40.59	—	28.75

Time and Tide	8/8	9/8	10/8	11/8	12/8	13/8	14/8
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.14	5.15	5.16	5.16	5.17	5.17	5.18
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.44	18.43	18.42	18.41	18.40	18.39	18.38
Moon rises at Shanghai	19.20	19.58	20.33	21.09	21.42	22.17	22.54
Moon sets at Shanghai	6.02	7.00	7.57	8.52	9.46	10.39	11.32
Flood makes Shai. (day)	10.57	11.30	12.00	12.44	13.20	14.00	14.45
Ebb. makes Shai. (day)	5.45	16.40	17.34	6.03	6.35	7.10	7.40
H.W. W'sung Bar (day)	12.30	13.13	13.49	14.25	15.04	15.51	16.28
Ht. above LLW. (feet)	12.65	12.60	12.22	11.55	10.60	9.80	8.78

THE WEATHER

(See top of page, left)

State on the morning of the 6th:—Normal and steady pressure over China and Japan. Typhoon over the Pacific moving north-westward. South-easterly winds along the China Coast. Fine and hot weather in China.

State on the morning of the 7th:—Cloudy, fine and hot weather. East-north-easterly wind. Normal and unsteady pressure.

TYPHOON SIGNAL

Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the center at 2 p.m., within 60 miles of latitude 27, longitude 127, direction north-west or north-west by west, intensity: Violent.—Siccawei Observatory.

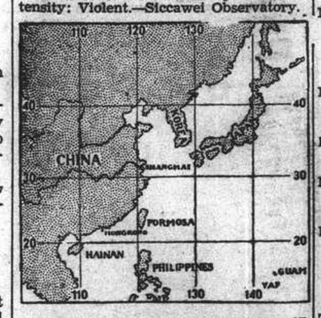

CHART FOR LOCATING THE POSITION OF TYPHOONS FROM SICCAWEI REPORTS.

POST OFFICE NOTICES

(See top of page, right)

The following times apply to the Head-Post Office Szechuen Road Bridge, Earlier posting at Sub-Offices is needed.

FRIDAY, August 8.	Reg.	Ord.
Tsingtao and Dairen	*20.00	7.15
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	*20.00	7.15
Australia and New Zealand	8.15	9.00
Hongkong and Canton	8.30	9.00
Shenkiamen and Tinghai	9.30	10.00
Aust. N.Z. S.S. Ceylon India and Suez (via Colombo)	Ax14.30	16.00
Hongkong and Canton	x 15.30	16.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Aust. N.Z. Manila and Java Ports	Bx19.00	20.00
Amoy Hongkong and Canton	x 19.30	20.00
Fukien and Kiangsi Provinces via Amoy	x 19.30	20.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	19.30	20.00
SATURDAY, August 9.		
Hongkong and Canton	10.30	11.00
Tsingtao and Dairen	11.30	12.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00
Japan Korea and Formosa via Nagasaki	20.00	20.00
SUNDAY, August 10.		
Ninghsien (Ningpo)	9.30	10.00
Weihaiwei Chefoo and Tientsin	9.30	10.00
Kiangpei offices south and east of Jukao	18.30	19.00
Nantung	18.30	19.00

*The night before.
A Parcel mail for India, closes at 12.00 on 8th.
B Parcel mail for Netherlands India, closes at 16.00 on 8th.
X Provisional time subject to alterations.

Canton-Hanoi-Saigon-Bangkok Air Mail

Air mails close on every Sunday and Wednesday at 8 p.m. for registered and ordinary for transmission per Shanghai-Canton Air Line to connect with the aeroplane leaving Canton for Hanoi on every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday and for Saigon on every Monday and Bangkok on every Friday. The air mails may also be sent per available steamer to Canton via Hongkong.

Netherlands K.L.M. Air Mail Service (Batavia-Lydda) per steamer to Singapore on Aug. 8, at 3 p.m. for registered and at 4 p.m. for ordinary.

Domestic Air Mail

Nanking per Shanghai-Nanking Air Line at 1 p.m. and 10.30 p.m. at Yuhang Road Sub-Office daily at 12.30 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Hwaining Kiukiang and Hankow per Shanghai-Hankow Air Line daily at 10.30 p.m.

Ningsia, Shensi, Szechuen, Yunnan Kweichow; Hupeh (Shasi and west) and west to Hongkong for the Hongkong-Chungking plane.

Peiping, Tientsin, Tsinan, Tungshan, Haichow, Kweiteh, Kaigan, Tatung, Kweisui, Paotow, Shanhaikwan Shihkiachwang, Changte, Kaifeng, Taiyuan, Yunchengand Linfen by the planes of the China Airways Co. close daily at 10.30 p.m.

Tsingtao per Shanghai-Tsingtao-Dairen Air Line close at 10.30 p.m.

Canton, Swatow and Holhow per Shanghai-Canton Air Line close at 10.30 p.m. on Sundays and Wednesdays.

Daily Train Mail

Nanking only at 7 a.m. and 1.30 p.m.
Entire N.S.R. and River Ports up to Ichang at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Kiangpei offices north and west of Jukao at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
T.P.R. north Pinghan, Lunghai and Kiaotsi Lines at 10 a.m. and 10.30 p.m.
Entire S.H.N.R. including Siaoshan, Kokiao and Shaoshing daily at 1 p.m.
Sungkiang and Hangchow only at 10.30 p.m.
Remarks: For Europe via Siberia:—Mails for Europe and U.S.S.R. via Siberia despatched per trains via Nanking and T'sin to connect with the Trans-Siberian trains (for time of closing see above.)

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Contributions received by the "North-China Daily News" will be forwarded to the societies or charities concerned, by whom acknowledgment in these columns will be made in due course.

Jewish Ladies Benevolent Society
IN MEMORY OF MR/MRS. E. A. SOLOMON
Jephson, D. $20

Jewish Communal Association
IN MEMORY OF MR. E. A. SOLOMON
Mordecai, E. J. $10

King's Daughters Society
Friends (through Miss M. Ashley) $36

I. C. Milk Fund

United Knitting Factory	$10	Hirsch, Salomon	3
Hirsch, Wilhelm	5	Oxford Shirts	5
Popper, Karl	2	N. N.	1
Brecher, Tobias	10	Schale, Gerhard	10
Anonymous	5	City Bar	20
Scotty	50		

RETREADED—TYRES

You reduce your tyre bill 50 per cent. when you install our "Retread Tyres."

Modern equipment, Quality materials, and skillful workmanship. Each tyre covered by our reliable guarantee.

BILLS MOTORS
Federal Inc., U.S.A.
615 Avenue Foch, Tel. 74400 (6 lines)

SPECIAL SALE
August 11—23, 1941
SUMMER SHIRTS
made to measure
from $15.50
RAZON'S
10641

THEATRE SITE

Two mows in vicinity of Route de Say Zoong and Avenue Joffre for long lease. Excellent proposition.

Apply: Sales Department,
BRANDT & RODGERS, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)
391 Kiangse Road. Telephone 11169

R.C.A.
"Personal" Radio
Camera-type, miniature
Stocked by
BOYES, BASSETT, LTD.
215 Nanking Road
Telephone 11922 10641

REMEMBER
the injured in Air Raids and the brave Army of Red Cross workers who tend them and
HELP TO BUY
medical equipment by giving to the Red Cross and St. John War Organisation through
The Central British War Fund (Hon. Treas. Mr. G. H. Stacey, c/o The Hongkong and Shanghai Bank)

Dr. CARL E. MOSSE, M.D.
has returned and resumed Practice.
778 Bubbling Well Road
Telephone 32040 10667

HADJIRY'S TOBACCO CO.
416 Szechuen Road
where the largest varieties of Tobaccos, cigarettes and smokers sundries are to be had at most competitive prices.
The only Hellenic Tobacco Store in town. 10639

NICHOLL'S RUGS
at
JEAN LINDSAY'S SHOP
60 Nanking Road 10669

Leaving China?
Some of our readers are going to a new country; many of them are returning to their homeland — in either case they will want to keep in touch with personalities and Chinese affairs. The easiest and most effective way to do this is by subscribing to the
NORTH-CHINA HERALD
The "North-China Herald" is a weekly edition of the "North-China Daily News" and is mailed to foreign countries every Wednesday.
$28 for 3 months
including postage anywhere abroad
May we send you an Order Form?
NORTH-CHINA HERALD
17 The Bund, Shanghai

BRITISH RESIDENTS' ASSOCIATION OF CHINA
Have You Books to Spare for the B.R.A. Bookshop?
If so, please send them to:
The Secretary, War Efforts Sub-Committee, B.R.A. Headquarters, 27 The Bund.
(This space by courtesy of Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.)

Positions Vacant

Do not enclose original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies answer the same purpose.

WANTED Chinese lady-secretary, 25 to 30 years old, speaking perfect English. Apply in handwriting, stating salary. Box 989, NCDN. 1633

REQUIRED governess to take charge of children. Good English essential. No refugee. Apply telephone 80400. 10624

WANTED, chemist and chemical engineer, must be Chinese returned student from abroad with some factory experience. State expectation, reply to Box 961, NCDN. 1617

BRITISH insurance office requires policy and accounts clerk; good English, and typist. Box 957, NCDN. 10603

WANTED secretary, must have knowledge of business correspondence, work time from Monday to Friday 2-5 p.m. Applications stating experience, references and salary, to Box 956, NCDN. 10604

WANTED, competent Chinese clerk for fire insurance company. Good prospects. Applicants must send full particulars, previous experience to Box 943, NCDN. 10639

WANTED, literary assistant for temporary occupation. Address Box 944, NCDN. 10599

NURSE needed, to care for invalid passenger "President Coolidge", State terms. Address Box 936, NCDN. 1576

Business Opportunities

LEADING foreign firm, unusually well-connected Japanese circles, offers services in rent collections, real estate and commodity sales and purchases, confidential negotiations, etc. No pass business undertaken. Box 999, NCDN. 10582

FOR SALE, first-class boarding house in best residential part of French Concession. Eighteen rooms, fourteen bathrooms. Fittings for sale. Furniture at valuation. Apply Box 1001, NCDN. 1593

WANTED reliable bicycle parts manufacturer. Address Box 995, NCDN. 1578

PARTY desires to invest $150,000 in real estate preferably French Concession. Make offers to Box 965, NCDN. 1624

Personal

SUZANNE. Received your letter. Am very interested too. Please telephone to-day between 5-6 p.m., Saturday or Sunday 3-4 p.m. 92250. Ask for Mr. Jackson. 1584

ADVERTISER, temporarily embarrassed, wishes loan of $3,000 for three months, against motor car insured for $7,500. Please reply Box 1003, NCDN. 1590

Lost

LOST: Bill of Lading marked C K Co over 48809 over 47429 No. 1 for 1 case Clippers ex s.s. Sea Witch, declared null and void. James Magill & Co. 10597

LOST. Chase Bank Shanghai U. S. Dollar Savings Account Passbook No. 5617, has been lost and is hereby declared null and void. Tsu King Yang, 323 Hamilton House, Shanghai. 1589

LOST, the following Customs Blue Passes Nos. AN34497, 32 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Laura Maersk," AN34496, 48 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Laura Maersk"; AQ99234, 66 Hhds. ex S.S. "Gertrude Maersk"; AN34454, 44 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Niel Maersk"; AN34455, 66 Hhds. Tobacco Leaves, ex S.S. "Niel Maersk", have been lost and are hereby declared null and void. Commercial Express & Storage, Federal Inc., U.S.A., 53 Yuen Ming Yuen Road. 10571

Chinese Servants

CAN anybody recommend a good housecoolie? Telephone 77818. 1631

GOOD cook-boy, wife wash-amah, seeks position, highly recommended. Address Box 996, NCDN. 1560

WANTED to buy second-hand small or portable typewriter in good condition. State price, etc., to Box 1007, NCDN. 10647

HONEST, industrious cook-boy with quiet habits and good appearance, well recommended, available now. Box 1006, NCDN. 10646

HIGHLY-RECOMMENDED capable cook, knows American/European cuisines, good references. Box 1002, NCDN. 1627

BRITISH advertiser seeks clean, reliable cook-boy and wife as amah. Box 988, NCDN. 10616

COOK-BOY seeks position. Trustworthy and reliable. Replies Box 912, NCDN. 10588

GOOD cook boy with wife wash amah recommended by English and American family. Hard worker, clean, honest. Telephone 36251. 1582

WANTED, honest, reliable cook-boy, coolie, wash-amah. Particulars to Box 913, NCDN. 10598

RESPONSIBLE Briton with family willing take care of property of Allied nationals leaving China. Box 962, NCDN. 1620

A good cook-boy open for immediate engagement. Apply Chu Yung Ching, telephone 72038. 1573

73148. Central Employment Agency. British, Servants, specialists. Established 1930. Closed Sundays and every afternoon. 1498

EXCELLENT cook-boy with wife (amah), seeks position. Speaks English, clean, honest. Telephone 70265. 1593

CAN recommend excellent wash amah. Telephone 76638. 10621

Positions Wanted

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of twenty dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $2.80.

CHINESE girl typist seeks work after office hours. Salary $80. Box 1000, NCDN. 1579

QUALIFIED lady secretary/stenographer. Capable voluminous work. Conscientious worker. Permanent/otherwise. Box 919, NCDN. 1593

MIDDLE-AGED Cantonese educated lady seeks office work or as doctor's assistant (beginner). Good English and typewriting. Box 859, NCDN. 1649

YOUNG foreigner with sound knowledge of shorthand, typewriting and bookkeeping, seeks employment with good prospects. Initial salary of minor importance. Box 976, NCDN. 1637

Educational

FIGUEIREDO'S School, Shorthand, typewriting, English. Crystal-clear explanations. 54 Garden Apts., 1173/11 Bubbling Well. 10489

Wanted to Purchase

SIMMONS twin beds or similar make. Telephone 88804. 1579

WANTED buy secondhand household furniture, carpets, suits, dresses, shoes. Telephone 38965 daily, Mr. Bers. 1477

WINCHESTER rifle, 22 calibre, wanted. State price, condition. Reply to Box 666, NCDN. 1610

TO LET: "Victor Court", 76 Route Victor Emmanuel, two-room apartment, with dining alcove and balcony. For inspection apply Caretaker. Agents: Metropolitan Land Co., 17 Bund. Telephone 15435. 10648

WANTED, blue-white diamond suitable for engagement ring. No dealers. Box 1004, NCDN. 10645

WILL pay best prices for all secondhand goods, household, carpets, refrigerators, machines, pianos, radios, etc. Telephone 96967. 1234 Avenue Edward VII. George Young. 1581

WANTED to buy, gentlemen's used bicycle, foreign make, first-class condition. Address Box 979, NCDN. 1642

WE pay highest prices for old, broken, useless platinum, gold and silver articles. Maxima, 346 Szechuen Road, Room 701. 1584

Animals

GOOD home required for a seven months Pekinese (female). Will interested party please Telephone 18030, Room 108. 1574

FOR SALE, excellent crosscountry pony for good rider. Equipment inclusive. Lincoln Riding Academy, telephone 20908. Pony Bonny Boy. 1586

TWO months old brown male Dachshund, for sale. Telephone 23095 between noon—2 p.m. 1568

LOST: Sunday, July 20, vicinity Corneille and Massenet, small black male Pigmy. Finder please notify Dr. Antonoff, 2 Great Western Road. Telephone 33067. Liberal reward. 10646

THOROUGHBRED bulldog puppy, 6 weeks. Good specimen, for sale. 965 Avenue Joffre, telephone 76272. 10644

LOST from 280B Hungjao Road, female wire-haired terrier, white with black tan marking, answers name Joy. Reward if necessary. Telephone 13100, office hours. 1597

Furnished Houses

FOR RENT to Allied nationals only, very attractive five-roomed house with garden. Best residential part French Concession. Economical central heating, low rent, excellent furniture and fixtures to be taken over at reasonable price. For quick sale, owner leaving. Reply Box 940, NCDN. 1592

Offices, Shops, Godowns

WANTED office about 20 feet square. Please reply Room 310, 2 Peking Road, telephone 18252. 1593

Rooms with Board

YOUNG lady wishes share her three-room apartment with lady. No refugees. Telephone 76140. 1575

355 Avenue Haig has a clean, comfortable, large and double room. Special attention to food. Bus stop. Telephone 71163. 1600

Unfurnished Apartments

REASONABLE, for immediate occupation, four-roomed flat, small garden, in best part Concession. Rent $500 including taxes, telephone. No key-money. Telephone 71152, 8.30-10 a.m. 12.30-2. 1576

WINLING: Two roomed flat, telephone, kitchen, bath, September 1, "Asia Land," 778 Bubbling Well.

PETAIN: Luxurious three and four roomed apartment. Ferguson, Duplex; two 3 roomed apartments. "Asia Land," 778 Bubbling Well.

THREE and four roomed apartment, beautiful, best part Concession. General Investment Co., 233 Nanking Road, Room 122. 1598

TWO-ROOMED flat, closed verandah, small garden, telephone gas-stove. No key-money. Shanghai Realty Co. 1599

More Classified Ads. Overleaf